

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE INSTRUMENTAL REPORTS.

CHARACTER OF THE EARTHQUAKE.

- I = noticeable.
- II = conspicuous.
- III = strong.
- d = (terræ motus domesticus) = local earthquake (sensible or felt).
- v = (terræ motus vicinus) = near-by earthquake (within 1,000 km.)
- r = (terræ motus remotus) = distant earthquake (1,000 to 5,000 km. distant).
- u = (terræ motus ultimus) = very distant earthquake (beyond 5,000 km.).
- Δ = distance to epicenter.

PHASES.

- P = (undæ primæ) = first preliminary tremors.
- PR_n = P waves reflected *n* times at the earth's surface.
- S = (undæ secundæ) = second preliminary tremors.
- SR_n = S waves reflected *n* times at the earth's surface.
- PS = transformed waves; longitudinal (P) to transversal (S) or vice versa.
- L = (undæ longæ) = long waves in the principal portion.

M = (undæ maximæ) = greatest motion in the principal portion.

C = (coda) = trailers.

O = time at epicenter.

L_{repi} = Long waves reaching the station from the anti-epicenter (40,000 km. - Δ).

L_{repi} = long waves again reaching the station from the anti-epicenter (40,000 km + Δ).

F = (finis) = end of perceptible trace.

NATURE OF THE MOTION.

i = (impetus) = abrupt beginning.

e = (emersio) = gradual appearance.

T = period = twice the time of oscillation.

A = amplitude of the earth's movement, reckoned from the zero line.

E, N, or Z attached to a symbol signifies the E-W, the N-S, or the vertical component, respectively, thus:

A_E is the E-W component of A. } Measured in microns
 A_N is the N-S component of A. } (μ), 10¹⁰⁰ mm.
 A_Z is the vertical component of A }

INSTRUMENTAL CONSTANTS.

T = period of instrument.

V = magnification of instrument.

ε = damping ratio.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR JANUARY, 1917.

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[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Mar. 2, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, January, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917.	<i>H. M.</i>						<i>M. s.</i>			
Jan. 12	22 42	Fairmont.....	34 45	118 25	3	1				Wm. F. Lowe.
	22 42	Mojave.....	35 03	118 12	3	1				R. Kelsey.
	22 42	Neenach.....	34 47	118 37	3	1				J. Anderson.
19	13 20	Mt. Wilson.....	34 13	118 16	2	1		None.....	Recorded on float rain-gage.....	Wendell P. Hoge.
NEW YORK.										
26	19 37	Alexandria Bay.....	44 22	75 54	2	2				Douglas F. Manning.
	19 37	Canton.....	44 36	75 10	4	2			Caused pumping in barometers.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
	19 37	Galvriels.....	44 25	74 10	3	2	5	Rumbling.....	Shook buildings slightly.....	R. Shea.
	19 37	Harkness.....	44 31	73 34	4-5	1		Rumbling.....	Shook buildings.....	J. W. Harkness.
	19 37	Ogdensburg.....	44 42	75 30	4	1	2	None.....		D. C. Farley.
	19 37	Plattsburg.....	44 43	73 27	4	1			Rattled dishes.....	Press report.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1917.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.
 Lat. 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \{ & \\ F & 10 & 16 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 30	eP	2 51 56					Microseisms Jan. 7-9.
	S	2 57 16					
	eL	3 01					
	M _w	3 05 41	15		530		
	M _s	3 02 11	15	410			
	C	3 18					
	F	6 25					

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.
 Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \{ & \\ F & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 19.1 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 30	P	2 56 08					
	eS _w	3 04 32					
	eS _m	3 04 37					
	L	3 13 04					
	M _w	3 23 17	18	210			
	M _s	3 30 09	15		140		
	C _w	3 34					
	C _s	3 37					
	F	3 06					

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*
 Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.
 (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*
 Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.
 (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.
 Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.
 Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1917.		H m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 1				*300	*250		Tremors recorded during 24 hours ending 15 ^h on dates given.
4				*300	*400		
8				*100	*100		
10				*200	*200		
12				*400	*400		
18				*100	*100		
24				*150	*150		
25				*300	*400		

*Amplitude on instrument.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.
 Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.
 (See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College.* Earthquake Station.
 A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1917.		H m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 16	L _w	1 40					Thickening of pen-marks. Wavelets somewhat doubtful as to being seismic.
	F _w	4 30					
21							Activity at intervals during day. Some-what doubtful as to being seismic.
28	L _w	23 58					Activity at intervals from 2 ^h to 3 ^h 30 ^m on 29th.
29	F _w	0 01					
30	III _w	P	3 02				S _w ?
	S _w	3 07					
	L _w	3 07	40-50		*2000		
	L _w	3 08	35-45		*3000		
	M _w	3 12	20-30		*5000		
	M _w	3 18	30		*6000		
	C	3 20	15-20				
	F _w	3 35					
	F _w	3 36					
30	L	3 38	20				
	M	3 39			*1000		
	M	3 40	15		*4000		
	F _w	3 49					

*Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 26	e	19 39 30					Minute, very rapid tremors.
	F	19 40 20					
30	III _w	P	2 57 04			7,925	Good record, all phases distinct.
	S	3 06 20					
	L	3 13 04	22				
	L	3 14 16	24				
	L	3 18 08	30				
	L	3 33 00	20				
	L	3 35 00					
	L	3 35 00	18				
	F	3 45 00					
	F	6 30 00					
31	P?	4 19 23					Phases indistinct.
	S?	4 22 42					
	L	5 03 08	30				
	L	5 11 00					
	L	5 12 00	20				
	F	5 20 00					
	F	5 45 00					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _x			
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i> F. L. Tondorf, S. J.									
Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed diorite.									
Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.									
					V	T ₀	ε		
Instrumental constants:					E	165	5.4	0	
					N	143	5.2	0	
					Z	80	3.0	0	

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _x			
Kansas. <i>Lawrence. University of Kansas.</i> Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.									
Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.									
Instrument: Wiechert.									
					V	T ₀	ε		
Instrumental constants:					E	177	3.4	4.0	
					N	205	3.4	3.8	
(Report for January, 1917, not received.)									

1917.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						H. m. s.	Sec.	μ
Jan. 26		eP		19 39 29				Heavy microseisms present.
		S _m		19 39 32				
		F		19 40 17				
30		eP		2 57 02				Good record with much larger amplitudes obtained on Bosch-Omori instrument.
		S _m		3 06 22				
		S _w		3 06 25				
		eL		3 18 00				
		M _m		3 28 28	15	01		
		M _w		3 28 26	15	44		
		N _m		3 31 32	15	22		
		M _m		3 32 23	17	44		
		M _w		3 34 41	20	28		
		M _m		3 35 37	20	22		
		M _w		3 39 08	17	19		
		M _m		3 39 56	17	19		
		C		4 52 00				
		F		5 50 00				
		Vertical.				A _z		
		eP		2 66 68				S not discernible.
		L		5 21 01				
		M		5 30 49	17	16		
		M		5 37 68	20	8		
		F		5 49 63				
30								What appears to be a long wave is shown on the Bosch-Omori at 8 ^h 07 ^m 17 ^s and later.

1917.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
						H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	
Maryland. <i>Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.									
Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.									
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.									
					V	T ₀	ε		
Instrumental constants:					E	10	32		
					N	10	27		
1917.	Jan. 30	eP _m		2 50 55					
		eP _w		2 57 05					
		S		3 06 31					
		L		3 17 ..					
		M _m		3 26 49	20	103			
		M _w		3 31 10	24	215			
		C _m		3 44 ..					
		C _w		3 46 ..					
		F		4 56 ..					

Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.									
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.									
Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.									
					T ₀				
Instrumental constant:					18				

1917.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						H. m. s.	Sec.	μ
Jan. 4		eL		17 25 42				
		M		17 36 12	17	*400		
		C		17 39 24				
		F		17 46 42				
19		eL		23 28 00				
		M		23 32 06	20	*100		
		F		23 36 06				
20		P		23 35 42				
		eL		23 53 54				
21		M		0 19 06	18	*300		
		C		0 17 06				
		F		0 56 00				
26		eP		5 27 48				
		eL		5 30 54				
		M		5 36 30	21	*700		
		C		5 39 54				
		F		5 51 00				
An insect in the seismograph from Jan. 21 to Feb. 2 caused frequent oscillations of pendulum. The quake of Jan. 30 was recorded only in part, making time of phases too uncertain.								

* Trace amplitude.

Massachusetts. <i>Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.</i> J. B. Woodworth.									
Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.									
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).									
					V	T ₀	ε		
Instrumental constants:					E	80	23	0	
					N	50	25	4.1	

1917.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						H. m. s.	Sec.	μ
Jan. 26		O		19 36 02				Reported in eastern Canada. P begins with thickening of line followed by rapid jars of stylus coming during L about 3 per sec. Period of LL microseisms, hence doubt as to nature of record. Kamchatka? by inference.
		eP _m		19 36 56				
		L		19 37 41	3			
		C		19 38 59				
		F		19 39 18				
30		O		2 45 59				7,880
		P _m		2 46 54				
		P _w		2 57 02				
		S _w		3 06 10				
		S _m		3 06 16				
		eL _m		3 14 00				
		L _w		3 17 40	28			400
		M _w		3 29 36				
		F		7 ..				

Missouri. <i>Saint Louis. St. Louis University.</i> Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.									
Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.									
Instruments: Wiechert, 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.									
					V	T ₀	ε		
Instrumental constants:					80	7	5.1		

1917.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						H. m. s.	Sec.	μ
Jan. 30		Ill.		P		2 56 18		7,900
				S		3 05 06		
				L		3 16 00		
				F		5 28 00		

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		
New York. <i>Fordham. Fordham University.</i> Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.								
Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert, 50 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ & 72 & 6.6 & 1.5:1 \\ N & 72 & 7.1 & 3.8:1 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 30	eP	2 52 33					Dampener not in use on E-W.
	PR2N	2 57 00					
	S	3 01 51					
	L	3 17 21					
	MN	3 21 36	18.4		1,458		
	MN	3 21 36	16.2	2,736			
	F	4 17 21					
	FN	5 04 21					

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 30	PN	2 56 45	4-7				N-S stylus not recording.
	PN	2 56 50					
	SN	3 05 50					
	SN	3 05 56					
	LN	3 16 22					
	M	3 25 06	18	846	1,928		
	MN	3 27 28	18		1,428		
	MN	3 28 50	19		1,572		
	FN	7 56 00					

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ & 10 & 20 \end{cases}$

(No earthquake recorded during January, 1917.)

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 08' 48" N.; long., 65° 26' 54" W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ & 10 & 18 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 6	eLN	21 42 03					
	eLN	21 42 13					
	MN	21 42 28	12	40			
	MN	21 42 35	12		20		
	F	21 46					
30	eS	3 10					
	eLN	3 16 45					
	eLN	3 17 04					
	MN	3 38 00	18	60			
	MN	3 46 45	20		75		
	C	3 52					
	F	5 11					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		
Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Wm. A. Shaw.								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 26	e	19 36 38					Thickening of line.
	F	19 40 00					
30	eP	2 56 45				7,600	
	S	2 05 45					
	L	2 13 43					
	L	2 22 30		40			
	L	2 23 30					
	F	2 43 00		14-18			
	F	5 50 00					

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station.* Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ & 120 & 26 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Jan. 26	O	19 36 50				130	Local shock. Not severe. Some things rattled in places.
	PN	19 36 17					
	L	19 36 20					
	SN	19 36 37					
	SN	19 36 38					
	F	19 37 06					
30	O	2 45 47				7,440	Fine record.
	P	2 56 34	2				
	S	3 05 26					
	eLN	3 13 24	24-26				
	L	3 16 00		40			
	L	3 22 00		20			
	M	3 24 00		16	200	750	
	L	3 30 00		16			
	L	3 40 00		15			
	L	3 50 00		15			
	L	4 05 00		13			
	F	6 10 00					
31	iv	4 21 07					
	ov	4 21 20	2				
	eLN	5 04 00		36			
	L	5 10 00		24			
	L	5 14 00		22			
	L	5 20 00		20			
	L	5 20 00					
	F	5 45 00					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1917—Concluded.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z	A _w		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>Km.</i>	
Jan. 20	P?		23 55 42					Marked thicken-ings.
21	L		0 09 08					
	L		0 25 18					
	eL		0 35 30					
	M		0 37 30		*300			
	eL		0 59 54					
	M		1 05 12		*300			
	F?		1 37 06					
24	eL		1 46 00					Reported from Isle of Bali, Malay Archipelago. Loss of life.
	iL		1 48 30					
	M		1 49 48		*300			
	F		2 15 54					
26	eL		5 46 42					Marked thicken-ings. Distant earthquake.
	M		5 51 30		*300			
	eL		5 52 54					
	F		6 09 30					
30	e		2 48 18			7,490		Very large distur-bance, clear rec-ord. A decided marking at 2 ^h 48 ^m 18 ^s . can not say whether local or not, and a more decided one at 2 ^h 50 ^m 36 ^s . Very large vibra-tions 3 ^h 22 ^m 48 ^s to 3 ^h 28 ^m 18 ^s .
	P		2 56 36					
	P		2 58 48					
	S		3 05 30					
	iS		3 11 54					
	iS		3 14 06					
	iL		3 21 06					
	M		3 24 12		*35,000			
	L _{resp}		3 28 18					
	L		7 59 36					
	M		8 01 42		*500			
	F		8 27 48					
31	L		4 40 12		*50			
	F?		4 49 30					
31	P?		4 55 36					
	S?		5 02 48					
	L		5 11 54					
	eL		5 18 06					
	M		5 28 06		*300			
	F		6 05 12					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z	A _w		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instruments: Wiechert, vertical. Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>Km.</i>	
Jan. 20	P?		23 48 03					6,340?
	S?		23 55 57					
	M		0 18 46		*200			
21	F		0 50 00					
24	L?		1 36 42					*100
	M		1 41 09					
	F?		1 46 07					
26	P?		5 35 44					*100
	M		5 39 12					
	F		5 42 10					
30	P		2 53 13			5,280		P and S waves quite large.
	S		3 00 10					
	L		3 04 47					
	M		3 11 04		*25,000			
	L _{resp}		3 11 54					
	M		5 59 50					
	M		5 59 11		*600			
	F		7 51 14					
	Vertical.				<i>A_z</i>			
	P		2 53 00		3			
	S		3 00 00		9			
	L		3 04 18		18			
	M		3 07 00		30			
	M		3 08 00		30	†50		
	M		3 13 48		14	†20		
31	P		4 27 40					May be quake a-part from one following.
	M		4 29 28		*200			
	F		4 35 26					
31	P		4 46 21			5,820		May be from same region as large quake.
	S		4 53 47					
	L		4 56 46					
	M		5 04 12		*300			
	F?		5 25 31					

*Trace amplitude.

† True earth movement.

TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports. (Instrumental.)

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.

[J. B. Woodworth temporarily absent. Records interpreted by U. S. Weather Bureau.]

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instrument: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registra-tion).

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{N} & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$$

1916.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. A _N A _W	Dis-tance. Km.	Remarks.
July	8	ca.		9 51 39				
		L _m		10 02 15				
		F		10 50 00				
16		L _m		19 06 00	20			All phases indistinct.
		F		19 40 00				
17		P _m ?		10 38 10			4,350?	
		S _m ?		10 44 17				
		L _m ?		10 45 05				
		F		11 00 00				
22		ca?		6 25 50				
		L _m ?		6 33 09				
		F		6 50 00				
22		L _m		16 57 37				
		F		17 20 00				
28		P _m ?		17 44 22			2,730?	
		S _m		17 48 45				
		L _m ?		17 53 50				
		F		17 57 22	16			
Aug. 3		P _m		1 52 00			8,280	
		S _m		2 01 34				
		L _m		2 08 15				
		F		2 41 03				
3		ca.		14 04 20				
		L _m ?		14 08 55				
		F		14 20 00				
3		ca.		14 35 00				All phases indistinct.
		L		14 39 25				
		F		15 10 00				
6		ca.		20 00 08				
		L _m		20 02 36				
		F		20 30 00				
8		ca?		4 47 40				
		L _m		5 15 00	24			
		F		5 35 00				
18		P _m ?		1 20 45			6,075?	
		S _m ?		1 28 25				
		L _m ?		1 34 40				
		F		1 45 00				
25		P		9 54 53			7,130	P strongest on N-S.
		S		10 03 29				
		L _m		10 10 45	30			
		F		11 20 00				
26		L _m ?		11 10 05				
		F		11 30 00				
27		ca.		23 06 15				
		ca.		23 20 55				
		L _m		23 34 47	22			
		F		23 55 00				
28		P _m		6 57 50			4,775	
		S _m		7 04 20				
		L _m		7 23 10	24			
		L _m		7 36 10	20			
		L _m		7 42 30	14			
		F		7 45 45	16			
Sept. 3		S _m ?		7 43 12				
		L _m		7 49 24	16			
		L _m		8 12 10	28			
		L _m		8 25 00	16			
		F		9 20 00				
		F		9 20 00				
5		L _m		23 06 16	24			
		L _m		23 18 40	20			
		F		23 25 00				

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station—Continued.

1916.	Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. A _N A _W	Dis-tance. Km.	Remarks.
Sept. 11		P		6 50 06				
		S		7 00 07				
		L _m		7 14 02				
		F		8 30 00				
15		P _m		7 13 59			7,960?	
		S _m ?		7 23 17				
		L _m		7 36 48				
		F		7 54 50	24			
21		P _m		18 59 50			3,450	
		S _m		19 05 04				
		L		19 08 55	12			
		F		19 30 00				
21		P		19 52 20			3,320?	
		S _m ?		19 56 10				
		L _m		19 59 35				
		F		20 15 00				
23		P		5 49 52			3,840	
		S		5 55 30				
		L _m		5 59 20				
		F		6 02 50	20			
29		P _m ?		19 02 14			7,250	
		S _m ?		19 10 56				
		L _m ?		19 20 36				
		F		19 25 00	20			
Oct. 3		P		1 35 42			6,400	
		S		1 43 40				
		F		4 00 00				
3		P _m ?		4 59 00			4,150?	
		S _m ?		5 04 56				
		F		5 08 44				
11		S _m ?		11 15 38				
		L _m		11 25 14				
		F		11 40 00				
11		P _m ?		18 24 00			3,180	
		S _m		18 28 56				
		L _m		18 31 55				
		F		18 55				F in microseisms.
20		P _m ?		17 21 04			9,190?	
		S _m ?		17 31 24				
		L _m ?		17 38 00				
		F		17 57 00	14			
21		L _m		18 32 00				
		F		19 30 00				
		F		19 30 00				
31		P _m		15 42 58			8,475	
		S _m		15 52 42				
		L _m		16 01 30				
		F		16 15 52	28			
Nov. 10		P		9 20 30			4,225	
		S _m		9 26 30				
		L		9 30 42	16			
		F		10 00 00				
18		L _m		7 31 42				Phases masked by microseisms.
		F		7 45				
21								No record.
24		L _m		12 40 25				Record lost in microseisms.
30		P		3 23 19			3,030	
		S _m		3 27 04				
		L _m		3 27 14				
		F		3 30 13	14			
Dec. 4		L _m		17 34 13	16			F, S, and F in microseisms.
		L _m		17 42 30				
23		S _m ?		9 43 39				Other phases lost in microseisms.
		L _m		10 01 07	16			

TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports. (Instrumental)—Concluded.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z	A _m		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. . 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm.; swing of boom = 0.50".								
1916.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Dec. 2	e		12 49 36					P and S masked by microseisms. Distant quake.
	L		13 07 48					
	eL		13 10 42					
	M		13 18 54		*700			
	F?		14 47 18					
6	L?		22 47 30					Air currents going on.
7	L?		12 19 42		*100			Mixed up with air currents. F in air currents.
14	P?		17 04 42				8,325	Possibly air currents at beginning. Part of quake lost when light was turned down at 17 ^h 43 ^m to attend to instrument.
	ST		17 14 18					
	L		17 20 42					
	L		17 29 06					
	eL		17 30 06					
	eL		17 31 48					
	M		17 35 00		*500			
	eL		17 36 48					
23	IP		9 44 42				7,485	Marked disturbance. S waves prolonged.
	PR		9 47 36					
	S		9 53 36					
	eS		9 56 42					
	ST		10 01 12					
	IL		10 05 30					
	M		10 06 30		*700			
	eL		10 08 06					
	L		10 35 36					
	F		11 27 42					
26	e?		4 24 00					May be preceded by air currents.
	eL		4 40 30					F in air currents.
	M		4 42 18		*200			
26	e?		20 48 36					Distant quake. Gradual and marked swellings.
	e		20 52 30					
	L		21 18 24					
	eL		21 20 00					
	M		21 25 18		*300			
	L		21 42 36					
	F?		21 57 48					
27	e		22 33 18					Air currents masked early phases.
	L		22 43 12					
	eL		22 53 48					
	M		23 00 12		*300			F in air currents.

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Moodus, Conn. (belated dispatch) [Dec. 2, 1916].

Distinct earthquake shocks were felt here on December 2 between 4 and 5 o'clock a. m. Homes were shaken and dishes rattled. (Local observer.)

Knoxville, Tenn, January 2, 1917.

A seismic disturbance accompanied by a noise resembling a peal of thunder, in a wide area of which Mascot, Tenn., was the center, occurred at 4:30 this morning. The earthshock was of pronounced intensity and caused much alarm. No material damage. (Assoc. Press.)

[It has been found that this disturbance was due to a heavy dynamite explosion near McMillan, Tenn.]

Unionville, Humboldt County, Nev., January, 1917.

Mr. G. A. Bice reports the following: A very heavy quake at 11:30 a. m. and light ones at 5:40 p. m., 6:06 p. m., and 6:19 p. m. on December 24, 1916; light shocks at 7:05 a. m., 6 p. m., and 6:55 p. m., December 25; very heavy shocks at 9:40 a. m. and 10:50 p. m., December 26. Pacific time.

Montreal, Quebec, January 5, 1917.

Earthquake tremors were felt here late to-night, the section of the city affected being along the higher levels at the foot of the mountain. (Assoc. Press.)

Tokyo, Japan, January 6, 1917.

Three hundred persons have been killed and many injured in a disastrous earthquake in central Formosa, according to special dispatches from Taihoku, the capital of Formosa. It is estimated that 1,000 houses have been destroyed. The city of Nanto has been damaged extensively by fire. (Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z	A _m		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. . 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm.; swing of boom = 0.54".								
1916.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Dec. 2	L		12 51 13					
	M		12 58 16		*400			
	F		13 16 01					
5	P?		22 11 54					
	M		22 14 53		*100			
	F?		22 16 51					
6	L?		23 05 30		*50			Minute thickenings.
6	P?		22 41 37					
	L		22 42 37					
	M		22 43 07		*100			
	F		22 44 37					
7	L		12 20 12		*50			
	F		12 26 12					
14	P?		17 05 09				3,220	
	ST		17 10 07					
	L		17 12 35					
	M		17 18 33		*200			
	F		18 14 04					
23	P?		9 48 10				8,700?	
	ST		9 58 05					
	L?		10 06 01					
	M		10 15 56		*500			
	F		11 10 59					
26	L?		4 27 36					
	M		4 37 02		*200			P?
26	e		20 42 24					Some small movements before 20 ^h 42 ^m 24 ^s , but impossible to measure. Gradual marked swellings.
	L		20 54 24					
	M		21 45 24		*500			
	eL		21 11 06					
	F		21 17 48					
27	L		22 27 43					
	M		22 35 39		*500			
	F?		22 45 33					

* Trace amplitude.

London, January 25, 1917, 4:05 p. m.

Fifty natives were killed and 200 others were injured in an earthquake on the island of Bali, in the Malay Archipelago, according to a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Central News. More than 1,000 houses and factories and the native temples were destroyed. The governor's palace was seriously damaged. (Assoc. Press.)

Montreal, Quebec, January 26, 1917.

An earthquake shock which continued for 15 seconds rocked this district this afternoon. Buildings shook throughout the city, causing considerable alarm among office tenants in the business section, where high structures stand. (Assoc. Press.)

Ottawa, Ontario, January 26, 1917.

Earthquake tremors were recorded here for 4 seconds this afternoon. (Assoc. Press.)

Ogdensburg, N. Y., January 26, 1917.

Slight earth tremors lasting 2 seconds were felt here at 2:34 p. m. to-day. (Assoc. Press.)

Redding, Cal., January 27, 1917.

Lassen Peak has erupted with tremendous force, following a series of violent internal explosions, according to reports telephoned here from Macomber Flat. A stream of heavy black smoke 20 miles long poured out within half an hour, indicating that a greater crater on the mountain top had been blasted open. (Assoc. Press.)

The Dutch S. S. *Tykenbang*—Nagasaki toward Hongkong—reports that on Oct. 18, 1916, at 21^m 16^m G. M. T., latitude 29° 29' N., longitude 125° 11' E., in 45 fathoms of water, a subdued blow was heard, after which the ship began to shake as if it would break in two. One blade of the propeller was broken but no scratch could be found on the hull. (Abstract from report to U. S. Hydrographic Office.) [Perhaps due to breaking of propeller.—Editor.]

CORRIGENDUM.

Instrumental report, Sacred Heart College, MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW, October, 1916: Page 591, date should be 1916.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR FEBRUARY, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in charge.

[Date: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., April 3, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, February, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
1917. Feb. 1	H. m. 5 18 15 28	CALIFORNIA.								
		Santa Maria.....	34 58	120 28	4	2	M. s. 10	None.....		R. E. Coitum.
		San Jose.....	37 20	121 54	3	1	2	None.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.
6	17 46	MINNESOTA.								
		Red Lake.....	47 55	95 00	4	1	1 0	Rumbling.....		A. C. Goddard.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, February, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.]

[For significance of symbols see Review for January, 1917, p. 26.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _W	A _N		

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.

Lat. 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 00" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 16.7 \\ N & 10 & 15.4 \end{matrix}$

1917. Feb. 20		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	eP _N ...	19 47 02	10				Preliminary phases uncertain. Times are more reliable for N-S. Drift motion on E-W appears irregular.
	eP _S ...	19 48 00					
	L _N ...	19 58 35	27				
	L _S ...	19 59 28	18		3350		
	M _N ...	20 01 50	16				
	M _S ...	20 02 17	14	760			
	C _N ...	20 04 25	12				
	C _S ...	20 05 17	10				
	F _N ...	20 46 00					
	F _S ...	20 51 00					

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat. 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 19.1 \end{matrix}$

1917. Feb. 20		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	eP _N ...	19 38 10	4				
	eP _S ...	19 38 13	4				
	S _N ...	19 43 00	8				
	S _S ...	19 43 30	8				
	L _N ...	19 50 12	13				
	L _S ...	19 50 20	10				
	M _N ...	19 51 30	14		320		
	M _S ...	19 55 10	10	190			
	C _N ...	19 58 00	10				
	C _S ...	19 59 00	8				
	F _N ...	20 38 00	10				
	F _S ...	20 44 00	8				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _W	A _N		

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 43' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1917. Feb. 3		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
				*300	*300		Tremors recorded during 24 hours preceding 15 ^h on dates given.
16				*150	*300		
27				*200	*400		

* Trace amplitude.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 20' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 63" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, February, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forsiall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants.....

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 1			19 39					Wavelets, thickening of penmarks, especially on N-S.
			19 48					
1			23 52					Small irregular waves on N-S.
			23 59					
2			1 20					Recurrence of small irregular waves on N-S.
			1 23					
3			6 30					Wavelets, thickening of penmarks, especially on N-S.
			2 20					
5			1 00					Distinct but very irregular waves on N-S.
			1 32					
9-10								Activity at intervals during day on both components.
20	III.	P.	19 38					Good record, but S can not be identified to a certainty.
		L _N	19 47	15-20				
		M _N	19 47	20	*9050			
		L _S	19 49	15-20				
		M _S	19 50	20	*8500			
		C _N	19 55					
		C _S	19 56					
		F.	20 28					

* Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants... 110 6.4

1917.			M. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 12		eL	10 05 40	20				Record does not show on N-S.
		L	10 13 40	16				
		F	10 30 00					
15	I.	P.	0 59 36				7,640	Amplitudes very large; pens went off sheet occasionally. From 19° 40' to 19° 40' amplitudes of from 4-8 cm.
		S.	1 08 38					
		L	1 16 12	14				
		L	1 18 04	20				
		L	1 30 24	20				
		F.	2 00 00					F merges in succeeding quake.
20	III.	iP.	19 34 09				2,210	Amplitude of 5 ^m from 21 ^h 4 ^m to 21 ^h 8 ^m .
		S.	19 37 50					
		L	19 54 00	14				
		F.	21 00 00					
			21 35 00					F in end of preceding quake.
20	I.	PP	20 57 45				2,110?	
		SY	21 01 18					
		FY	21 20					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _S	A _N		

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 15		P.	0 59 30					Microseisms present. S possibly 10-15 seconds sooner. No distinct maximum.
		S _N	1 09 02					
		S _S	1 09 03					
		eL	1 24 08					
		F.	1 54 00					
20		P _N	19 34 15					Time markings poor because of intensity of quake; hence possible error of 2-3 seconds. Good record with large amplitudes also obtained on Bosch-Omori machine. F last in second quake.
		iP _N	19 34 17					
		S _N	19 37 52					
		S _S	19 38 06					
		eL	19 38 34					
		M _N	19 40 22	8	*98,000			
		M _S	19 40 22	7	*49,000			
20		M _S	19 41 08	13	*130,000			F in second quake. e and S doubtful because confused with preceding quake.
		iP.	19 34 15					
		S.	19 37 54					
		eL	19 58 58					
		M	19 41 21	8	*14,000			
		M	19 45 00	8	*11,000			
		FP	20 57 00					
20		en?	20 58 00					e and S doubtful because confused with preceding quake.
		en?	20 58 06					
		S.	21 04 07					
		eL	21 07 28					
		F.	21 21 00					
		c.	20 58 32					Phases confused with preceding quake.
		L.	21 07 14					
		F.	21 15 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.*

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 155° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant... 18.6

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 4		L	11 06 30					
		M	11 08 00		*100			
		F	11 19 00					
5		L	12 49 48					
		M	12 56 00		*200			
		F	13 10 00					
10		L	17 28 00					
		M	17 29 24		*100			
		F	17 31 00					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, February, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _μ	A _N		
1917. Feb. 12	P		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	S		9 13 12					
	L		9 20 54					
	M		9 27 48	25				
	C		9 32 12		*2,500			
	F		9 34 42					
	F		11 24 00					
	L		23 24 00					
	M		23 27 12		*200			
	F		23 32 06					
	P		1 07 00					Tremors in end portion from 2 ^h 32 ^m to 2 ^h 48 ^m , may be a seismic tremor.
	S		1 20 48					
	L		1 33 30	25				
	M		1 38 50		*1,500			
	C		1 44 18					
F		3 22 00						
L		1 44 00						
M		1 45 48		*100				
F		1 50 00						
L		1 56 12						
M		2 04 00		*100				
F		2 20 00						
L		3 32 12						
M		3 37 54		*200				
F		3 42 00						
P		19 51 30						
L		20 04 30	30					
M		20 17 54		*100				
C		20 28 48						
F		22 24 00						
P		10 14 00						
L		10 26 30	24					
M		10 31 30		*300				
C		10 35 24						
F		10 48 30						
L		14 26 18						
M		14 30 06		*300				
F		14 43 00						
P		9 36 30						
S		9 44 00						
L		9 56 42	24					
M		10 01 24		*500				
C		10 05 18						
F		11 15 00						
P		5 41 24	21					
L		6 00 30						
M		6 03 18		*400				
M		6 27 00		*400				
M		6 32 42		*400				
C		6 35 00						
F		6 56 00						
L		9 20 30						
M		9 22 48		*100				
F		9 34 00						

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 177 & 3.4 & 4.1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4.1 \end{cases}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
1917. Feb. 20	P		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
	S		19 39 32	4-5			
	L _W		19 42 51				
	L _N		19 43 10				
	M _N		19 44 07	10-15		133	
	M _W		19 44 12	10-15	97		
	F		21 16 00				

Amplitude of P waves about 15 sec. later, 25 to 30 μ.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _μ	A _N		

Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 32 \\ N & 10 & 27 \end{cases}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
1917. Feb. 15	eL _N		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
	M _N		1 21 30	22			
	C _N		1 30 46	20		10	
	C _N		1 36 00				
	P _N		19 31 10	3			
	P _N		19 34 13	3			
	S _N		19 37 59	4			
	S _N		19 37 53	4			
	L _N		19 40 11	18			
	eL _N		19 40 51	16			
	M _N		19 41 46	14	3,180		
	M _N		19 42 39	14		1,300	
	C _N		19 46 00	12			
	C _N		19 48 00	8			
	F _N		20 41 00	12			
F _N		20 47 00	12				

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station, J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4.1 \end{cases}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
1917. Feb. 15	O		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
	eL _N		0 49 54				6,950?
	eL _N		1 00 01				
	eL _N		1 00 34				
	S _N		1 08 20				
	S _N		1 09 29				
	eL _N		1 17 53	22			
	eL _N		1 20 54	10			
	eL _N		1 23 21				
	eL _N		1 31 32	20			
	O _N		19 27 54				2,690
	O _N		19 28 10				
	eL _N		19 34 37				
	L _N		19 34 53				
	S _N		19 38 57				
S _N		19 39 15					
eL _N		19 42 —					
eL _N		19 43 26					

P and S do not agree well with Ottawa and Georgetown.

N-Record preferred, as there is doubt about setting of stylus on E-W.

Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 7 & 5.1 \end{cases}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
1917. Feb. 20	III		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
	P		19 34 42				2,400
	S		19 38 36				
	L		19 39 36				
	F		20 57 00				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, February, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College.* John A. Curtin, S. J.

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 53' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg., horizontal.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{\epsilon}{5.1}$

(Report for February, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Fordham. Fordham University.* Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{72} \frac{\epsilon}{7.2} \frac{\epsilon}{1.5:1}$

(Report for February, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{13} \frac{\epsilon}{14} \frac{\epsilon}{25} \frac{\epsilon}{4:1}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 20	P	19 35 13	4				E-W pen went off drum.
	S _N	19 39 23	8				
	S _S	19 39 24	7-14				
	M _N	19 44 12	13	*57000			
	M _S	19 44 12	12		*21000		
	F _N	20 13 00					
	F _S	20 20 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{\epsilon}{20}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 5	P _N	6 09 14					Direction SW. or NE.
	P _S	6 09 16					
	L _N	6 09 40					
	L _S	6 09 42					
	M _N	6 09 42		400			
	M _S	6 09 50			380		
	F _N	6 14 26					
	F _S	6 14 28					
20	P _N	19 32 14				1,680	Direction unknown.
	P _S	19 32 19					
	S _N	19 34 10					
	S _S	19 35 14					
	L _N	19 36 43					
	L _S	19 37 02		4,500			
	M _N	19 37 31					
	M _S	19 37 48			3,900		
	F _N	20 15 00					
	F _S	20 18 00					
26	P	3 57 54				315	No record on N-S, clock stopped.
	L	3 58 28					
	M	3 58 30		240			
	F	4 03 06					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{\epsilon}{17.5}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 9	P	7 15 16	3				Local shock, not felt.
	M	7 15 30	3	20	20		
	F _N	7 17 00					
	F _S	7 18 30					
12	e _N	20 06 28	2				
	e _S	20 06 31	2				
	M	20 06 41	2	40	30		
	F	20 10 00					
15	e	0 57 00					
	M _N	1 18 00	20	10			
	M _S	1 19 30	20		20		
	F _N	1 32 00					
	F _S	1 38 00					
	F						
20	F _N	20 32 35	7				The stylus of N-S went off the sheet at 20° 39' 40" and did not free itself until 20° 50' 30". Amplitude to edge of paper, 6,500 μ .
	P _N	20 32 40	8				
	L _N	20 35 25	17				
	L _S	20 35 29	20				
	M _N	20 38 40	18	3,380			
	C _N	20 42 00	13				
	F _N	22 35 00					
	F _S	22 45 00					

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.* Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{\epsilon}{15}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 15	e?	0 50 30					
	S?	1 06 27					
	F	1 20 00					
20	H _r	P	19 35 06			2,060	
		S	19 39 46				
		L	19 43 20	20			
		M _N	19 45 00		2900		
		M _S	19 45 30			1900	
		F	21 10 00				
		F					

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory.* Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants: $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{120} \frac{\epsilon}{26}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 12	e?	9 38 20					Strong microseisms mask phases on N-S.
	eL _S	10 00 00	20				
	eL _N	10 05 00	20				
	L _N	10 13 00	20				
	L _S	10 17 00	18				
	F						
15	O	0 48 53				8,420	
	P	1 00 16	4				
	S _N	1 09 57					
	S _S	1 09 58					
	eL	1 22 00	30				
	L	1 26 00	30				
	L	1 32 00	20				
	L	1 37 00	17				
	L	1 50 00	15				
	F	2 15 00					
	F						

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR MARCH, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., May 1, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, March, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
3	H. m. 16 00	Table Bluff.....	40 39	124 15	6	1	M. 11	None.....	Broke mantle in lighthouse tower.	A. F. Pettiers.
13	15 15	Salinas.....	36 36	122 40	3	1		None.....		Dr. E. D. Eddy
18	12 30	Lone Pine.....	36 37	118 01	4	1		None.....		G. F. Marsh.
19	8 50	Lone Pine.....	36 37	118 01	4	1		None.....	Windows rattled.	Do.
21	17 10	Bishop.....	37 22	118 24	4	1	25	Rumbling.....		E. L. Herzinger.
20	8 06	Fillmore.....	34 23	118 54	4	1			People awakened.	Press report.
20	12 59	Stanford University.....	37 27	122 09	3	1	2	None.....		Lucile Townley.
NEVADA.										
28	11 13	Rebel Creek.....	41 39	117 45	2-4	1	2	None.....	Buildings shaken.	F. Whitaker.
	11 13	Winnemucca.....	40 58	117 43	3	1	3	None.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.
TENNESSEE.										
5	3 07	Knoxville.....	35 56	83 58	3	1				Press report.
25	22 15	Jefferson City.....	36 08	83 30	3	1				C. C. Maddox.
	22 15	Talbot.....	36 08	83 34	3	1	2	Rumbling.....		M. A. Roberts.
26	13 50	Talbot.....	36 08	83 34	3	1	2	do.....		Do.
27	21 00	Jefferson City.....	36 08	83 30	5	1			Shook buildings.	C. C. Maddox.
TEXAS.										
28	19 56	Panhandle.....	35 20	101 20	6	2	20	Rumbling.....	Caused considerable alarm.	G. F. L. Bishop.
	19 56	do.....	35 20	101 20	6	2	8	do.....	Plaster cracked.	J. Sid O'Keefe.
WASHINGTON.										
28	17 05	Ashford.....	46 48	121 56	5	2	2	Rumbling.....	Shook buildings.	J. B. Flett.
WYOMING.										
10	14 34	Rawlins.....	41 47	107 15	4	2	20	Rumbling.....	Some ran out of houses.	C. J. Ehrenfeld.
	14 34	Rock River.....	41 34	105 59	2	1		do.....		M. W. Gordon.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, March, 1917.

Alaska. Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.

Lat. 57° 03' 00" N.; long. 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} \sqrt{E} & \sqrt{T} \\ 10 & 16 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

Arizona. Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} \sqrt{E} & \sqrt{T} \\ 10 & 13.9 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 19.1 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _μ	A _π		
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 6	eP _μ		2 13 26					P and S confused by microseisms. Only a few long waves certain on E-W.
	S _μ ?		2 22 44	8				
	S _π ?		2 22 46					
	L _μ		2 34 16	18				
	L _π		2 35 14					
	M _μ		2 36 02	13	10			
	M _π		2 39 22	13		40		
	F _μ		2 41 ..					
	F _π		2 54 ..					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.			Distance.	Remarks.
					A _μ	A _π	μ		
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.		
Mar. 6		P	3 11 10	4					
		S _μ	3 15 23	6					
		S _π	3 15 23	7					
		L _μ	3 18 36						
		L _π	3 18 42	15					
		M _μ	3 19 30	13	730				
		M _π	3 20 50	15		230			
		C	3 23 ..	11					
		F	3 59 ..						
26		Op	14 04 09	4					
		Op	14 04 16	3					
		M _μ	14 05 04	8	80				
		M _π	14 05 20	7		20			
		F _μ	14 13 ..						
26		Op	14 28 47	3					
		Op	14 28 58	2					
		M _μ	14 29 54	6		10			
		M _π	14 29 56	8	20				
		F _μ	14 35 ..						
		F _π	14 40 ..						

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, March, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

California. Berkeley. University of California.

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 2				*250	*300		Tremors recorded during 24 hours preceding 15 ^h on dates given.
9				*400	*400		
20				*200	*250		
22				*200	*300		
24				*400	*400		
25				*100	*100		
26				*300	*400		
27				*200	*200		
28				*300	*400		
29				*100	*200		
30				*100	*100		
31				*200	*400		

* Amplitude on instrument.

California. Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 28' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 77.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.

A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 58' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 30 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 5-6							Evident activity at intervals during day, especially on N-S.
6	L _w	3 16					Quite discernible but phases obscure. Hardly any record on E-W.
	M _w	3 17	4-8		*500		
	F _w	3 19					
6	L	3 22			*500		Clearer and stronger than preceding. Probably new quake. No preliminaries can be seen.
	M _w	3 23	4-8				
	M _w	3 23	10		*750		
	F _w	3 26					
30	L _w	22 22					Wavelets and thickening of penmarks. Maximum rather doubtful.
	M _w	22 26					
	F _w	22 35					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

District of Columbia. Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvinia (vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants: $V \frac{\%}{\mu}$ 110 6.4

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 3	L	P _w ?	10 19 51			3,810?	
		S?	10 25 27				
		L	10 30 20	20			
		F	11 00 00				
6	L	P _w ?	3 12 17			3,515?	All phases masked by microseisms. F lost in microseisms.
		S	3 17 35				
		L	3 23 50	15			
15		S?	0 54 12				Phases indeterminate; small amplitude.
		eL	1 01 27				
		L	1 05 08	16			
		L	1 08 00	20			
		L	1 13 30	20			
		L	1 18 40	16			
26	L	P	14 12 21			2,510	F in succeeding quake.
		S	14 16 27				
		L	14 19 00				
26	L	P?	14 37 30			2,330?	
		S	14 41 21				
		L?	14 44 40				
		F	14 55 00				
29	L	P	2 08 05			6,240	
		PR?	2 11 11				
		S	2 15 54				
		L	2 24 52	20			
		F	2 40 00				

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.

F. A. Tondori, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed dolomite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: $V \frac{\%}{\mu}$ 105 5.4 0
N 143 5.2 0
Z 80 5.0 0

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 3		e	10 23 26				Grim very doubtful because of microseisms, especially on E-W.
		S _w ?	10 26 12				
		S _w ?	10 29 32				
		L _w	10 34 12				
		L _w	10 34 15				
		F	10 37 00				
6		e?	3 12 24				Heavy microseisms present.
		S _w ?	3 18 45				
		S _w ?	3 18 49				
		eL _w	3 26 20				
		eL _w	3 26 28				
14							Very heavy thickening of tracing from 23 ^h 24 ^m to 23 ^h 39 ^m . Quite certain of seismic origin. Phases not discernible.
15		e	1 01 21				
		eL	1 12 03				Heavy microseisms present. Phases difficult to discern.
		F	1 22 00				
26		e _w	14 12 20				
		S	14 16 46				
		L _w	14 19 32				
		L _w	14 19 40				
26		e	14 36 42				Phases difficult to discern; microseism present.
		S _w	14 41 22				
		S _w	14 41 30				
		F	15 00 00				
29		e	2 08 23				Microseisms present. E-W very difficult. All phases doubtful.
		S?	2 11 23				
		eL?	2 16 23				
		F	2 36 —				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, March, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{\epsilon}{27}$
18.5

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 1	e.	5 40 24					
	M.	5 43 18		*100			
	F.	5 50 00					
3	e.	10 52 12					
	M.	10 54 06		*100			
	F.	10 55 24					
4	e.	6 20 12					
	M.	6 23 48		*100			
	F.	6 37 12					
6	eS?	3 17 00					No distinct phases; resembles air tremors.
	L.	3 25 00		*50			
	F.	4 05 00					
15	P.	9 23 54					Actual maximum at 9° 32' 12" (41300) probably caused by observer entering room to observe time break.
	S?	9 31 18					
	L?	9 44 36					
	M.	9 49 06		*800			
	C.	1 05 24					
	F.	1 54 00					
16	e.	12 04 12					
	M.	12 09 12		*100			
	F.	12 14 00					
21	e.	8 16 24					
	M.	8 20 24		*100			
	F.	8 23 06					
26	e.	14 22 54					
	M.	14 23 24		*100			
	F.	14 27 42					
28	P?	5 20 12					
	S?	5 25 36					
	L?	5 30 12					
	M.	5 33 18		*200			
	C.	5 35 24					
	F.	5 43 —					
29	P?	2 20 12					P and S doubtful; may be artificial disturbance.
	S?	2 27 42					
	L.	2 42 18					
	M.	2 45 00		*200			
	C.	2 47 42					
	F.	2 57 —					

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas.* Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{177} \frac{\epsilon}{3.4} \frac{\epsilon}{4.1}$
(N 205 3.4 4.1)

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 6	iP.	3 11 17		2	4		P and S unusually prominent.
	iS.	3 15 39		6	11		
	eL?	3 20 37					
	M.	3 24 50		2			
	M.	3 26 17	8-10		2		
26	P.	14 05 02					S indeterminate.
	L.	14 10 27					
	M.	14 11 33			4		
	M.	14 11 42		4			
	F.	14 28 00					
26	P.	14 29 43					S indeterminate.
	L.	14 35 02					
	L.	14 35 03					
	M.	14 35 18			3		
	M.	14 36 16		2			
28	L?	19 55 24				Isolated phase.	
28	P.	19 56 11					
	L.	19 56 44					
	M.	19 57 02		2	2		
	F.	20 02 —					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{\epsilon}{32}$
(N 10 27)

1917		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 6	P.	3 12 25		4			Phases obscured by microseismic tremors.
	S.	3 17 09		6			
	S.	3 17 54					
	L.	3 23 37		13			
	L.	3 24 20		15			
	M.	3 27 34		12	40		
	M.	3 27 55		10	15		
	C.	3 31 —		10			
	F.	3 41 —					
	F.	3 53 —					
26	e.	14 17 05		4			Barely perceptible.
	e.	14 17 37		4			
	F.	14 24 —					

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.* J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.3 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{80} \frac{\epsilon}{23} \frac{\epsilon}{0}$
(N 50 25 4)

1917		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.			
Mar. 3	O?	10 15 58				2,930	Distance from N-S=2,880 km. N-SO=10° 13=47°.		
	eP?	10 19 38							
	eP?	10 19 42		2					
	S.	10 24 16		6					
	S?	10 24 42							
	eL.	10 27 16		20					
	L.	10 28 00							
	L.	10 28 34		14					
	L.	10 31 06		12					
	C.	10 33 14		10					
	F.	11 18 —							
	6	O.	3 05 19					3,680	Masked by microseisms of 4.8 seconds period. N-S record illegible.
		P?	3 12 13						
		S.	3 17 41						
		eL.	3 22 02		20				
L.		3 25 43		12					
15	P?	4 01 —					O? P and S lost in tangled lines of diurnal waves. Maximum weak. N-S too faint.		
	eL.	1 01 43		14					
	L.	1 05 37		20					
	M.	1 09 10		18					
	F.	1 24 —							
26	e.	14 19 30		3			O?		
	e.	14 19 40		4					
	L?	14 20 37		10					
	L.	14 22 30		10					
	L?	14 23 21		6					
	L?	14 29 11		6					
	L.	14 32 14		6					
	F?	14 40 —							
26	L?	14 44 44	13-10						
	F.	14 51 —							
29	eP?	2 17 53		6			Not recognizable on N-S.		
	eL.	2 20 11		24					
	L.	2 28 04		20					
	L.	2 48 59		10					
	F?	3 00 00							
	F?	3 00 00							

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, March, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observa-
tory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.*

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet
of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{80} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{e}{5.1}$

1917.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis- tance.	Remarks.
			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 6	II.	P	3 11 13				2,100
		S	3 14 48				
		L	3 15 36				
		F	3 41 00				
26							Two quakes regis- tered between 14 ^h and 15 ^h . Times wanting owing to contacts not work- ing.

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College. John A. Curtin, S. J.*

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. horizontal.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{80} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{e}{5.1}$

(Report for March, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Fordham. Fordham University. Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.*

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{72} \frac{T_0}{7.1} \frac{e}{3.8:1}$

(Report for March, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.*

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{13} \frac{T_0}{22} \frac{e}{4:1}$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{14} \frac{T_0}{25} \frac{e}{4:1}$

1917.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis- tance.	Remarks.
			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 3		e _m	10 27 43		5		
		e _w	10 27 46		4		
		L _m	10 29 48		20		
		L _w	10 29 57		16		
		F _m	10 43				
		F _w	10 49				
15		eL _m	1 06 59		22		
		eL _w	1 08 13		20		
		F _m	1 28 00				
		F _w	1 38 00				

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights. Isthmian Canal Commission.*

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{20}$

1917.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis- tance.	Remarks.
			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 6		P _m	3 09 10				Direction?
		P _w	3 09 44				
		S _m	3 10 26				
		S _w	3 10 48				
		L _m	3 12 50				
		L _w	3 12 57			100	
		M _m	3 13 04				
		M _w	3 13 06			50	
		F _m	3 36 12				
		F _w	3 43 02				
13		P _m	9 45 02				185 Direction?
		P _w	9 45 04				
		S _m	9 45 32				
		L _m	9 45 34				
		M _m	9 45 34			100	
		M _w	9 45 36				
		F _m	9 47 01				
		F _w	9 47 12				
20		P _m	2 05 00				1,225 Direction?
		P _w	2 05 01				
		L _m	2 07 29				
		M _m	2 07 49			20	
		L _w	2 09 04				
		M _w	2 09 44			160	
		F _m	2 23 04				

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic
Survey. F. L. Adams.*

Lat., 18° 08' 48" N.; long., 65° 26' 54" W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{17.5}$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{18}$

1917.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis- tance.	Remarks.
			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 6		P _m	3 12 36		5		Initial phases ob- scured by wind tremors.
		L _m	3 20 24		14		
		M _m	3 20 34		19		
		M _w	3 23 58		16	30	
		M _m	3 24 26		16	20	
		F	4 13				
29		P _m	2 07 05		8		Initial phases ob- scured by wind tremors. Barely perceptible on E-W.
		S _w	2 11 50		9		
		L _w	2 16 00		20		
		M _w	2 21 30		15	30	
		F	2 51		13		

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.*

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{15}$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{16}$

1917.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis- tance.	Remarks.
			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 6		S?	3 19 24				Very feeble record. F lost during changing of sheets.
		L	3 27 16		22		
15		L _m	1 07 00			20	Other phases indis- tinguishable.
		F	1 20 00				
20		e	14 19 18				
		F	14 30 00				
26		e	14 44 00				
		F	14 52 00				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, March, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80kg. vertical seismograph.								
$\frac{V}{T}$ Instrumental constants.. 120 26								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Mar. 3		O	10 14 23				2,840	
		P _w	10 20 03					
		P _s	10 20 04					
		S _w	10 24 32					
		S _s	10 24 37					
		eL	10 27 18	20				
		L	10 31 03	14				
		L	10 40 00	10				
		F	11 10 00					
6		O	3 05 18				4,000	Distance approxi- mate. Seismo- graph clock stopped. Record from deformation instrument where 17 mm. = 1 hour.
		F	3 12 36					
		S	3 18 28					
		L	3 22 18					
		F	4 20 ..					
15		P _w	0 41 14				7,100 ¹	
		P _s	0 41 16					
		S _w	0 49 50					
		S _s	0 49 51					
		L	1 02 00	20				
		L	1 06 00	20				
		L	1 11 00	19				
		F	1 30 00					
26		e	14 18 14					
		L	14 18 34					
		eL _w	14 19 37	8				
		L _w	14 23 00	8				
		F	14 35 00					
26		e _w	14 42 48					
		L _w	14 43 07					
		S _w	14 43 08					
		eL _w	14 44 09	8				
		L _w	14 46 00	8				
		F	14 57 ..					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.
 Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.
 Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North: in the meridian.
 $\frac{V}{T}$
 Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50".

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Mar. 3		eL	10 26 54					P and S not recorded.
		L	10 29 54					
		M	10 32 06					
		M	10 34 30		*800			
		F	10 44 30					
6		e	3 16 00					
		L	3 25 18					
		M	3 26 18		*1200			
		F	4 44 48					
15		iP	0 37 30		*200			Movements gradu- ally increased from first L to M.
		S	0 49 48					
		eL	0 59 18					
		M	1 11 48		*800			
		L	1 34 12					
		L	2 18 42					
		L	2 20 54					
		F	2 25 00					
16		eL	10 42 00					Gradual thickening.
		M	10 44 48		*200			
		F	10 50 36					
26		L	14 17 24		*200			
		F	14 27 00					
29		P	2 21 00					
		S	2 25 42					
		L	2 27 24					
		L	2 30 18					
		M	2 31 18		*300			
		F	2 59 36					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instruments: Wiechert, vertical. Milne horizontal pendulum, North: in the meridian.								
$\frac{V}{T}$ Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.54".								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Mar. 3		L	10 25 06					
		F	10 42 27		*200			
		F	10 53 52					
6		P?	3 19 42					F uncertain.
		S?	3 23 10					
		L	3 27 38					
		M	3 33 05		*1500			
VERTICAL								
		P	3 14 09			A _z		S?
		L	3 25 00		7-8			
		M	3 33 00		11	60		
		F	3 48 50					
15		L	0 32 43					
		M	0 59 00		*200			
		F	1 36 42					
16		M?	10 57 34					May be M part of long-distance quake.
26		P?	14 10 37					
		L	14 13 30					
		M	14 15 38		*400			
		F	14 21 52					
29		P?	2 33 27					
		S?	2 35 56					
		L	2 39 59					
		M	2 41 33		*500			
		F	2 57 45					

* Trace amplitude. A_z—true earth movement in μ .

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Knoxville, Tenn., March 5, 1917.

A shock was felt here last evening (Mar. 4) at 9:07 o'clock. This is the second seismic disturbance felt in Knoxville and vicinity within the past 10 days. No damage resulted from the slight quake of Sunday evening. (Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR APRIL, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., June 2, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Non-instrumental earthquake reports, April, 1917.

Date.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
ARKANSAS.										
1917.	H. m.	Black Rock.....	36 06	91 04	3	1	M. 10	.....	Windows trembled	S. J. Howe.
Apr. 9	20 52	Corning.....	36 23	90 33	4-5	1	5	Rumbling...	Shook buildings.	J. N. Crutchfield.
		Hardy.....	36 19	91 22	3	2	60	None.....	.....	A. A. Caywood.
		Marked Tree.....	35 32	90 22	4-5	1	.....	do.....	Furniture moved.	A. R. Shearon.
		Osceola.....	35 43	89 54	4	1	30	do.....	.....	A. P. Smith.
		Paragould.....	36 05	90 25	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	A. B. Snowden.
		Piggott.....	36 22	90 10	3	1	30	.....	.....	J. C. Latta.
		Pocahontas.....	36 15	90 55	2	1	60	.....	.....	Benedictine Sisters.
		St. Francis.....	36 26	90 06	3-4	1	30	None.....	Hanging lamps swayed.	J. A. Reed.
CALIFORNIA.										
2	9 00	Berkeley.....	37 52	122 16	3-4	1	1	Rumbling...	.....	E. F. Davis.
13	4 03	Nordhoff.....	34 35	119 14	5	1	2	None.....	Concrete tower cracked.	W. H. Duncan.
		Oxnard.....	34 12	119 08	5	3	.....	do.....	Dishes rattled.	Press report.
		Santa Barbara.....	34 23	119 40	6	1	.....	.....	Most severe in recent years.	Do.
		Ventura.....	34 17	119 17	4	2	.....	.....	.....	Do.
13	12 30	Cedarville.....	41 32	120 08	2-3	1	60	Faint.....	.....	T. H. Johnstone Co.
16	0 00	Cedarville.....	41 32	120 08	3	1	.....	.....	.....	Do.
18	23 43	Calaxico.....	32 41	115 30	3	2	5	Rumbling...	.....	C. N. Perry.
21	6 59	Santa Barbara.....	34 23	119 40	4	2	.....	.....	.....	Press report.
		Ventura.....	34 17	119 17	4	1	.....	.....	Awakened people.	Do.
IDAHO.										
20	4 30	Pierson.....	44 03	114 48	5	3	60	Rumbling...	.....	E. E. Lanning.
ILLINOIS.										
9	20 52	Alton.....	38 54	90 12	5	2	.....	None.....	.....	Mildred Brown.
		Anna.....	37 27	89 18	4	2	9	Rumbling...	.....	J. I. Hale.
		Carlo.....	37 00	89 10	4	2	14	None.....	.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Carbondale.....	37 45	89 14	4	2	25	do.....	Windows rattled.	Prof. F. H. Colver.
		Carlinville.....	39 17	89 53	5	2	30	do.....	Radiators swayed.	Dr. J. D. Conley.
		Cartersville.....	37 46	89 05	3	2	30	do.....	.....	J. J. West.
		Chester.....	37 55	89 50	5	1	15	Rumbling...	Buildings trembled.	F. C. Kennedy.
		Danville.....	40 09	87 36	3	1	.....	.....	.....	J. J. Lemon.
		Edwardsville.....	38 48	89 59	5	1	.....	None.....	.....	W. H. Morgan.
		Elizabethtown.....	37 27	88 12	4	1	.....	None.....	Buildings trembled.	.....
		Equality.....	37 44	88 22	3	1	.....	None.....	.....	Elizabeth Davis.
		Fairview.....	40 38	90 12	3-4	1	.....	do.....	.....	Abram Wilson.
		Golconda.....	37 22	88 31	4	2	.....	Rumbling...	.....	J. M. Ramsey.
		Grafton.....	38 58	90 26	5	1	.....	.....	Buildings shook.	W. T. Bymer.
		Greenville.....	38 53	89 25	5	4	30	.....	.....	F. P. Seawell.
		Grigsbyville.....	39 42	90 43	4	2	2	None.....	.....	G. F. Kneeland.
		Harrisburg.....	37 45	88 34	3	1	.....	do.....	.....	Clarence Bonnell.
		Highland.....	38 44	89 42	3	1	.....	.....	.....	Chas. Schuttinger.
		McLeansboro.....	38 07	88 34	3	1	2	None.....	.....	A. E. Wilson.
		Mascoutah.....	38 30	89 48	5	1	60	.....	.....	Dr. R. F. Lischer.
		Morrisville.....	39 31	89 30	4	1	.....	Rumbling...	.....	J. D. Lewis.
		Nashville.....	38 22	89 23	4	1	.....	.....	.....	E. D. Garlich.
		New Athens.....	38 18	89 52	4	3	.....	None.....	.....	D. M. Fullmer.
		New Burnside.....	37 34	88 45	3	3	30	do.....	.....	Miss Mae McCabe.
		Pulaski.....	37 15	89 11	3-4	1	.....	.....	.....	H. Reeves.
		Quincy.....	39 55	91 22	4	1	.....	.....	.....	Press report.
		Shawneetown.....	37 42	88 10	4	1	10	None.....	.....	E. F. Armstrong.
		Springfield.....	39 48	89 39	4-5	2	4	do.....	Shook buildings.	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Sparta.....	38 08	89 43	3-4	1	3	.....	.....	W. F. Clendenin.
		Staunton.....	39 01	89 50	4	3	.....	None.....	.....	Mary Whalen.
		Valmeyer.....	38 18	90 19	5	1	25	Faint.....	.....	Chas. Schaefer.
		Vienna.....	37 25	88 64	5	1	.....	.....	.....	C. C. Clymon.
		Waterloo.....	38 19	90 11	5-6	3	12	Rumbling...	Shook buildings.	W. E. Ellbracht.
		White Hall.....	39 27	90 25	5	1	30	Loud.....	.....	R. B. Pearce.
9	23 35	Anna.....	37 27	89 18	2	1	7	None.....	.....	J. I. Hale.
		Valmeyer.....	38 18	90 19	.....	1	9	.....	.....	Chas. Schaefer.
INDIANA.										
9	20 52	Evansville.....	37 58	87 33	3	1	.....	None.....	.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Treviac.....	89 16	86 21	2	1	.....	.....	.....	B. N. Doylan.
IOWA.										
9	20 52	Cedar Rapids.....	41 56	91 39	2-3	.....	20	.....	.....	J. W. Brush.
		Clinton.....	41 50	90 13	3	3	.....	None.....	.....	E. T. Carew.
		Davenport.....	41 30	90 38	.....	1	.....	do.....	.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Eldridge.....	41 38	90 35	2	.....	.....	do.....	.....	M. H. Calderwood.
		Keokuk.....	40 22	91 26	3	1	2	.....	.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Keosauqua.....	40 45	91 56	2	1	2	do.....	.....	J. H. Landes.

TABLE 1.—Non-instrumental earthquake reports, April, 1917.

Date.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rost-Forel.	Number of shocks	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.	
1917.		KANSAS.									
Apr. 9	H. m. 20 52	Lawrence.....	38 58	90 15	2	1	M. s.			Prof. F. E. Kester.	
		KENTUCKY.									
9	20 52	Bardwell.....	36 53	89 01	3	2				Arthur Haltaman.	
		Hickman.....	36 35	89 11	4	2				Mrs. Ella Werner.	
		Laketon.....	36 52	89 00	3	2				E. T. Parker.	
		Milburn.....	36 49	88 53	3	1		None		W. R. Wilkerson.	
		Paducah.....	37 06	88 37	5	1		None		E. Futrell, Jr.	
		Smithland.....	37 09	88 29	4	1		None		W. D. Threkeild.	
		Water Valley.....	36 35	88 50	3	3				W. E. Barnes.	
		Wickliffe.....	36 57	90 05	3-4	3		None		Prof. G. M. Moore.	
		MISSISSIPPI.									
9	20 52	Evansville.....	34 38	90 19	2					J. M. Phillips.	
		MISSOURI.									
9	20 52	Allenton.....	38 30	90 40	5-6	3			Buildings swayed	W. M. Sevier.	
		Augusta.....	38 34	90 51	5	1		None		W. J. Hays.	
		Bismarck.....	37 48	90 36	5	2		30		G. J. Goeltz.	
		Bloomfield.....	36 54	89 53	4-5	1		10	None	W. E. Cooper.	
		Cape Girardeau.....	37 20	89 31	5	2		5	do.	H. L. Roberts.	
		Columbia.....	38 57	92 20	3-4	1		30	do.	U. S. Weather Bureau.	
		Des Arc.....	37 19	90 37	5	2		30	Rumbling	W. E. McKee.	
		De Sota.....	38 06	90 35	6	1		30	do.	C. C. Mitakin.	
		Doniphan.....	36 38	90 47	6	2		30	do.	W. W. Martin.	
		Dudley.....	36 48	90 04	5	2		50	do.	Mrs. T. J. Fields.	
		Farmington.....	37 47	90 24	5	2		40	Loud	J. B. Smith.	
		Fredericktown.....	37 43	90 16	5-6	3		40	do.	A. T. Lacey.	
		Granville.....	37 38	90 44	5	2		30	do.	Ella Sheahan.	
		Greenville.....	37 07	90 25	5	1		30	Rumbling		
		Hannibal.....	39 41	91 20	5	1		50	None	U. S. Weather Bureau.	
		Hematite.....	38 13	90 30	5	2		30	Rumbling	D. O. Jarvis.	
		Hendrickson.....	38 50	90 28	5	1		do.	do.	J. L. Harwell.	
		High Ridge.....	38 27	90 32	5-6	1		1 00	do.	F. H. Klemme.	
		Hogan.....	37 32	90 39	5	3		30	do.	Bessie Wilson.	
		Ironton.....	37 51	90 38	5-6	1		1 30	do.	E. S. Tetley.	
		Ironton.....	37 36	90 37	6	2		30	do.	W. H. Delano.	
		Jackson.....	37 25	89 40	5	1		1 00	do.	L. M. Bean.	
		Kansas City.....	39 05	94 37	5	1		do.	do.	U. S. Weather Bureau.	
		Kimmswick.....	38 22	90 22	5-6	2		30	Rumbling	I. J. Hilbert.	
		Manchester.....	38 36	90 31	5	1		1 00	do.	O. N. Kuhns.	
		Marquand.....	37 27	90 07	5	2		30	do.	Blanche White.	
		New Madrid.....	36 35	89 32	3	1		30	Rumbling	Miss Josie Smith.	
		Oak Ridge.....	37 34	89 48	5	1		do.	do.	E. C. Trickey.	
		Orchard Farm.....	38 51	90 27	5	2		2 00	do.	F. H. Meyer.	
		Palmer.....	37 49	90 54	5	2		11	do.	Furniture moved.	
		Perryville.....	37 45	89 51	5	1		15	do.	A. E. Deen.	
		Pevely.....	38 17	90 30	5-6	2		4	do.	H. J. Englebach.	
		Poplar Bluff.....	36 46	90 21	4-5	1		do.	None	Belle Kinne.	
		Porter.....	37 57	90 46	5-6	2		30	Rumbling	B. E. Flynn.	
		Rolla.....	37 57	91 45	5	1		30	do.	E. E. Harris.	
		St. Charles.....	38 48	90 30	5	1		15	None	Many alarmed.	
		St. Louis.....	38 38	90 12	5-6	2		6	do.	Some windows broken.	
		St. Marys.....	37 53	89 59	5	2		30	Rumbling	J. J. Davis.	
		St. Peters.....	38 48	90 40	5	1		1 00	do.	A. B. Iffrig.	
		Sta. Genevieve.....	37 58	90 02	5	1		23	do.	L. F. Kern.	
		Salem.....	37 40	91 30	5	1		30	do.	C. J. Carnico.	
		Seventy Six.....	37 45	89 38	5	1		30	do.	G. S. Hatch.	
		Sikeston.....	36 54	89 34	4	1		do.	None	W. E. Burnham.	
		Silvermine.....	37 34	90 27	5	1		do.	Rumbling	Robert Mescher.	
		Steelville.....	37 58	91 20	5	1		5	do.	J. T. Haley.	
		Sturdivant.....	37 03	90 00	4	1		do.	None	B. F. Baker.	
		Van Buren.....	36 58	91 01	4	1		do.	None	O. Coleman.	
		Warrenton.....	38 48	91 07	5	1		do.	None	Press report.	
		Wittenberg.....	37 45	89 32	5	1		30	Rumbling	C. R. Swan.	
		Zion.....	37 26	90 17	5	1		do.	do.	E. Barker.	
9	23 35	Bismarck.....	37 48	90 36	3	1		do.	do.	G. J. Goeltz.	
		Cape Girardeau.....	37 20	89 31	3	1		do.	do.	H. L. Roberts.	
		De Sota.....	38 06	90 33	3	1		do.	do.	C. C. Mitakin.	
		Hematite.....	38 13	90 30	1	1		30	do.	D. O. Jarvis.	
		Ironton.....	37 51	90 38	1	1		30	do.	E. S. Tetley.	
		Ironton.....	37 26	90 37	4	2		30	Rumbling	Shook oil in lamps.	
		Jackson.....	37 25	89 40	1	1		30	do.	W. H. Delano.	
		Perryville.....	37 45	89 51	1	1		6	do.	A. E. Deen.	
		St. Marys.....	37 53	89 59	5	1		2 00	Rumbling	Furniture moved.	
		Sta. Genevieve.....	37 58	90 02	1	1		do.	do.	J. J. Davis.	
		Steelville.....	37 58	91 20	1	1		do.	do.	L. F. Kern.	
		Zion.....	37 26	90 17	4	1		1 00	Rumbling	J. T. Haley.	
		MONTANA.									
23	3 50	Butte.....	45 00	112 31	4	2		10	None	Wm. Hoeking.	
		NEVADA.									
15	19 02	Fallon.....	39 30	118 48	3	1		1		E. W. Curtis.	
		SOUTH CAROLINA.									
11	19 01	Summersville.....	33 03	80 14	1-2	1			None	Miss E. H. Gadsden.	
		TENNESSEE.									
9	20 52	Hornbeak.....	36 19	89 21	3-4	1				D. C. Williams.	
		Memphis.....	35 09	90 03	3	2		6	None	U. S. Weather Bureau.	
		Tiptonville.....	36 24	89 30	4-5	1		30		L. F. Lemonds.	
		WISCONSIN.									
9	20 52	Madison.....	43 05	89 28	2	2		6		U. S. Weather Bureau.	

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, April, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.]

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1917, p. 26.]

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.

Lat. 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 00" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_2 \\ E & 10 & 16 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during April, 1917.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 32° 14' 49" N.; long., 110° 50' 00" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_2 \\ E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 19.1 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during April, 1917.)

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 10" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 2				*200	*200		Tremors recorded during 24 hours preceding 15h on dates given.
5				*300	*300		
6				*200	*200		
8				*100	*100		
12				*250	*200		
13				*200	*200		
14				*250	*350		
15				*200	*250		
20				*150	*200		
23				*200	*200		
24				*250	*250		
25				*150	*150		
30				*100	*200		

* Amplitude on instrument.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.*

A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 30" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 6	L _N	4 30					Very small sinusoidal waves of long period.
	F _N	6 10					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Colorado. *Denver—Continued.*

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 8	L _N	12 15					Recurring sinusoidal waves of long period during day. More pronounced during hours marked.
	F _N	14 10					
9							Sinusoidal wavelets recurring during day. Weaker but more frequent than on the 8th.
13	L _N	19 14					Extremely small and irregular waves at intervals during day.
	F _N	19 18					
15	L _N	17 20					Somewhat doubtful as to being seismic.
	F _N	17 23					

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_2 \\ E & 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 9	e	20 57 30					Missouri quake. Minute but distinct tremors with very short period superimposed on microseisms.
	F	20 58 38					
21	e?	1 06 45					Doubtful as to being seismic.
	f	1 13 23					
	F	1 50					
22	e?	6 23 50					Phases indistinguishable.
	M	6 32 30					
	M	6 34 22					
	F	6 45 00					
28	e	16 16 32					Phases indistinguishable.
	M	16 20 38					
	F	16 45 00					
29	e?	12 02 50					Phases indistinguishable.
	e?	12 16 58					
	eL	12 45 00		20			
	F	13 01 00					

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed dolomite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_2 & a \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 21	e?	1 05 14					P very uncertain. Heavy microseisms present.
	IS _N	1 13 22					
	IS _N	1 13 23					
	F	1 50 00					
22	e	6 24 41					Phases very difficult to distinguish.
	F	6 52 00					
28	eE	16 16 23					Heavy microseisms present. No distinct maximum.
	eN	16 16 28					
	S	16 20 19					
	eL _N	16 21 05					
	eL _N	16 21 10					
	F	16 57 00					
29	L _N	12 45 34					Very heavy microseisms present.
	L _N	12 45 51					
	F	12 53 00					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, April, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{18}{18}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 3.	e.....	13 25 18					
	L.....	13 37 36	24				
	M.....	13 46 36		*500			
	F.....	13 51 00					
		14 04 00					
5	L.....	4 35 00					Times uncertain; motion of paper not uniform.
	M.....	4 23 18		*200			
	C.....	4 46 00					
12	e.....	3 40 48					
	eL.....	3 50 06	20				
	M.....	3 56 00		*400			
	C.....	3 59 48					
		4 08 —					
15	eP.....	12 29 24					
	L.....	12 39 06	20				
	M.....	12 42 18		*100			
	C.....	12 46 00					
		12 49 00					
18	eP.....	19 30 48					
	eL.....	19 42 54					
	M.....	19 49 00	19	*100			
	C.....	19 53 00					
21	eP.....	1 23 12					
	eL.....	1 33 54	20				
	M.....	1 35 30		*100			
	C.....	1 43 00					
23	eL.....	0 48 00	20				
	M.....	0 48 36		*100			
	F.....	1 43 00					
28	P.....	14 13 00					
	eL.....	14 18 54	21	*200			
	M.....	14 20 54					
	C.....	14 23 42					
		14 40 —					
29	e.....	12 27 48					
	M.....	12 42 00	20	*100			
	F.....	13 25 00					
29	eP.....	16 20 54					
	eL.....	16 32 30					
	M.....	16 36 24	19	*100			
	F.....	16 44 —					

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas.* Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{177}{205} \frac{3.4}{3.4} \frac{4.1}{4.1}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 9	P _m	20 53 15					Shock felt locally.
	P _w	20 53 23					
	S _m	20 53 56					
	S _w	20 53 57					
	L.....	20 54 12					
	M.....	20 54 13					
	M _w	20 54 14					
	F.....	21 08 —					
9	P.....	23 35 56					P and S very faint.
	S.....	23 36 29					
	L.....	23 36 45					
	M.....	23 36 47		3	2		
		23 42 —					
28	P _m or S _m	16 15 19					
	P _w or S _w	16 15 24					
	L.....	16 19 32					
	M.....	16 19 44	3-4				
	M _w	16 20 07					
	F.....	16 40 —					

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{10}{10} \frac{32}{27}$

(No earthquakes recorded during April, 1917.)

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.* J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 27' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{80}{50} \frac{23}{25} \frac{0}{4.1}$

(Report for April, 1917, not received.)

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University.* Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 180.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instruments: Wiechert, 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{80}{7} \frac{5.1}{5.1}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 9	IIa.....	P _m	20 52 30				Local shock; period of 4.5 seconds; amplitude 19-20 mm. A very blurred record.
		M.....	20 52 42				
		F.....	21 00 00				
9	IIa.....	P _m	23 35 06				N-S record too blurred.
		M.....	23 35 18				
		F.....	23 54 00				
28-29						Hour contact out of order.	

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College.* John A. Curtin, S. J.

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 30 kg. horizontal.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{80}{7} \frac{5.1}{5.1}$

(Report for April, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Fordham. Fordham University.* Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{72}{72} \frac{6.8}{7.1} \frac{1.5}{3.8}$

(No record, clock connection out of order.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \frac{13}{14} \frac{22}{25} \frac{4.1}{4.1}$

(Report for April, 1917, not received.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, April, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights*. Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 23' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during April, 1917.)

Porto Rico. *Vieques*. *Magnetic Observatory*. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 08' 48" N.; long., 65° 26' 54" W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during April, 1917.)

Vermont. *Northfield*. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

1917.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Apr. 28	e		16 18 00				No phases discernible.

Canada. *Ottawa*. *Dominion Astronomical Observatory*. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

1917.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Apr. 21	i		1 12 50				Masked by microseisms.
	L		1 28 ..	17			
	F		1 37 ..				
	F		1 50 ..				
28	e _m		16 13 21	1-2			Distance probably of the order of 11,000 km.
	e _w		16 14 18	1-2			
	e _s		16 15 14	1-2			
	e _w f		16 16 54	3			
	e _s f		16 16 57	2			
	F		16 25 ..				
29	L		8 57 ..	10			L well marked.
29	e _s f		12 05 16				
	e _w f		12 05 30				
	e _s f		12 07 29				
	e _s w _s f		12 17 22				
	e _s w _s f		12 17 34				
	L		12 40 ..	20			
	L		12 44 ..				
	L _w		12 47 ..		14		
	F		13 05 ..				

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		

Canada. *Toronto*. *Dominion Meteorological Service*.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50".

1917.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Apr. 3	L		14 14 06				End in air currents.
	M		14 17 18		*200		
12	L		4 03 30				Microseisms going on.
	F		4 07 00		*50		
21	Lf		0 46 18				Minute thickening.
	L		1 07 12				
	L		1 24 54		*100		
	F		1 43 00				
23	e _s f		1 24 18				Minute thickening.
	e		1 25 48		*50		
	F		1 47 42				
28	L		16 17 36				Minute thickening.
	F		16 19 54		*50		
29	e _s f		12 11 18				Minute thickening.
	L		12 35 15				
	L		12 39 24				
	e _s L		12 41 24				
	M		12 42 54		*300		
	F		12 43 00				
	Ff		13 23 00				

*Trace amplitude.

Canada. *Victoria*, B. C. *Dominion Meteorological Service*.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.

Instruments: Wiechert, vertical. Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".

1917.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Apr. 3	Pf		13 48 30				Minute thickening.
	Lf		13 55 25				
	M		14 05 21		*500		
	F		14 24 41				
12	M		3 58 03				Minute thickening.
					*100		
23	Pf		1 00 30				Minute thickening.
	M		1 21 49		*300		
28	e		16 16 06				Minute thickening.
	e		16 16 48		*50		
29	Pf		12 30 34				Minute thickening.
	Sf		12 32 34				
	L		12 34 33				
	M		12 38 31		*500		
	F		12 49 55				

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Tokyo, Japan, Mar. 18, 1917. (Related dispatch.)
Heavy earthquake felt in Tokyo to-day from 7:20 to 7:30 a. m., local time.

London, Apr. 4, 1917.
Reuter's Melbourne correspondent reports a local earthquake having been felt in towns in northeastern Victoria. A dispatch to Reuter

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

from Auckland, New Zealand, says a violent eruption of the volcano Waimangu began Sunday and still continues. Two persons have been killed. (Assoc. Press.)

St. Louis, Mo., Apr. 9, 1917.

A distinct earthquake shock was felt for several seconds this afternoon throughout this section. A number of windows were broken and several chimneys were knocked down. The after-vibrations continued for eight minutes. (Assoc. Press.)

[See Table 1 and note hereunder, this issue of the REVIEW.]

Santa Barbara, Cal., Apr. 12, 1917.

A severe earthquake shock was felt here at 8 o'clock to-night. No damage was done. Ventura and Oxnard, 20 and 30 miles east, respectively, along the coast, also felt the shock but experienced no damage. (Assoc. Press.)

Los Angeles, Cal., Apr. 20, 1917.

Two earthquake shocks in rapid succession were felt in various parts of southern California late to-night. No damage was reported. (Assoc. Press.)

London, Apr. 27, 1917, 8:38 a. m.

A violent earthquake in Tuscany and Umbria is reported in a Rome dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. to have occurred on Thursday morning. Many persons are reported killed at Monterchi, near Arezzo, the capital of the Province of that name. Considerable material damage is also reported. (Assoc. Press.)

Rome, Apr. 30, 1917.

Earthquake shocks were reported at Monterchi to-day, the same district laid waste by earth tremors last week. (United Press.)

THE MISSOURI EARTHQUAKE OF APRIL 9, 1917.

By RUY H. FINCH, Assistant.

[Seismological Investigations, Weather Bureau, May 29, 1917.]

On the 9th of April, 1917, a little before 3 p. m., central time, an earthquake occurred near the middle of the eastern border of Missouri that was felt in 10 different States. It was felt over most of Missouri and Illinois, and at many places in Iowa, Wisconsin, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Kansas. At first it was thought that the quake had its origin in the New Madrid region, but later reports indicate that the epicenter was somewhere between there and St. Louis.

Most of the information relative to this quake was obtained from some 160 question cards filled out by cooperative observers of the Weather Bureau—postmasters and others—most of whom rendered these reports shortly after the occurrence of the shock while its effects were still fresh in their minds. The majority of the accounts thus received are given in some detail in Table 1, page 182, of this issue of the REVIEW; their intensities and geographical distribution are shown on the accompanying isoseismal map, figure 1.

As was recently pointed out by Montessus de Ballore,¹ the use of isoseismals drawn from estimates of intensities that at best are bound to be at variance is unsatisfactory. Nevertheless such isoseismals give a better idea of the relative distribution of intensities than would be had if omitted.

The area over which this quake was felt, elliptical in shape, extends about 600 miles in a north-south direction and over 500 miles east-west, covering approximately 200,000 square miles. In addition to being both felt and instrumentally recorded at St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo., and the University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kans., slight records were also obtained at St. Ignatius College, Cleveland, Ohio, about 520 miles away, and the Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., about 760 miles from the epicentral region.

The beginning of the disturbance as given by the majority of observers was 2^h 52^m to 2^h 53^m p. m. (Central

time). The time at origin as calculated from the seismograph record of the University of Kansas was 2^h 52^m 24^s ± 5^s. This is in fair agreement with the record obtained at St. Louis University, within a very short distance of the origin, which began at 2^h 52^m 30^s p. m.

Sounds were quite generally reported within the territory bounded by the V isoseismal. Within the VI isoseismal many places reported that heavy rumbling both preceded and accompanied the shock.

No good evidence as to the direction of the vibrations is at hand, though the majority of the observers thought it was east-west. The observer at Ironton, Mo., Mr. W. H. Delano, says that he looked down and could see the earth rock—rise up and sway back and forth as from west to east.

The damage occasioned by this quake was slight. Some windows were broken, bricks shaken from chimneys, and plaster cracked over most of the territory bounded by the VI isoseismal. Several horses were thrown to the pavement in different parts of St. Louis. A painter working on a ladder in Granite City, Mo., was shaken off and fell into a flower garden but was unharmed. Many people hurriedly left their homes in fright. The school children at Warrenton, Mo., and several other places, were thrown into a panic and were dismissed. As is well known, birds and many other animals are more sensitive to light shocks than human beings. This may explain why a team of horses in Golconda, Ill., were uneasy and restless at the time of the quake while the driver felt nothing.

No preliminary shocks to the main quake were noticed except for a slight tremor that was recorded on April 9 by the seismograph at St. Louis University, 8^h 45^m a. m. A second shock at 5^h 35^m p. m. was felt quite generally over most of the southern half of the territory bounded by the V isoseismal and was specially noticeable in the corresponding part within the VI isoseismal. This would lead one to think that the origin was located somewhere in the southern half of the VI isoseismal area.

The middle Mississippi Valley, the southern Appalachian region, the Atlantic Coastal Plain in the vicinity of Charleston, S. C., northern and eastern New York, and New England are the well-known seismic regions of the eastern United States. Most, though by no means all, of the middle Mississippi Valley quakes occur in the New Madrid region. Two quakes, one occurring on May 26, 1909, the other on January 2, 1912, and described by Udden² apparently had their origin southwest of Chicago. Scarcely a year passes without one or more quakes being felt in the New Madrid region. One on October 7, 1857, whose origin appears to have been either a little to the south of St. Louis or near New Madrid, was not quite as severe as the one under discussion. Another that occurred on October 31, 1895, was probably the most severe since the great shocks of 1811-12. The last shock of note in this region occurred on December 7, 1915, when an intensity of V Rossi-Forel was reported. Several observers ventured the assertion that the quake under discussion was the most severe since the great New Madrid earthquake, and this may be true for the region about St. Louis but is improbable as regards southeastern Missouri.

Judging from the distance to which the waves of this disturbance was propagated it seems probable that the origin was at some depth below the surface. It is known that a series of faults, running in a general east-west direction, occur in the underlying Paleozoic rock of the central region of this earthquake, and it is probable that the recent shake had its origin in one or more of these faults.

¹ Bull., Sels. Soc. America.

² Trans., Illinois Academy of Science, 1912, 5-

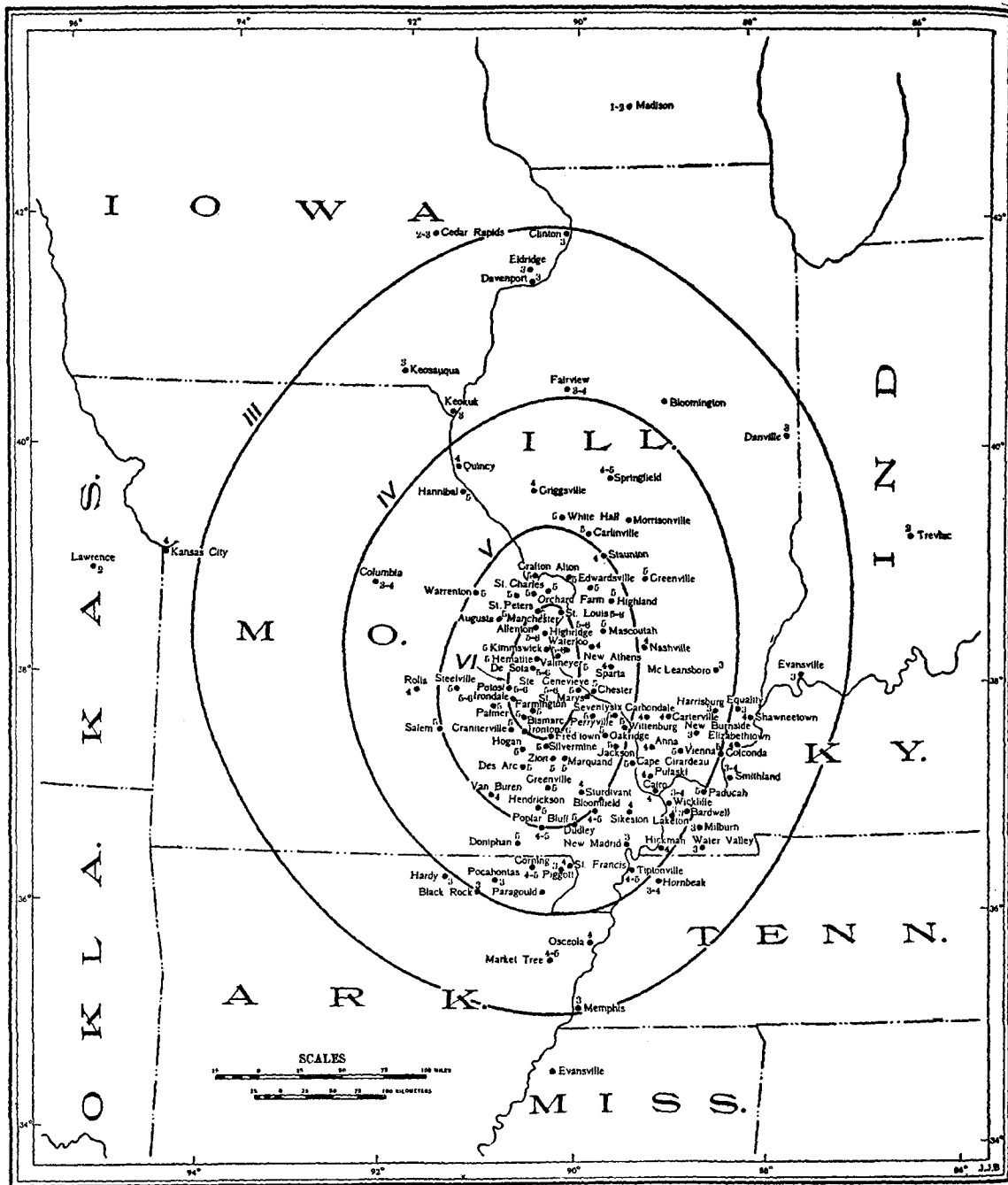


Fig. 1.—Isoseismals of the earthquake of April 9, 1917, in Missouri and Illinois. Arabic numbers opposite places indicate Rossi-Forel intensities.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR MAY, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., July 3, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Non-instrumental earthquake reports, May, 1917.

Date.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917.	H. m.		° ' "	° ' "			M. s.			
May 11	22 36	Markleeville.....	38 42	119 46	5	1				W. S. Coyan.
		Towles.....	39 14	120 48	5	2	8	Rumbling...		F. L. Harmon.
18	6 06	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	1	Rumbling...	Sounds before shock.....	C. N. Perry.
19	6 35	Yorba Linda.....	33 51	117 50	5	2	3	Faint.....	Awakened people.....	W. A. Walker.
19	7 19	Yorba Linda.....	33 51	117 50	4	3	3	Faint.....		W. A. Walker.
20	9 45	Yorba Linda.....	33 51	117 50	5	1		Rumbling...	Shook buildings.....	W. A. Walker.
27	9 30	Brawley.....	32 59	115 40	5	1		Loud.....		M. D. Witter.
28	6 07	Barrett Dam.....	32 40	118 40	5	1		None.....		R. Wieste.
		Blythe.....	33 35	114 38		1		None.....		C. L. Suits.
		Brawley.....	32 59	115 40	6	1		Loud.....	Many frightened.....	M. W. Witter.
		Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	4-5	2		Rumbling...	Lifting motion noted.....	I. R. Raiston.
		Coachella.....	33 40	116 10	4-5	2	42			Frank McCarroll.
		Indio.....	33 43	118 12	3-4	1	1 00	None.....		Bruce Drummond.
		Julian.....	33 05	118 37	5	2	20	Rumbling...		J. H. L. Vogt.
		Mecca.....	33 34	118 05	5	1		None.....		E. A. Palmer.
		Mesa Grande.....	33 11	116 42	3	1	2	Rumbling...		E. H. Davis.
		Mount Wilson.....	34 13	118 16	2	2		None.....	Observed in telescope.....	Wendell P. Hoge.
		Nellis.....	33 22	116 52	3-4	2	10	Faint.....	Observed in telescope.....	Esther Hewlett.
		Point Loma.....	32 43	117 15	3	1	3	None.....		F. J. Diek.
		Riverside.....	33 53	117 21	5	1		None.....	People awakened.....	Press report.
		Warner Springs.....	33 17	116 37	3	1	1 00	None.....		J. A. Ream.
28	7 05	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	12	None.....		H. M. Rouse.
28	10 17	Julian.....	33 05	116 37	5	1	10	Rumbling...		W. J. Norman.
31	2 10	Brawley.....	32 59	115 40	5	1		None.....		M. D. Witter.
		Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	2	1	Rumbling...		H. M. Rouse.
31	4 35	Cahuilla.....	33 32	116 43	5	1	4			Dr. W. L. Shawk.
MISSOURI.										
9	9 —	Hendrickson.....	36 50	90 26	4	1	1 —	Rumbling...		Geo. Magill.
9	15 —	Hendrickson.....	36 50	90 26	3	1				Geo. Magill.
NEW YORK.										
22	8 59	Alexandria Bay.....	44 22	75 54	3	1	6	Rumbling...	A few people awakened.....	Douglas F. Manning.
		Canton.....	44 36	75 10	4	1	12	Faint.....	Many awakened.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Malone.....	44 51	74 18	4-5	1	10			Press report.
		Watertown.....	43 57	75 53	4-5	1			Shook furniture.....	Press report.
22	9 19	Canton.....	44 36	75 10	3	1				U. S. Weather Bureau.
VERMONT.										
22	8 59	Ferrisburg.....	44 13	73 15	3-4	1			Windows rattled.....	Rev. J. H. Long.
		Montpelier.....	44 16	72 34	3	1			People awakened.....	Press report.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, May, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.]

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1917, p. 26.]

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.								
Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
$V \quad T_0$ Instrumental constants... $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 16.7 \\ N & 10 & 15.4 \end{cases}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
May 1	eP _N		18 38 32					S and L uncertain. It may be that two earthquakes overlap.
	eP _N		18 39 46					
	S _N		18 50 16	10				
	S _N		18 51 24	10				
	eP _N		18 57 38					
	L _N		19 06 57	28				
	L _N		19 09 16	28				
	M _N		19 09 48	28	160	160		
	M _N		19 11 16	20	160			
	C _N		19 18 —	15				
	F _N		21 19 —					
	F _N		21 24 —					
9	P _N		16 16 18	11				
	L _N		16 24 31	22				
	M _N		16 30 30	13	30			
	C _N		16 42 —	14				
	F _N		17 04 —					
31	eP _N		8 50 54	3				
	eL _N		8 53 39	20				
	eL _N		8 54 28	20				
	M _N		8 55 25	16		520		
	M _N		8 57 20	17	1,620			
	C _N		9 03 —	12				
	F _N		10 23 —					
	F _N		11 12 —					

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

$$V \quad T_0$$
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 18.9 \end{cases}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _N			
Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.									
Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.									
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.									
$V \quad T_0$ Instrumental constants... $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 18.9 \end{cases}$									
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>		
May 1	P _N		18 39 36	4				S and L doubtful.	
	P _N		18 39 40	4					
	S _N		18 50 01	11					
	S _N		18 50 08	14					
	L _N		19 02 41	14					
	L _N		19 03 01	16					
	M _N		19 08 43	21		170			
	M _N		19 29 52	16	280				
	C _N		19 42 —	16					
	F _N		22 46 —						
25	eP _N		14 42 33	2					
	eP _N		14 42 45	4					
	M _N		14 43 50	6		100			
	M _N		14 44 05	12	140				
	F _N		14 57 —						
	F _N		15 02 —						
28	o _N		6 06 42	4					
	C _N		6 06 44	2					
	M _N		6 08 05	5	10				
	M _N		6 08 10	6		20			
	F _N		6 13 —						
	F _N		6 15 —						
31	L _N		8 55 24	4					
	eL _N		8 55 39	8					
	eS _N		9 01 41	10					
	eS _N		9 01 41	4					
	L _N		9 03 40	22					
	M _N		9 08 25	12	20				
	M _N		9 09 57	22		50			
	F _N		10 52 —						
	F _N		10 56 —						

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
May 2					*100	*100		Tremors recorded during 24 hours ending 15h on dates given, except the record of a local shock on the 28th.
3					*100	*100		
6					*100	*100		
10					*500	*100		
16					*100	*100		
22					*100	*100		
24					*100	*200		
26					*50	*100		
28			14 —		*400	*400		
30					*50	*50		

* Amplitude on instrument.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.*

A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _N			
Colorado. <i>Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.</i>									
A. W. Forstall, S. J.									
Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.									
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.									
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>		
May 1	P		18 49					P and S somewhat obscured. Three sets of waves appear on record. Waves appear in sharp, well-defined groups with periods of calm between. Another maximum at 19h 15m.	
	S		19 04						
	L _N		19 09	30-32		*2,300			
	L _N		19 09	28-30	*2,700				
	M _N		19 10	32		*2,800			
	M _N		19 10	30	*2,800				
	C		19 51	20	*1,000	*1,000			
	F		19 55						
9	L _N		16 38						Very regular sinusoidal waves. Three well-defined groups. No preliminaries visible.
	L _N		16 41						
	M _N		16 48	20	*750				
	M _N		16 50	20		*750			
	F _N		16 50						
	L _N		16 51						
17								Wavelets at intervals from 3h to 13h of long period and small amplitude.	
31	L _N		8 43					Very distinct and regular sinusoidal waves. Time doubtful; clock stopped. No record on E-W.	
	F _N		8 50						

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, May, 1917—Continued.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude (A_M, A_N), Distance, Remarks. District of Columbia. Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau. Instrument: Marvin vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration. Instrumental constants: V 110, T_0 6.4.

* Occurrence and times based on experimental records of Marvin's new 2-component vertical pendulum, not yet described.

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University. F. A. Tondorf, S. J. Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed diorite. Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants table with columns: E, N, Z, V, T_0, a. Values: E 165, N 143, Z 80, V 5.4, T_0 5.0, a 0.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. May 1, 3, 4, 9, 25, 31. Microseisms present. Vertical shows P at 8h 57m 9s. Other phases indistinct.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann. Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association. Instrumental constant: T_0 18.6.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. May 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 14, 18, 21, 23, 24. Time of P doubtful. Observer entered room at time of maximum. * Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, May, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 24	eL		23 50 30					
	M		23 56 12	20	*100			
	F		0 05 00					
25								
26	eL		4 29 00					
	M		4 36 00	20	*100			
	F		4 41 00					
29								
	P		6 19 24					
	S		6 24 12					
	L		6 26 54	22				
	M		6 31 06		*1000			
	F		7 09 00					
31								
	eP		8 54 42					
	L		9 00 12					
	M		9 09 48	21	*6000			
	C		9 12 00					
	F		12 18 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 177 & 3.4 & 4.1 \\ N & 208 & 3.4 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 1	eP _N		18 40 51					Very faint record. P _N not discernible.
	S		18 51 20					
	L		19 09 27	55-60				
	L?		19 11 07	30				
	M		19 26 17	18	17			
	M		19 27 23	17		14		
	F		22 09					
9								Record on E-W very illegible. iP _N may be building shock.
	eP _N		16 13 04					
	iP _N ?		16 14 00			1		
	eS		16 10 14					
	L _N		16 27 33			1		
	M		16 48 50	23				
	F		17 37					
31								N-S not recording properly.
	eP _N ?		8 55 46					
	iP _N		8 55 54					
	S		9 02 17					
	S		9 06 08					
	iL _N ?		9 09 25					
	L _N		9 10 15	20-25				
	M		9 13 25		8			
	F		10 00					

Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 10 & 3.3 & 4.1 \\ N & 10 & 2.5 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _N	A _W			
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.		
May 1	eP _N		18 45 24	2				S and L doubtful: it may be that there are two earthquakes overlapping.	
	S		18 56 03						
	S		18 56 28						
	L		19 02 30						
	L _N		19 02 32						
	L _N		19 22 34	20					
	L _N		19 24 12	22					
	M		19 25 37	24	*1100				
	M _N		19 34 20	17		*450			
	C		19 47	17					
	F		20 33						
31									
	P		8 57 03	4					
	iP		8 57 06	4					
	S		9 04 46	8					
	S		9 04 49	8					
	eL _N		9 13 24	19					
	eL _N		9 13 35	19					
	M		9 20 27	21	*500				
	M _N		9 22 46	21		*300			
	C		9 39	14					
	C		9 46	14					
	F		10 21	12					
	F		10 26						

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station, J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 2.3 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 2.3 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for May, 1917, not received.)

Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 18' 58" W. Elevation, 100.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 7 & 5.1 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 1	III		eP					Times uncertain; wireless time service suspended.
			eS					
			eL					
			F					
4	I		eP					
			F					
9	I		e					
			F					
25	I		e					
			F					
31	II		eP				5,100	
			S					
			L					
			M					
			F					

New York. Buffalo. Canisius College. John A. Curtin, S. J.

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg., horizontal.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 7 & 5.1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for May, 1917, not received.)

New York. Fordham. Fordham University. Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 72 & 7.2 & 1.5:1 \\ N & 72 & 7.2 & 3.8:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for May, 1917, not received.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, May, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _M	A _N		
New York. <i>Ithaca. Cornell University.</i> Heinrich Ries. Lat., 42° 28' 53" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & e \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4.1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$								
1917. May 1	eP _N		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Instrument out of order during later part of April.
	eP _S		18 45 54	6				
	P _N		18 46 10	6				
	S _N		18 51 58	7				
	S _S		18 55 57	20				
	S _N		18 56 08	20				
	eS _N		19 02 18	22				
	eS _S		19 02 28	17				
	L _N		19 14 50	56				
	M _N		19 35 02	18		340		
	M _S		19 38 42	17	250			
	F _N		22 15					
	F _S		22 57					
2	eL _N		2 25 38	16				
	F _N		2 53					
2	eL _N		4 01 15	16				
	F _N		4 44					
2	eL _N		5 34 24	17				
	F _N		5 55					
4	eL _N		1 34 15	20				
	F _N		2 23					
9	e _N		16 40 35	24				
	F _N		17 46					
9	e _S		20 36 05	17				
	F _S		20 49					
25	e _N		14 57 57	3-9				
	F _N		15 09					
31	P _N		8 56 34	4				
	P _S		8 56 40	4				
	S _N		9 04 02	7				
	S _S		9 04 05	6				
	eL _N		9 13 07	7-20				
	eL _S		9 13 10	7-18				
	F _N		10 58					
	F _S		11 13					

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Isthmian Canal Commission.
Lat., 8° 57' 29" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 20 \\ N & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$

(Report for May, 1917, not received.)

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.
Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17.5 \\ N & 10 & 18.0 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _M	A _N		
1917. May 1	eP _S		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	S and L uncertain. It may be that two earthquakes overlap.
	e _S		18 37 35	7				
	S _N		18 46 43	7				
	S _S		18 56 25	12				
	S _N		18 56 27	18				
	L _N		19 21 50	30				
	L _N		19 22 27	20				
	M _N		19 22 55	22	*130			
	M _S		19 25 27	23		*270		
	M _N		19 40 07	18		*270		
	M _S		19 40 15	17	*130			
	C _N		20 00	16				
	C _S		20 04	15				
	F _N		21 05					
	F _S		21 27					
9	eP _N		16 35 00					
	M _N		17 12 30	28		*30		
	F _N		18 08 00					
31	P _N		9 09 10					
	M _N		9 33 40	20	*30			
	M _S		9 33 45	18		*180		
	C _N		9 39	16				
	C _S		9 42	16				
	F _N		10 26					
	F _S		10 30					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _M	A _N		
Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Wm. A. Shaw. Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration. Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$								
1917. May 1	Il _N	P	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
		P	18 37 26				8,360	
		S	18 47 04					
		L	18 57 00	20				
		L	19 23 20	34				
		L	19 27 20	20				
		F	22 40 00					
9		e	16 18 13					
		L	16 46 45	34				
		F	17 25 00					
25		e	14 59 23					
		F	15 10 00					
31	Il _N	P	H. m. s.				5,680	
		S	8 56 57					
		L	9 04 16					
		L	9 13 28	20				
		F	11 00 00					
31		e	19 57 00					
		F	20 00 00					

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory.* Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 30 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 20 \\ N & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _M	A _N		
1917. May 1	O		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	O and distance approximate.
	eP _N		18 27 00				12,900	
	eP _S		18 42 00					
	iS _N		18 54 58					
	e _N		18 56 28	20				
	i _N		18 56 54					
	e _N		19 15	56-48				
	e _N		19 21	40-26				
	eL _N		19 23 36	30				
	eL _S		19 24 00	24				
	M _N		19 35 00	18		180		
	L		19 40 00	16				
	L		19 47 00	16				
	L		20 00 00	16				
	L		20 19 00	15				
	LRi _N		20 25 00	40				
	LRi _S		20 26 00	24				
	L		20 31 00	25				
	L		20 42 00	20				
	F		21 40 00					
2	eL		2 28 00					
	L		2 40			16		
	L		2 50					
2	eL		4 01					
	L		4 01			20-16		
	L		4 15					
2	eL _N		15 08 18					
	L		15 17			20		
	L		15 30					
3	eL _N		12 56 00					
	L		13 08 00	18				
	F		13 35 00					
4	eP _N		1 33 23				5,000	
	eP _S		1 33 26					
	S _N		1 40 06					
	S _S		1 40 10					
	eL _N		1 47 36	18				
	eL _S		1 48 24	18				
	L		1 56			13-15		
	L		2 22					
	F		2 45					
9	O		16 08 45				8,380	
	eP _N		16 14 25					
	eP _S		16 14 26					
	S _N		16 24 02					
	S _S		16 24 05					
	eL _N		16 39 00	20				
	L		16 44 24	40				
	L		16 56 00	20				
	L		17 10 00	11				
	F		17 45					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, May, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service—Contd.								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 2	P or S.		1 51 22					‡
	M		2 10 43		*500			
	F		2 31 32					
2	L		3 41 27					M at cut-off. ‡
	F		4 04 44					
2	M		5 12 12		*200			‡
2	L?		14 54 52					‡
	M		15 02 49		*100			
3	M		13 18 09		*400			
	F		13 22 32					
4	P?		1 06 45					
	M		1 41 27		*700			
	F		2 28 34					
6	P or L.		23 33 31					
	M		23 44 26		*600			
	F		23 58 49					
7	P?		8 58 49		*100			
	M		9 02 17					
	F		9 04 44					
9	P		15 59 49				6,370	May be Kam- chatka.
	S		16 07 45					
	L		16 17 32					
	M		16 44 27		*3,500			
	eL		18 28 00					F?
	VERTICAL.				A _z			
	P		16 59 00	2-4			6,380	L?
	S		16 06 00	8				
	M		16 39 30	18	167			
9	M		21 30 34		*200			May be part of above.
14	P?		22 41 59					
	L		22 44 28		*200			
	M		22 52 24					
	F		23 16 42					
24	P?		20 03 00					
	L?		20 10 30					
	M		20 12 00		*200			F?

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service—Contd.								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 25	P		14 52 02					
	L		14 53 31					
	M		14 55 01		*200			
	F?		15 00 58					
29	P?		6 44 35					
	L		6 47 02					
	M		6 51 57		*500			
	F		7 02 48					
31	P		8 53 54				2,290	Alaskan Peninsula. S waves of large amplitude.
	IP		8 55 53					
	IS		8 57 42					
	L		8 58 22					
	M		9 01 20		*14,500			
	F		12 25 38					
	VERTICAL.				A _z			
	P		8 58 54	5-4			1,680	
	S		8 56 48	4				
	L		8 58 18	18				
	M		9 01 00	21	67			
31	L		19 53 42	18-24	*100			
	F?		19 59 00					

* Trace amplitude.

‡ Probably after-shocks.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Rome, May 9, 1917.

Violent earthquakes in Calabria created a panic among the populace there to-day. Inhabitants of towns and villages fled to the open fields. No fatalities have been reported. (United Press.)

Ogdensburg, N. Y., May 22, 1917.

Three distinct earth shocks were felt in this vicinity at 4 a. m. to-day. Persons were roused from sleep by the shaking of their houses, but no damage has been reported. (Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organizations indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR JUNE, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., July 1, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, June, 1917.

Date.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.	
1917.	H. m.	ALABAMA.									
		2 28	Greensboro.....	32 41	87 32	4-5	1	M. 4	Rumbling...	This and the next disturbance probably not seismic.	Wm. Gerby.
			Rosemary.....	32 40	87 30	5	1		Rumbling...		H. F. Adams.
30	2 50	Rosemary.....	32 40	87 30	5	1		Rumbling...		H. F. Adams.	
CALIFORNIA.											
2	4 35	Cahulla.....	33 32	116 43	4-5	1				Dr. W. L. Shawk.	
2	14 30	Victorville.....	34 32	117 18	3	1					
6	5 ..	Sangus.....	34 20	118 30	3	1					
7	15 41	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	1			Ivan R. Ralston.	
8	0 30	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	4	1	3	Rumbling...		C. N. Perry.	
8	6 13	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	2	1	Faint.....		C. N. Perry.	
9	3 30	Carmel.....	36 24	121 56	4	1		Rumbling...		Charlotte Vickery.	
		Salinas.....	36 36	121 40	3	1	10	None.....	Dishes rattled.	Dr. E. D. Eddy.	
		Soledad.....	36 28	121 16	5	1	30	None.....		Wm. Weber.	
11	0 20	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	30	Rumbling...		H. M. Rouse.	
11	2 13	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	1/2	Rumbling...		Ivan R. Ralston.	
11	3 54	Julian.....	33 05	116 37	5	1	5	Rumbling...		Wm. L. Schilling.	
13	4 06	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	1	Rumbling...		Ivan R. Ralston.	
17	6 ..	Heber.....	32 45	115 31	5	1		Rumbling...	Shook buildings.....		
18	9 55	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	4	3		Rumbling...	Awakened some people.....	W. J. Best.	
18	14 21	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	2	1	1	None.....		C. N. Perry.	
22	4 05	Julian.....	33 05	116 37	4	1	7	Loud.....		W. J. Norman.	
26	13 26	Eureka.....	40 38	124 11	4	1	3	Rumbling...		U. S. Weather Bureau.	
27	6 26	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3-4	1	1/2	Rumbling...	Noise preceded shock.....	Ivan R. Ralston.	
30	23 38	Los Angeles.....	34 03	118 15	4	1	1	Rumbling...	Followed by 4 light shocks.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.	
IDAHO.											
1	10 35	Cottonwood.....	46 03	116 20	4	1	12	None.....		Rev. Father Jerome.	
ILLINOIS.											
9	13 14	Cairo.....	37 00	89 10	4	1	3	None.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.	
MISSOURI.											
9	13 14	New Madrid.....	36 35	89 32	4	1	Few.	Rumbling...		Miss Josie Smith.	
NEVADA.											
1	20 37	Winnemucca.....	40 58	117 43	3	1	2	None.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.	
TENNESSEE.											
9	13 14	Springville.....	36 18	88 14	2	1	2	None.....		H. A. Boden.	
WASHINGTON.											
9	14 30	Glenoma.....	46 32	122 09	4	1	30	Rumbling...	Shook buildings.....	J. A. Welsh.	
		Longmire.....	46 45	121 50	4-5	1	1	Loud.....		J. B. Flott.	

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917. [Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.] [For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1917, p. 28.]

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude (A_E, A_W), Distance, Remarks. Includes data for Alaska, Sitka, Magnetic Observatory, U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, J. W. Green. Location: Lat. 57° 03' 00" N., long., 135° 30' 08" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants: V E 10 16.7, T N 10 15.4.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude (A_E, A_W), Distance, Remarks. Includes data for Arizona, Tucson, Magnetic Observatory—Continued. Location: Lat., 37° 52' 10" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Berkeley. University of California. Lat., 37° 52' 10" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory. Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick. Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters. Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude (A_E, A_W), Distance, Remarks. Includes data for Arizona, Tucson, Magnetic Observatory, U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, F. P. Ulrich. Location: Lat. 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.5 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants: V E 10 13.9, T N 10 19.1.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude (A_E, A_W), Distance, Remarks. Includes data for California, Point Loma, Raja Yoga Academy, F. J. Dick. Tremors recorded during the 24 hours ending 15h on dates given.

*Amplitude on instrument.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phaso.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _M		

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.
 Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 63" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.
 (See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College.* Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.
 Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.
 Instrumental constants

1917.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phaso.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						A _N	A _M	
1917.	June 8	P _N		1 01				Preliminaries very indistinct. S _N ?
		S _N		1 08				
		L _N		1 04				
		L _M		1 08				
		L _S		1 10				
		M _N		1 10	18		*1000	
		M _S		1 11	20		*1000	
		C _N		1 13				
		C _S		1 16				
		F _N		1 17				
		F _S		1 24				
12-13								
26		P		6 02				
		S		6 13				Very good record. Remarkably long on N-S.
		L		6 28				
		M		6 29	23		*2000	
		M		6 30	25		*2500	
		C		6 38				
		C		6 45				
		F		6 47				
		F		7 36				

*Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants.. 110 6.4

1917.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phaso.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						A _N	A _M	
1917.	June 1	P?		17 05 29				380?
		S		17 06 11				
		L?		17 06 55				
		F		17 15 00				
3		P?		7 04 34				290?
		S		7 05 06				
		L?		7 05 46				
		F		7 12 —				
3		PP		19 53 42				3,360?
		ST		19 58 40				
		L		20 01 40				
		F		20 10 00				
4		P		1 39 08				6,010
		S		1 46 45				
		L		1 57 57	20			
		L		1 58 35				
		L		2 03 15	16			
		F		2 09 40				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phaso.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _M		

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau—Continued.*

1917.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phaso.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
						A _N	A _M	
1917.	June 7	P		3 05 00				7,760
		S		3 14 08				
		L		3 21 00				
		F		3 35 —				
8	II _r	P		0 57 31				2,875
		S		1 02 05				
		L		1 05 10				
		L		1 06 30	16			
		F		2 45 —				
8		P		3 04 35				2,920
		ST		3 09 12				
		L		3 14 50				
		F		3 35 —				
9		eL		18 03 00				
10	I _r	P		4 39 53				4,030
		S		4 45 42				
		L		4 53 36	16			
		F		6 00 —				
12		PT		2 03 24				2,150
		S		2 07 00				
		F		2 20 —				
13		PT		7 01 37				4,025?
		S		7 07 15				
		L		7 11 23	16			
		L		7 35 40	24			
		F		9 20 —	20			
16		P		15 56 03				3,580?
		ST		16 01 25				
		L		16 08 55				
		F		16 25 —				
16		PT		22 55 47				2,760?
		ST		23 01 12				
		L		23 10 25				
		F		23 30 —				
22		PT		5 38 22				6,075?
		ST		5 45 02				
		L		5 56 00				
		F		6 10 —				
24		P		20 07 45				3,800
		S		20 13 20				
		F		21 15 —				
25	II _u	P		6 03 44				9,515
		S		6 14 20				
		L		6 22 00				
		L		6 38 00	30			
		M		6 45 00	91			
		F		10 30 —				
27		e		12 06 12				
		ST		12 14 48				
		F		12 20 —				
27		P		12 33 05				3,420
		S		12 38 17				
		L		12 42 50	20			
		F		13 15 —				
28		L		14 50 00				Scarcely visible on N-S.
		F		15 05 —				
29		P		16 13 34				3,840
		ST		16 19 12				
		L		16 25 00				
		F		17 00 —				
30		P		17 57 02				3,400
		S		18 02 12				
		L		18 06 46				
		F		18 35 —				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _v		

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{pmatrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 5.0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 1	e _n	17 06 06					Microseisms present. Phases not discernible. Vertical shows a at 17 ^h 06 ^m 20 ^s .
	e _v	17 06 08					
	F	17 17 00					
4	e _n	1 38 00					20
	e _v	1 38 52					
	F	2 45 00					
7	e _n	3 05 01					
	e _v	3 05 16					
	F	3 35 00					
8	P	0 57 29					
	S _n	1 02 21					
	S _v	1 02 24					
	eL _n	1 05 03					13 *3700 *1200
	eL _v	1 05 04					
	M	1 07 04					
	F	2 31					VERTICAL.
	P	0 67 28					
	S	1 08 17					
	eL	1 05 08					2
	F	2 10 00					
	e _n	3 05 40					
e _v	3 05 41						
eL _n	3 15 08						
	eL _v	3 15 11					3
	L _n	3 17 17					
	F	3 28 00					
10	eP _n	4 39 39					17 *1800 *300
	eP _v	4 39 43					
	S _n	4 45 43					
	S _v	4 45 44					17
	eL _n	4 49 43					
	eL _v	4 49 45					
	M _n	4 56 12					17 *1800 *300
	M _v	4 58 57					
	F	5 33 00					
12	eP _n	2 03 22					F lost in microseisms. Phases difficult to distinguish.
	eP _v	2 03 30					
	eL	2 06 57					
	F	2 15 00					Long waves from 7 ^h 39 ^m 15 ^s to 8 ^h 4 ^m 0 ^s . No distinct maximum.
	e _n	7 07 10					
	e _v	7 07 13					
	eL _v	7 11 35					15
	L _n	7 39 15					
	L _v	7 39 16					
	F	9 08 00					15
	e _n	15 56 06					
	e _v	15 56 15					
	L _n	16 10 20					15
	L _v	16 10 26					
	F	16 30 00					
16	e	22 56 04					Heavy microseisms present.
	L	23 10 04					
	L	23 10 26					
	F	23 40 00					15
	e	20 07 47					
	S _v	20 13 40					
	S _n	20 13 43					15
	eL	20 17 00					
	F	21 15 00					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _v		

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University—Contd.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 26	eP _n	6 03 48					Phases difficult. Mainka instrument shows P at 6 ^h 3 ^m 42 ^s ; S at 6 ^h 13 ^m 42 ^s ; and eL at 6 ^h 31 ^m 42 ^s .
	eP _v	6 03 49					
	S	6 14 48					
	M _n	6 43 58	30		*2400		
	M _v	6 45 04	24		*5400		
	F	8 58 00					
	VERTICAL.						
	eP	6 03 56					S?
	L	6 38 48	40				
	M	6 45 23					
	F	9 08 00					
27	e	12 32 21					
	L _n	12 43 16	30				
	L _v	12 44 55	24				
28	L	14 52 00					Record confused by microseisms and local disturbances.
	F	15 05 00					
29	eP	16 12 46					Microseisms present. S?
	S _v	16 19 32					
	eL _n	16 22 48	10				
	eL _v	16 22 54	10				
	L	16 29 00					
	F	17 10 00					
30	P	17 57 01					Microseisms present.
	S _n	18 02 12					
	S _v	18 02 13					
	L	18 09 00	20				
	F	18 50 00					

*Trace amplitude.

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant. T_0 18.6

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 1	eL	9 01 24					
	M	9 08 00	19	*100			
	C	9 13					
	F	9 31 00					
3	e	15 16 30					19 *100
	M	15 22 00	19	*100			
	F	15 43 00					
3	e	19 44 30					19 *100
	M	19 52 18					
	F	19 59 00					
4	P	1 41 36					20 *800
	L	1 43 54	20				
	M	1 48 48					
	C	1 53 06					
	F	2 54 00					
7	e	3 02 30					18 *100
	M	3 03 24					
	F	3 18 00					
8	P	1 10 36					21 *3000
	S	1 14 36					
	L	1 21 18	21				
	M	1 26 30					
	C	1 47 00					
10	F	2 54 00					19 *3500
	P	4 37 48					
	L	4 45 12	19				
	M	4 52 24					
	C	4 56 06					
	F	6 18 00					19 *3500
	F	6 18 00					

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
June 13	eP	S	6 51 00 6 59 24 7 09 54 7 13 54 7 20 00 10 40 00					
13	eP	M	17 29 12 17 34 00 17 37 54 17 42 00 17 56 00	21	*500			
16	e	M	23 03 00 23 07 30 23 11 00	18	*100			
17	e	M	8 40 24 9 00 30 9 12 00		*100			
18	e	M	22 35 30 22 40 00 22 47 12	20	*100			
24	eP	S	19 57 36 20 03 30 20 07 06 20 08 00 20 16 00 21 30 00	20	*3200			
26	eP	S	5 57 00 6 03 30 6 07 36 7 05 00 10 39 00		*17000+	*17000+		Record off paper from 6 ^h 07 ^m 39 ^s to 6 ^h 12 ^m 30 ^s .
26	P	L	14 12 54 14 15 48 14 16 18 14 25 00 14 51 00	20	*400			
27	e	M	5 32 30 5 33 06 5 46 00	18	*100			
27	e	M	13 01 00 13 06 24 13 09 00 13 15 00		*500			

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{cases}$

1917.		<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
June 8	1P _N	0 57 15	1-24				E-W component illegible.
	S _T or L	1 01 42	6-10				
	M _N	1 02 05			24		
	L _N ?	1 08 44	15-20				
	M _N	1 09 20			4		F lost in succeeding tremor.
8	eP _N	1 38 48					
	S _T or L	1 43 36					
	M _N	1 43 40			1		
	P	2 14					
26	eP _N	6 02 41					
	eP _N	6 02 45					
	S _N	6 12 48					
	L _N ?	6 30 21					
	L _N	6 31 35					
	M _N	6 30 14		24			
	M _N	6 36 24			11		
	F	9 06 00					
29	eP _N	16 12 54					
	iS _N	16 16 41					
	eS _N ?	16 17 43					
	L _N	16 20 07					
	M _N	16 20 32		5			
	F	16 44 00					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		

Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omor, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 33 \\ N & 10 & 25 \end{cases}$

1917.		<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
June 1	P _N	17 06 07	4				Record very faint; no distinct phases.
	P _N	17 06 14	3				
	M _N	17 07 12	5	10			
	M _N	17 07 42			10		
	P _N	17 08					
	F _N	17 13					
4	eP _N	1 46 11	5				Phases not well defined.
	eP _N	1 46 56	5				
	M _N	1 59 44	16	10	10		
	P _N	2 14					
	F _N	2 25					
8	P _N	0 57 29	3				
	P _N	0 57 35	3				
	S _N	1 02 25	8				
	S _N	1 02 27	9				
	L _N	1 05 11	18				
	L _N	1 05 12	18				
	M _N	1 07 12	18	550			
	M _N	1 07 18	16		310		
	C _N	1 15	15				
	C _N	1 18	13				
	L _N	3 20					
	F _N	3 30					
10	P _N	4 39 54					Phases uncertain.
	P _N	4 39 55					
	S _N	4 46 00	8				
	S _N	4 47 04					
	L _N	4 53 23	13				
	L _N	4 53 44	14				
	M _N	4 56 19	10		40		
	M _N	4 59 07	10		40		
	C _N	5 00					
	C _N	5 02					
	F _N	5 31					
13	P _N	7 07 22	7				Phases uncertain.
	P _N	7 07 24	4				
	S _N	7 17 36					
	L _N	7 39 50	24				
	L _N	7 40 10	25				
	M _N	7 43 49	17		40		
	C _N	7 54	16				
	M _N	7 54 48	16		20		
	L _N	8 25					
	F _N	8 30					
24	P _N	20 07 54	6				Motion very slight; phases uncertain.
	S _N	20 13 45	8				
	S _N	20 14 36	8				
	L _N	20 17 07	10				
	M _N	20 18 30	9		10		
	F _N	20 35					
26	P _N ?	6 03 06					Phases not well defined.
	eP _N	6 04 00	10				
	S _N	6 14 26	13				
	S _N	6 14 29					
	L _N	6 37 51	34				
	L _N	6 38 13	26				
	M _N	6 42 00	28	4,600	3,300		
	M _N	6 44 42	26				
	C _N	6 57	17				
	C _N	7 01	22				
	L _N	8 51	18				
	F _N	8 55	18				
27	P _N	12 32 26					Phases not well defined. Nothing definite on N-S.
	S _N	12 38 24	10				
	L _N	12 43 12	20				
	M _N	12 44 57	20	10			
	F _N	13 02					
29	eP _N	16 22 06	6				Motion very slight. No distinct phases.
	eP _N	16 22 49	6				
	M _N	16 27 43	10	10			
	M _N	16 30 49	6		10		
	P _N	16 37					
	F _N	16 39					
30	eP _N	17 57 03					Phases uncertain.
	S _N	17 58 21					
	S _N	18 02 11	8				
	S _N	18 02 12	8				
	L _N	18 07 01					
	L _N	18 07 37	22				
	M _N	18 09 13	18		10		
	M _N	18 09 26	18	20			
	C _N	18 15	15				
	L _N	18 28					
	F _N	18 30					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude (A_N, A_W), Distance, Remarks.

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station, J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. { E 80 23 0, N 50 25 4.1 } V T_0 e

Main table for June 1917 with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. Includes entries for June 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

† = 20,000 - 1/4 (26.3 meters x 330 km.).

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude (A_N, A_W), Distance, Remarks.

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station—Continued.

Main table for June 1917 (continued) with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. Includes entries for June 10, 12, 13, 16, 21, 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University.* Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{80} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{e}{5.1}$

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 3	e	F	15 50 00					
			16 02 00					
7	II.	iP	12 56 08				2,800	
			13 00 30					
			13 02 00					
			13 30 —					
9	eP	S?	15 42 00					
			15 45 30					
			16 22 —					
13	eL	F	7 33 00					
			8 14 00					
26	II _g	eP	18 03 00					
			18 12 30					
			18 14 —					
			20 38 —					

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College.* John A. Curtin, S. J.

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 53' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg., horizontal.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{80} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{e}{5.1}$

(Report for June, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Fordham. Fordham University.* Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 72 & 7.2 & 1.5:1 \\ N & 72 & 7.2 & 3.8:1 \end{cases}$

(Report for June, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$

(Report for June, 1917, not received.)

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{20}$

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 8	L _n	M _n	0 44 19				965	Direction north.
			0 44 52			*1200		
			0 45 22		*300			
			0 46 56					
8	P _n	M _n	0 54 08				965	Direction north.
			0 54 10					
			0 56 38					
			0 56 44					
			0 58 16			*4000		
			1 01 18			*2000		
			1 50 00					
2 02 05								
8	M _n	M _n	3 09 00			*200	965?	Direction north?
13	L _n	M _n	7 34 55			*200		Distance and direction unknown.
			7 39 55					
			7 41 00					
			8 07 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights*—Continued.

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 26	P _n	L _n	6 33 32				4,830	Direction unknown.
			6 04 00					
			6 14 52					
			6 15 00		*2000			
			6 18 07					
			6 16 04			*3000		
27	P _n	L _n	12 27 30				465	Direction north.
			12 27 32					
			12 28 28					
			12 28 32					
			12 28 56		*39000			
			12 29 04			*68000		
30	P _n	L _n	17 51 14				300	Direction probably westerly.
			17 51 18					
			17 51 50					
			17 51 53					
			17 52 04			*40000		
			17 52 30		*53000			
30	P _n	L _n	18 00 22					
			18 00 57					
			18 00 58					
			18 01 05			*19000		
			18 01 24					
			18 16 49		*20000			
30	M _n	M _n	22 20 03					
			22 20 04					

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 17.5 \\ N & 10 & 18.0 \end{cases}$

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.					
June 8	e _n	S _n	0 56 51	4				Beginning uncertain.				
			0 59 18									
			1 01 05	24								
			1 01 05	28								
			1 05 00	21	100							
			1 08 00	17		110						
			1 11 —	15								
			1 14 —	13								
			1 57 —	13								
			2 05 —	13								
			13	e _n	S _n	7 07 15						Beginning uncertain; N-S so thinly smoked that part of record could not be seen.
						7 09 43						
						7 18 36	13					
7 18 48												
7 38 —	35											
7 39 —	24											
7 40 —	21	20										
7 40 —	22					10						
8 01 —	18											
9 03 —												
9 08 —												
26	e _n	S _n				6 09 01	6				Beginning uncertain; N-S so thinly smoked that part of record could not be seen.	
						6 09 36	8					
			6 15 11	12								
			6 16 54	14								
			6 40 45	33								
			6 40 48	32								
			6 43 00	26	400							
			6 43 28	28		70						
			7 04 —	15								
			9 04 —									
			30	P _n	L _n	17 51 30	4					
						17 54 33	4					
						17 57 37	10					
17 57 39	7											
18 00 13	20											
18 00 15	19											
18 03 20	18	10										
18 06 31	14					10						
18 20 —												
18 20 —												

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 41° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
June 1	e.	17 08 00				
	F.	17 10				
3	e.	7 06 03				
	F.	7 15				
4	L.	1 57 50				
	F.	2 10				
8	P?	0 59 00				3,050?
	ST.	1 03 47				
	L.	1 08 06				
	F.	2 15				
8	e.	3 07 00				
	L.	3 15 30				
	F.	3 30				
10	P.	4 40 00				4,400
	S.	4 46 10				
	F.	4 53 35				
13	e.	7 02 32				
	L.	7 12 16	16			
	L.	7 19 00	20			
	F.	7 48 00	16			
24	e.	20 08 52				
	F.	20 45				
26	e.	6 04 15				
	S.	6 14 35				
	L.	6 22 00				
	F.	6 40 00	40			
29	L.	16 28 30				
	F.	16 50				
30	P.	17 57 33				4,100?
	ST.	18 03 26				
	L.	18 10 45				
	F.	18 30				

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
June 1	eP _w	17 07 10				
	eP _w ?	17 07 14				
	is _w	17 07 35				
	is _w	17 07 40				
	eL?	17 09 23	8			
	L _w	17 10 30	8			
	F.	17 20				
3	eP _w	7 06 13				
	is _w	7 06 35				
	EL _w ?	7 07 48	10			
	is _w	7 09 30				
	L _w	7 09 36	10			
3	ePT.	19 53 36				
	F.	20 15	8			
4	OT.	1 37 45				7,100?
	ePT.	1 37 18				
	S _w	1 45 52				
	S _w	1 46 05				
	L.	1 57 00	20			
	F.	2 00	18-17			
4	L _w	2 16	12			
	F.	2 30				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Continued.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.		
June 3	OT.	0 51 19					Press report San Salvador destroyed. [See p. 317.]		
	eP?	0 58 17				3,730?			
	IP _w	0 58 24							
	is _w	1 03 48							
	eL?	1 08 00	28						
	M.	1 10 00	20-18	30	60				
	L.	1 15	18-13						
	L.	1 32	12						
	LR1?	3 19	13						
	F.	3 55							
	9	sw.	17 57 18						
		eL _w	18 03 18						
		L.	18 05	18					
L.		18 11	18						
F.		18 23	15						
10	O.	4 32 30				3,940			
	IP _w	4 39 44							
	I.	4 41 10							
	S _w	4 45 28							
	eL.	4 50 00	10						
	M.	4 54 42	20-13	17	80				
12	L.	5 13	8						
	L.	5 30	7						
	F.	6 30							
12	e.	2 03 47					Felt in lower St. Lawrence.		
	L.	2 04 07							
	F.	2 06							
13	O.	6 48 50				9,450			
	eP?	7 01 25							
	eS _w ?	7 11 50							
	is _w	7 11 58							
16	eL _w	7 29 24	17				Fine sinusoidal waves at M.		
	L.	7 35	20						
	M.	7 50	17	10	30				
	L.	7 55	16						
	M.	8 05	15						
	ME.	8 10	15						
	LR1 _w ?	8 48	27						
	L.	9 10	20						
	LR2 _w ?	10 06	17						
	F.	10 25							
	16	e.	15 55 56						
		e.	16 03 20						
eL.		16 09 42	18-18						
F.		16 30							
16	e.	22 57 08							
	eL _w	23 09 18	11						
	eL _w	23 10 42	18						
	F.	23 30							
22	O.	5 22 45				5,850			
	P.	5 37 54							
	S.	5 45 11							
	L.	5 53 18	20						
24	OT.	19 54 55				7,960?			
	P?	20 06 14							
	S.	20 16 32							
	eL?	20 39 48	17						
	L.	20 50	17						
	L.	21 06	16						
	F.	21 18	12						
26	O.	5 50 53				10,000			
	IP _w	6 03 55							
	S _w	6 14 53							
	eL _w	6 32	20						
	eL _w	6 34	40						
	M.	6 47	20	70	140				
	L.	7 00	16						
	L.	7 45	15-16						
	LR1.	8 02	24						
	L.	8 08	18-19						
	LR2 _w	9 53	24						
27	sw.	12 03					Apparently several quakes.		
	is _w	12 16 32							
	L _w	12 26 48	13						
	is _w	12 34 00	2						
	is _w	12 35 35	2						
27	O.	12 55 58				1,910			
	P.	12 40 00							
	S.	12 43 15							
	L _w	12 45 00	25						
	L _w	12 46 36	22						
	F.	14 00							

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					Am	An		

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Continued.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 28	eLw.	14 47 —	20				
	L.	14 55 —	18				
	F.	15 20 —					
29	O?	16 06 53				4,050?	
	Pa.	16 14 15					
	S.	16 20 05					
	eLw.	16 22 54	8				
	eL.	16 23 54	8				
	M.	16 27 54	8		50		
	L.	16 30 —	8				
30	L.	16 35 —	6				
	F.	17 05 —	6				
	O.	17 50 25				4,150	
	Pa.	17 57 54					
	S.	18 03 50					
	L.	18 10 00	24				
	L.	18 15 —	18-15				
	L.	18 35 —	15				
	F.	18 50 —					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.

Instrumental constant. T_p . 18. Pillar deviation, 1mm., swing of boom = 0.50".

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 3	P?	19 48 48					
	L.	19 59 42					
	eL.	20 02 12					
	M.	20 04 12		*300			
	F.	20 17 00					
	4	P?	1 36 36				6,790
S.		1 44 54					
L.		1 57 06					
IL.		2 00 30					
M.		2 01 48	18-24	*1900			
L.		2 33 24	18-24				
4	P?	3 41 30					
	L.	8 30 06					
	M.	8 31 36		*200			
	F.	8 35 06					
6	L.	5 01 30					
	M.	5 08 48		*200			
	F.	5 35 00					
6	P?	16 35 30					Doubtful as to being seismic.
	ST.	16 43 06					
	L.	16 54 12					
	M.	16 56 48		*200			
	F.	17 08 48					
7	L.	3 14 36					
	L.	3 17 42					
	M.	3 19 00		*400			
8	S.	1 03 00				3,792	San Salvador quake. P not recorded. Distance from L-S.
	L.	1 06 00					
	L.	1 07 00					
	IL.	1 07 48					
	M.	1 08 54	18-24	*5700			
9	L.	3 17 54					
	F.	4 04 36					
	L.	18 03 00					Phases interfered with on account of attention to instrument.
10	M.	18 05 00		700			P?
	S.	4 45 18					
	L.	4 52 00					
	IL.	4 54 18					
	M.	4 54 36		*1800			
	F.	5 39 48					
13	P?	7 00 42				9,400?	Distinctly defined. Waves well defined at maxima.
	e.	7 06 42					
	S.	7 11 12					
	eL.	7 42 00					
	M.	7 48 18	18-24	*4800			
	M.	7 53 12	18-24	*3300			
	M.	7 59 12	18	*2500			
	L _{rep} .	8 57 12					
	L _{rep} .	9 50 12					
	F.	10 30 18					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					Am	An		

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service—Continued.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 10	L.	16 08 42		*50			
	F.	16 23 54					
16	L.	16 35 06		*50			
	F.	16 52 06					
22	L.	5 59 00					
	M.	6 00 24		*200			
	F.	6 18 54					
24	P?	20 07 18				4,780	S waves well defined.
	IS.	20 13 48					
	M.	20 18 12		*300			
	L.	20 49 12					
26	F.	22 17 12					
	P.	6 04 18				9,650	Clear record, well defined and continuous large vibrations. P and S well marked.
	IP.	6 07 36		*800			
	S.	6 15 00		*5000			
	L.	6 32 24	18				
	IL.	6 42 00					
	IL.	6 49 06	18-24				
	M.	6 51 06	18-24	*2000			
	IL.	6 59 00					
	M.	7 00 18		*11000			
	IL.	7 02 18					
27	IL.	7 10 30					
	L _{rep} .	8 04 18					
	L _{rep} .	8 20 36					
	F.	10 51 36					
	e.	12 04 18					May be a dual earthquake.
	e.	12 26 12					
28	P.	12 39 24					
	S.	12 43 24					
	eL.	12 46 24					
	M.	12 48 24		*1400			
	M.	12 51 06		*1400			
	L _{rep} .	13 23 36					
28	eL.	14 48 18		*400			Amplitude doubtful. Some phases lost attending instrument.
	eL.	15 06 54					
29	S.	16 19 24					P not recorded.
	IL.	16 26 00					
	M.	16 26 42		*400			
	FT.	17 13 00					
30	ST.	18 01 36					Beginning of disturbance lost during attention to instrument. Time of S doubtful.
	S.	18 02 00					
	eL.	18 09 30					
	M.	18 11 30		*800			
	F.	19 16 24					

* Trace amplitude.

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.

Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.

Instrumental constant. T_p . 15. Pillar deviation, 1 mm., swing of boom = 0.54".

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
June 3	P.	19 41 35					
	L.	19 44 04					
	M.	19 46 20		*400			
4	F.	19 50 23					
	P.	1 32 52				1,610	
	S.	1 35 39					
	L.	1 38 46					
	M.	1 42 42		*2000			
4	F.	2 00 55					
	P.	VERTICAL.		A ₂			S?
4	L.	1 52 52	5				
	L.	1 58 52	2 1/2				
	M.	1 59 52	2 1/2		8		
4	P.	8 10 45					
	M.	8 12 43		*100			
	F.	8 15 40					
6	L.	4 44 17					
	M.	4 46 11		*200			
	F.	5 07 00					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1917—Concluded.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Per-iod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		
1917.								
June 7	P or S.		H. m. s. 16 22 11					
	L.		16 37 23			*50		F?
7	P?		2 55 25					1,100
	S.		2 57 24					
	L.		2 59 52					
	M.		3 00 52			*200		
	F.		3 05 50					
8	P?		1 04 16					4,020
	IP.		1 06 16					
	S.		1 10 04					
	L.		1 14 36					
	M.		1 19 31			*14000		
	L _{resp.}		3 26 10					
	L _{resp.}		3 29 10					
	F.		3 53 54					
	VERTICAL.							
	P.		1 04 18	3		A _s		5,100
	S.		1 11 04	6				
	L.		1 19 06	18				
	M.		1 50 28	14		*25		
9	P.		17 41 31					
	L.		17 44 59					
	M.		17 47 28			*200		
	F.		18 04 49					
10	P.		4 33 34					550
	L.		4 34 34					
	M.		4 35 33			*3000		
	F.		4 55 23					
	VERTICAL.							
	P.		4 53 34	2		A _s		550
	L.		4 52 30	6-8				
	M.		4 58 08	9		*35		
	F.		4 48 00					
10	L.		6 04 18					
	M.		6 08 18			*200		
	F.		6 13 44					
13	P.		7 05 12					6,380
	S.		7 13 09					
	L.		7 23 05					
	M.		7 31 59			*2000		
	L _{resp.}		9 40 05					
	F.		10 00 14					
	VERTICAL.							
	P.		7 05 12	3		A _s		
	L.		7 20 30	6				
	M.		7 38 48	20		7		
16	P or L.		15 50 30					1,120
	M.		15 52 26			*50		
	F.		15 57 24					
	VERTICAL.							
	P or L.		16 50 30	6		A _s		1,180
	M.		16 52 30	7		5		
22	P?		5 39 43					
	L.		5 40 42					
	M.		5 42 11			*200		
	F.		5 45 40					
24	P.		20 11 23					
	F.		20 58 59					
26	P.		6 01 56					7,510
	S.		6 10 51					
	L.		6 25 14					
	M.		6 30 41			*18000		
	IL.		7 23 46					
	L.		8 15 52					
	L.		8 19 18					
	L _{resp.}		9 35 58					
	L _{resp.}		9 42 16					
	L.		9 46 16					
	L.		9 52 58					
	F.		10 22 45					
	VERTICAL.							
	P.		6 08 00	6		A _s		8,800
	S.		6 11 30	12				
	L.		6 25 06	18-20				
	M.		6 27 21	20		63		
27	P.		12 56 26					
	M.		13 01 24			*200		
	F.		13 09 50					
28	P.		14 34 08					
	M.		14 37 06			*200		
	F.		14 42 33					
29	P.		18 23 30					
	M.		18 28 57			*100		
	F.		18 33 37					
30	P.		18 21 46					
	M.		18 30 41			*100		
	F.		18 40 37					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports. (Instrumental.)

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Per-iod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.								
Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V T_0^2 \\ E 80 23 \\ N 50 25 \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} \epsilon \\ 0 \\ 4.1 \end{matrix}$								
1917.								
Mar. 29	es.		H. m. s. 2 17 53					
	eL?		2 20 11	24				
	M?		2 28 04	20				
	L.		2 46 59	10				
	F?		3 00 —					
29	L?		3 08 00	10				
	F?		3 08 20					
Apr. 21	O?		0 58 10					8,450?
	Is.		1 12 55	3				
	Is.		1 12 55	2				
	Is.		1 13 37	10				
	L.		1 29 46	20				
	L.		1 38 56	18				
	L.		1 45 56	20				
	F?		2 04 30					

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Washington, D. C., June 8, 1917.
 Dispatches from American Minister Long at San Salvador sent at 9 o'clock last night while the volcano of San Salvador was erupting said part of the city had been destroyed by fire but that it was under control. Great damage was done.

Washington, D. C., June 8, 1917.
 A dispatch said that about 6:35 p. m. yesterday severe earthquake shocks began and continued until about 8:45 with varying degrees of intensity. At about 8:45 the volcano of San Salvador began to belch forth fire and smoke apparently on the side toward Quezaltepeque. There was later one very severe shock, but the tremors of the earth continued with decreasing violence. At the same time there was a steady shower of dry ashes falling over the city. (Assoc. Press.)

Rome, June 11, 1917.
 Four violent earthquakes early to-day caused a panic at Terni. Dispatches received here assert considerable damage was done. All inhabitants of the town fled to the open fields and are now camping out there, fearing further earth tremors. Terni is a town of about 31,000 population, located in the Province of Perugia, 49 miles northeast of Rome. A big Government arsenal is there. The town is famed for its Roman ruins and a cathedral. (Assoc. Press.)

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, June 14, 1917.
 Several earthquake shocks of varying intensity were felt here yesterday and to-day, but no damage has been reported.
 The various relief committees are distributing provisions to the destitute, and shelters are being built to house the thousands of homeless who at present are encamped on the streets. The wounded are being attended by the Red Cross. Several bodies have been recovered at Armenia and Quezaltepeque. The tracks of the Occidental Railway are covered by streams of lava. Several craters of the volcano have formed into one. (—)

Seward, Alaska, June 18, 1917.
 The Pavlof and Shishaldin Volcanoes on the Alaskan Peninsula were in violent action late in May and early in June, according to word brought here to-day by the steamer *Dora*. Smoke and flames poured forth night and day from the Pavlof crater. An earthquake shock¹ lasting two minutes, of such force that people left their homes, was felt at Unga at 10 p. m., May 30. There have been continuous tremors since the National Geographic Society expedition, led by Dr. Robert F. Briggs of the University of Ohio, left Kodiak to visit Katmai last week. Katmai, Redoubt, Lliamna, and St. Augustine Volcanoes also are active, according to report. (Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

**MEMORANDUM ON THE MISSOURI EARTHQUAKE OF
APRIL 9, 1917.**

By **SIDNEY PAIGE.**

[Communicated to the U. S. Weather Bureau by the Director of the U. S. Geological Survey, June 30, 1917.] ¹

The origin of the earthquake is almost certainly connected with a well-defined fault zone trending in a general northwest-southeast direction, and located about 12 to 15 miles southwest of Sainte Genevieve. The course of this fault zone changes radically at a point about 3 miles south-southeast of Weingarten. Northwest of this point the zone trends N. 35°-40° W., but east of the point it swings to the east and follows a S. 85° E. direction for at least 10 miles, beyond which it again follows a more southerly course.

An appreciable movement along any portion of this fault zone should produce vibrations most intense along the fault zone (omitting differences in the character of the rocks involved) and growing less at a distance from the fault zone. A map on which are plotted isoseismals should therefore show a roughly elliptical area, the longer axis of which would be approximately parallel to the fault zone and dependent for its length upon the distance over which movement took place. (All fault movements die out at some point.)

The longer axis of the elliptical area outlined on the isoseismal map [published in this REVIEW, April, 1917, p. 188] trends, however, slightly east of north, and not northwesterly, as might be expected considering the trend of the fault zone. This may be due to several causes. An isoseismal map can be used to discover the locus of earth movement or cause of the disturbance only in a

most general way unless the geologic structure and material of the general region and of the particular place from which the data are derived be taken into consideration.

Areas of semiconsolidated or wholly loose material, such as flood-plain deposits or very recent geologic formations, are subject to more intense vibration than older consolidated formations and massive igneous rocks. It is therefore not surprising that the generalized isoseismals in the figure referred to do not reveal a relationship to the northwest trending fault zone mentioned above. Isoseismals drawn on complete geologic maps, where abundant records are available, bring out to an astonishing degree the dependence of relative shock upon geologic structure and material. (Note the San Francisco earthquake data.)

In the case under consideration, the flood-plain deposits of the Mississippi in the southern part of the area have served to increase intensity of shock in this direction, and thus masked the relation of disturbance to the fault zone. More abundant and more evenly distributed records on the northwest quarter would probably have corrected the apparent disagreement in this portion of the area. The extension of the No. V intensity eastward to Vienna is probably an expression of the relation of shock to the easterly trending fault zone. Moreover, the fault zone under consideration is a most irregular one, characterized by many short branching and intersecting faults, permitting movement to take place within restricted areas. Thus, intensities might vary along the fault in a most irregular manner, complicating the interpretation of the data for an isoseismal map. Such seems to be the nature of the data on hand.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE INSTRUMENTAL REPORTS.

CHARACTER OF THE EARTHQUAKE.

- I = noticeable.
- II = conspicuous.
- III = strong.
- d = (terræ motus domesticus) = local earthquake (sensible or felt).
- v = (terræ motus vicinus) = near-by earthquake (within 1,000 km.).
- r = (terræ motus remotus) = distant earthquake (1,000 to 5,000 km. distant).
- u = (terræ motus ultimus) = very distant earthquake (beyond 5,000 km.).
- Δ = distance to epicenter.

PHASES.

- P = (undæ primæ) = first preliminary tremors.
- PR_n = P waves reflected *n* times at the earth's surface.
- S = (undæ secundæ) = second preliminary tremors.
- SR_n = S waves reflected *n* times at the earth's surface.
- PS = transformed waves; longitudinal (P) to transversal (S) or vice versa.
- L = (undæ longæ) = long waves in the principal portion.

- M = (undæ maximæ) = greatest motion in the principal portion.
- C = (coda) = trailers.
- O = time at epicenter.
- L_{rep1} = Long waves reaching the station from the anti-epicenter (40,000 km. - Δ).
- L_{rep2} = long waves again reaching the station from the antiepicenter (40,000 km. + Δ).
- F = (finis) = end of perceptible trace.

NATURE OF THE MOTION.

- i = (impetus) = abrupt beginning.
 - e = (emersio) = gradual appearance.
 - T = period = twice the time of oscillation.
 - A = amplitude of the earth's movement, reckoned from the zero line.
 - E, N, or Z attached to a symbol signifies the E-W, the N-S, or the vertical component, respectively, thus:
 - A_E is the E-W component of A.
 - A_N is the N-S component of A.
 - A_Z is the vertical component of A.
- } Measured in microns
(μ), 1000 mm.

INSTRUMENTAL CONSTANTS.

- T = period of instrument.
- V = magnification of instrument.
- ε = damping ratio.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR JULY, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Sept. 4, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, July, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
7	H. m. (Morning)	Owens	36 40	113 01	6-7	1	M. s.		Broke aqueduct.....	Wm. Mulholland.
7	20 57	San Luis Obispo	35 18	120 39	3	2	7		Rattled windows.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
8	3 20	Santa Maria	34 58	120 27	2-3	1	10			Henry Neil, jr.
9	5 15	Bishop	37 24	118 28	3	1		Rumbling.....		William Barth.
9	22 22	San Luis Obispo	35 18	120 39	4	1	2	Loud.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.
15	19 05	Mt. Wilson	34 13	118 16	4	2	2	Rumbling.....	House creaked.....	Wendell P. Hoge.
16	6 50	Calexico	32 41	115 30	2	1	1	Rumbling.....	Sounds before shock.....	H. M. Rouse.
21	16 50	Ferndale	40 35	124 16	3	3		None.....		M. Eriksen.
26	8 31	San Luis Obispo	35 18	120 39	2	1	2	None.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Santa Maria	34 58	120 27	4-5	3	15		Moved furniture.....	R. E. Collom.
PORTO RICO.										
13	6 20	Mayaguez	18 13	67 08	5	3	28	Faint.....		C. Alemar, jr.
27	2 01	Mayaguez	18 13	67 08	6		20	Faint.....		C. Alemar, jr.
		San Juan	18 29	66 07	6	2	5		Clock stopped.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, July, 1917. (Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.) [For significance of symbols see above, p. 272.]

Table header for Alaska Sitka Magnetic Observatory. Columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude (A_N, A_W), Distance, Remarks.

Alaska. Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: V T_0 (E 10 16.6, N 10 15.4)

Main data table for Alaska Sitka Magnetic Observatory. Columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude, Distance, Remarks.

Arizona. Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: V T_0 (E 10 13.9, N 10 18.9)

Main data table for Arizona Tucson Magnetic Observatory. Columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude, Distance, Remarks.

California. Berkeley. University of California.

Lat., 37° 52' 18" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

Table header for California Point Loma Raja Yoga Academy. Columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude, Distance, Remarks.

California. Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 61.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

(Report for July, 1917, not received.)

California. Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 28' 38" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

District of Columbia. Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants: V T_0 (110 6.4)

Main data table for District of Columbia Washington U. S. Weather Bureau. Columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude, Distance, Remarks.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, July, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _μ	A _N		

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 195 & 5.4 & 0 \\ Z & 89 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.		
July 4	e _N	0 57 13					Microseisms present. No distinct maximum.	
	e _S	0 57 21						
	e _L	1 07 13						
	L	1 31 31						
	F	2 33 00						
13	e _P	5 19 05						
	S _N	5 22 52						
	S _μ	5 22 54						
	e _L	5 23 06						
	F	6 10 00						
14	e _N	21 31 34					Microseisms present. All phases doubtful.	
	e _S	21 31 36						
	S	21 43 04						
	e _L	21 50 04						
	F	22 15 00						
25	e _P	3 38 13					Microseisms present.	
	S _N	3 36 31						
	S _μ	3 36 37						
	e _L	3 49 00						
	F	4 45 00						
25	e	3 23 57					S not discernible.	
	e _L	3 49 58						
	L	3 51 58	30					
	F	4 11 00						
	VERTICAL.							
25	e	22 42 43					Very difficult to interpret. All phases doubtful.	
	e _S	22 50 17						
	e _L	23 03 17						
	F	23 40 00						
	VERTICAL.							
27	i _P	1 06 11					F lost in succeeding quake.	
	i _S	1 10 02						
	e _L	1 11 48						
	M _N	1 16 52	10	*1960				
	M _μ	1 17 00	9	*3720				
27	P	1 06 16					No distinct maximum.	
	S	1 10 16						
	e _L	1 12 18						
	F	2 35 ..						
	VERTICAL.							
27	e _P	3 02 46					No distinct maximum.	
	i _S	3 12 01						
	L	3 17 00	11					
	F	4 00 ..						
	VERTICAL.							
27	e _P	3 02 41					No distinct maximum.	
	S	3 12 09						
	L	3 33 30	24					
	F	4 00 ..						
	VERTICAL.							
27	e _P	16 20 11					No distinct maximum.	
	e _S	16 20 13						
	S _N	16 24 09						
	S _μ	16 24 13						
	e _L	16 25 00	17					
29	e _N	14 44 49					e possibly sooner. Microseisms present.	
	L	15 23 30						
	L	15 24 48						
	F	16 01 ..						
	VERTICAL.							
29	e _N	22 11 42					F lost in changing	
	e _S	22 12 00						
	S _N	22 15 06						
	S _μ	22 15 08						
	e _L	22 16 18						
30	e	22 25 00					Microseisms present.	
	F	1 ..	13					
	VERTICAL.							
	e	12 29 24						
	L	13 08 ..						
30	L	13 20 ..					F?	
	VERTICAL.							

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _μ	A _N		

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University—Contd.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
July 31	e _N	0 13 24					e _N and S _N not discernible.
	e _S	0 20 44					
	e _L	0 50 42					
	L	0 56 08	24				
	L	1 01 ..	30				
	F	1 30 ..					
31	e _P	3 36 04					
	e _S	3 36 07					
	S _N	3 45 38					
	S _μ	3 46 07					
	e _L	3 51 15					
	F	4 40 ..					

Colorado. Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.

A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
July 27	P _N	1 14 00					Chilean quake. Good record but P and S do not appear on E-W component. E-W record much less satisfactory than N-S.
	S _N	1 13 00					
	L _N	1 23 00	15-20	*1,500			
	L _μ	1 25 00	10-12	*1,000			
	M _N	1 27 00	22	*2,500			
	M _μ	1 27 00	21	*1,200			
	C _N	1 28 00					
	C _μ	1 29 00	8				
	F _N	1 32 00					
	F _μ	1 37 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{T_1} = 18.5$

(Report for July, 1917, not received.)

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 177 & 3.4 & 4.1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for July, 1917, not received.)

Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 33 \\ N & 10 & 25 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.		
July 25	e _N	2 42 36						
	e _S	2 43 29						
	e _L	2 49 22	16					
	e _L	2 49 36	16					
	M _N	2 53 28	14	10				
	M _μ	2 54 39	12		20			
	C	2 55 00						
	F	3 07 00						
	VERTICAL.							

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, July, 1917—Continued.

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _w			
1917. July 31			<i>H. m. s.</i>	7	μ	μ	km.		
			S _m ?						0 23 51
			eL _m ?						0 51 17
			L						0 51 29
			L						0 55 11
			L						1 02 51
			F						1 38 43
31			O	5 23 58			8,710	Masked by microseisms.	
			P _m	3 35 56					
			P _w	3 36 03	2				
			S _w	3 45 52	10				
			S _m	3 46 05	6				
			i _m	3 48 50	10				
			i _w	3 49 32					
			eL _m	3 52 34					
			eL _w	3 52 53	16				
			F	4 48 17					

Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{80}$ $\frac{T_0}{7}$ $\frac{a}{5.1}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _w			
1917. July 25	I _m	187	<i>H. m. s.</i>	21	35	00	2,500		
			P						22 00
			eP						0 07 00
27	III _r		S	0 12 00			2,500		
			L	0 14 30					
			M _w	0 15 00	24	10			
			F	1 22 00					
27	III _r	1P _m	2 03 00			4,400			
			S _m	2 11 30					
			F	2 27 00					
27	II _r	e	7 45 00						
			F	8 00 00					
29	I _m	e	22 19 00						
			F	22 25 00					
31	I _m	e	0 53 00						
			F	1 36 00					
31	I _m	e	1 44 00						
			F	2 04 00					

New York. Buffalo. Canisius College. John A. Curtin, S. J.

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 100.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. horizontal.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{80}$ $\frac{T_0}{7}$ $\frac{a}{5.1}$

(Report for July, 1917, not received.)

New York. Fordham. Fordham University. Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N}$ $\frac{T_0}{72}$ $\frac{a}{6.6}$ $\frac{1.5:1}{3.8:1}$

(Report for July, 1917, not received.)

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 53" N.; long., 76° 29' 00" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omor, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N}$ $\frac{T_0}{13}$ $\frac{a}{22}$ $\frac{4:1}{4:1}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _w			
1917. July 1			<i>H. m. s.</i>	3	μ	μ	km.		
			e _w						13 37 03
			e _m						13 37 03
			L _m						13 39 30
			L _w						13 40 15
			P _m						13 43 30
			F _w						13 44 00

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.								
					A _m	A _w										
1917. July 4			<i>H. m. s.</i>	9	μ	μ	km.									
			e _w						1 11 40							
			e _m						1 11 41							
			eL _m						1 27 18							
			eL _w						1 21 13							
			P _m						2 09 00							
			F _w						2 17 00							
			13								e _w	5 19 20	4			
											e _m	5 22 11	4			
											e _w	5 23 12	4			
											e _m	5 23 22	3			
											F _w	5 30 00				
			25								e _w	3 35 28	6			
eL _w	3 44 32	36														
F _w	4 28 00															
27			P _w	1 05 55	4											
			S _w	1 10 21	3											
			L _w	1 12 13	16											
			M _w	1 13 50	19	*2,200										
			L _w	1 16 37	14											
27			M _w	1 20 03	12	*2,800										
			F _w	2 45 00												
			eP _w	3 02 27	4											
27			S _w	3 12 01	9											
			L _w	3 28 06	28											
			F _w	4 13 00												
27			e _w	16 24 29	7											
			L _w	16 26 20	24											
			F _w	16 54 00												
29			L _w	22 51 43	32											
			F _w	24 19 00												

* Trace amplitude.

Panama Canal Zone. Balboa Heights. Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omor, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{10}$ $\frac{T_0}{20}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		
1917. July 1			<i>H. m. s.</i>	0	24	17		Distance and direction?
			M _w						0 25 18
11			M _w	7 26 16		*100	Slight movement.	
			M _w	7 26 16		*200		
27			P _w	1 04 48			Direction N?	
			P _w	1 04 50				
			B _w	1 07 46				
			L _w	1 09 16				
			L _w	1 09 24				
			M _w	1 05 06	*9,000			
			M _w	1 07 56	*10,000			
27			P _w	2 59 36			Direction N?	
			L _w	3 05 31				
			L _w	3 05 36				
			M _w	3 05 54		*1,500		
			M _w	3 09 42		*500		

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 08' 48" N.; long., 65° 26' 54" W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omor.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N}$ $\frac{T_0}{10}$ $\frac{a}{17.5}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.			
					A _m	A _w					
1917. July 13			<i>H. m. s.</i>	3	μ	μ	km.				
			eP _w						5 14 25		
			eS _w						5 14 48		
			eS _w						5 14 55		
			eL _w						5 15 20	8	100
			M _w						5 15 43	5	
			M _w						5 15 35	90	
			C						5 17 00		
			F						5 26 00		

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, July, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.								
1917. July 27	P.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Both needles went off the sheet at 18 00-19. Neither instrument was recording during what was probably the maximum part of the disturbance.
	eL ₁		1 02 02					
	eL ₂		1 02 26		7,000	6,800		
	C.		1 11 00					
	F.		2 40 00					
27	P.		16 16 02					The end of the E-W record was confused by wind tremors.
	S.		16 16 35					
	L.		16 16 54					
	M ₁		16 17 06	18		720		
	M ₂		16 17 26	15	920			
29	P.		6 10 50					Time of phases on E-W uncertain on account of time-marking device not working properly.
	P ₂		6 10 52					
	L ₁		6 11 02					
	L ₂		6 11 06					
	M ₁		6 11 10			50		
	M ₂		6 11 25		70			
	C.		6 12 00					
	F.		6 18 00					

Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_3 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
1917. July 1	St.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	L.		13 38 20					
	F.		13 51 00					
4	L.		1 35 00					
	F.		2 15 ..					
25	P.		3 28 17				6,400	
	S.		3 36 15					
	L.		3 45 40					
	L.		3 50 00	20				
	F.		4 00 ..					
25	e.		22 45 12					No phases discernible.
	F.		23 15 ..					
27	P.		1 06 38				2,875	
	S.		1 11 12					
	L.		1 14 15					
	F.		2 30 ..					
27	P.		3 02 21				9,450	
	S.		3 12 54					
	L.		3 31 35					
	F.		4 00 ..					
27	e?		16 27 15					
	L.		16 31 15					
	F.		17 00 ..					
29	eL		15 12 30					24
	L.		15 20 40					
	F.		15 48 ..					
29	e.		22 13 40					20
	L.		22 32 00					
	L.		22 37 00					
	L.		23 02 00					
30	F.		0 15 ..					
31	eL		0 57 00					20
	L.		1 01 00					
	F.		1 15 00					
31	e.		3 38 50					
	St.		3 44 56					
	L.		3 55 25					
	L.		4 00 ..					
	F.		4 00 ..					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake. Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80kg. vertical seismograph.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_3 \\ E & 10 & 26 \end{matrix}$								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
1917. July 1			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	I.		13 36 59	2				
	I.		13 37 33	4				
	L ₁		13 48 00	24				
	F.		14 00 00					
4	O?		0 48 44				4,800?	
	eP ₁		0 57 06					
	IP ₁		0 57 11	2				
	IS ₁		1 03 38					
	IS ₂		1 03 42					
	eL ₁		1 11 ..	14				
	eL ₂		1 12 ..	14				
	L.		1 25 ..	40				
	L.		1 32 ..	30				
	L.		1 38 ..	20				
	L.		1 44 ..	19				
	L.		1 49 ..	15				
	L.		2 09 ..	16				
	F.		2 22 ..	16				
	F.		2 40 ..					
4	O?		5 48 55				4,720?	
	IP?		5 55 04					
	IS?		6 01 31					
	eL?		6 09 00	20				
	L.		6 32 ..	32				
	L.		6 37 ..	27				
	L.		6 42 ..	20				
	L.		6 45 ..	17-14				
	L.		7 01 ..					
	F.		7 10 ..					
12	eL		12 41 24	20-25				
	L.		12 45 ..	22				
	L.		13 00 ..	18				
	F.		14 00 ..					
13	O?		5 16 47				4,400?	
	eP?		5 24 34					
	IP ₁		5 25 41					
	IP ₂		5 26 13					
	eS?		5 30 27	8				
	eS?		5 30 31					
	L.		5 30 50					
	eL.		5 34 12	14				
	L.		5 40 ..	14				
	F.		6 00 ..					
15	e _N		10 45 00	4				
	e _N		10 47 24	4				
	e _N		10 50 48	7				
	e _N		10 54 32	6				
	eL _N		11 00 42	16				
	L _N		11 05 ..	20				
	F.		11 33 ..					
25	O.		5 19 18				5,680	
	IP.		3 28 22					
	IS.		3 35 40					
	eL.		3 44 18	8				
	L.		3 50 ..	16				
	F.		4 10 ..	13				
25	O.		22 32 54				5,710	
	IP.		22 42 07					
	IS.		22 49 23	6				
	eL.		22 58 04	8				
	L.		23 04 ..	16				
	L.		23 14 ..	7				
	F.		23 28 ..	7				
27	O.		1 01 16				2,900	
	eP _N		1 07 02					
	IP _N		1 07 04					
	IS.		1 11 39	8				
	eL _N		1 13 30	20				
	L _N		1 16 00	14				
	M _N		1 22 42	12		190		
	L.		1 30 ..	14				
	L.		1 55 ..	12				
	L.		2 07 ..	14				
	L.		2 38 ..	12				

Merges into succeeding quake.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, July, 1917—Continued.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude (A_N, A_S), Distance, Remarks. Rows include data for Ottawa, Dominion Astronomical Observatory, with various phase readings (e.g., eL, L, F) and remarks such as 'No record from seismograph'.

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service. Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay. Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian. Instrumental constant. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.50". (Report for July, 1917, not received.)

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service. Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock. Instruments: Wiechert, vertical. Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian. Instrumental constant. 18. Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.54". (Report for July, 1917, not received.)

TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports (instrumental).

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T., Amplitude (A_N, A_S), Distance, Remarks. Rows include data for New York, Ithaca, Cornell University, Heinrich Ries. Includes phase readings (e.g., eN, eS, eL) and remarks like 'Time clock not correct'.

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Rome, July 9, 1917.

Pope Benedict was awakened by an earth shock which shook the whole of Rome early Sunday morning. Many people dressed, others left their homes, fearing a second shock. The Pope inquired as to the extent of the earthquake and learned there was no damage or victims. The shock was specially felt at Avezzano, which was practically destroyed in the earthquake of January, 1915. (Assoc. Press.)

Pago Pago, Tutuila, American Samoa (July 10, 1917, mail correspondence).

The earthquake experienced here *June 25* was the severest shock in 50 years. After the tremor subsided a small tidal wave caused many people to take to the hillside for safety. The wave receded as suddenly as it came. The center of the disturbance was about 70 miles southwest of Samoa. Reports from Tonga stated that it was

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

felt severely in that group, while at Keppet's Island the waters of the lagoon rose high on the island and left thousands of fish as they receded. (Assoc. Press.)

Catania, Sicily, July 16, 1917.

The most recent eruption of Mount Etna, although very brief, caused a panic among the population of the near-by districts in consequence of the enormous quantity of lava discharged, which surpassed previous records. (Assoc. Press.)

Buenos Aires, July 27, 1917.

An earthquake of great intensity in Chile was reported from Santiago in dispatches received to-day by La Nacion. The tremors have been felt in Santiago, Cordia, San Luis, Mendoza, Rosario, and Tucuman. In Buenos Aires slight tremors were noticeable. (Assoc. Press.)

Washington, D. C., July 31, 1917.

Official dispatches to the Chilean Embassy yesterday deny widely-published reports from Santiago, of an earthquake with great damage to Chilean cities. At the same time a quake was reported from Chile there actually was an earth disturbance in Argentina. (Assoc. Press.)

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR AUGUST, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Oct. 2, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, August, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917. Aug. 3	H. m. 4 20	Cahulla.....	33 32	116 43	4	1	M. s. 0 3	Rumbling.....		Dr. Wm. L. Shawk.
19	6 00	Boulevard.....	32 38	116 15	3	1	1	None.....		J. J. Schwartzberg.
19	7 10	Julian.....	33 05	116 37	5	2	30	Rumbling.....		J. H. L. Vogt.
		Julian.....	33 03	116 37	.....	2	8	Rumbling.....		W. J. Norman.
28	0 35	Bishop.....	37 22	118 24	5	4	.....	None.....		E. L. Herzinger.
28	8 40	Bishop.....	37 22	118 24	4	1	1	.....	Awakened people.....	E. L. Herzinger.
		Bishop Creek.....	37 15	118 17	3	.....	.....	None.....		Wm. Barth.
31	19 20	Ojai.....	34 25	119 12	4	1	1	None.....		Wm. H. Duncan.
31	20 25	Ojai.....	34 25	119 12	4	1	1	None.....		Wm. H. Duncan.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, August, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.]

[For significance of symbols see Review for July, 1917, p. 373.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.
 Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omerl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants... $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 16.7 \\ N & 10 & 15.4 \end{cases}$

1917. Aug.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
5	ew.....	16 42 22	21	.....	10	.....
	F.....	16 58 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	eP _m	4 25 07	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eL _m	4 32 21	14	.....	.....	.....
	eL _N	4 34 45	16	.....	.....	.....
	M _m	4 35 01	14	40	.....	.....
	M _N	4 40 20	18	.....	20	.....
	F _m	5 35 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	eP _m	11 47 44	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eP _N	11 48 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
	S.....	11 57 06	10	.....	.....	.....
	eL _m	12 15 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
	eL _N	12 16 ..	20	.....	.....	.....
	M _m	12 20 02	17	.....	60	.....
	C _m	12 27 ..	16	.....	.....	.....
	C _N	12 28 42	15	10	.....	.....
	C _m	12 29 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F _m	12 55 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F _N	13 02 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.
 Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 59' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omerl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants... $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 13.9 \end{cases}$

1917. Aug.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
30	ew.....	4 28 22	4	.....	.....	.....
	ew.....	4 28 44	5	.....	.....	.....
	M _m	4 45 04	14	.....	10	.....
	M _N	5 09 04	20	.....	.....	.....
	F _m	5 36 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F _N	5 45 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	P.....	11 44 35	5	.....	.....	.....
	S.....	11 51 20	8	.....	.....	.....
	eL _m	11 58 00	28	.....	.....	.....
	eL _N	11 59 02	28	.....	.....	.....
	M _m	11 59 43	13	30	.....	.....
	M _N	12 03 49	24	.....	20	.....
	F _m	12 54 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F _N	13 04 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*
 Lat., 37° 52' 18" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.
 (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, August, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _v		

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*
 Lat., 37° 20' 24" N., long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,261.7 meters.
 (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*
 Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.
 Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.
 (Report for August, 1917, not received.)

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*
 Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.
 (See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.*
 A. W. Forstall, S. J.
 Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,656 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.
 (No earthquake recorded during August, 1917.)

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*
 Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.
 Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum, undamped, Mechanical registration).
 Instrumental constants: $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{s}$ 110 6.4

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 5	I.	P	16 11 18				4,080?	
		S?	16 17 10					
		L	16 28 20	16				
		L	16 54 20					
		F	17 40 00					
9		P	16 18 ..					No time marks; values approximate.
		S	16 22 ..					
		L	16 24 ..					
		F	16 40 ..					
11								No record obtained; instrument not recording properly.
21		P	10 49 30					Time correction uncertain; time values approximate.
		L	11 10 30	16				S uncertain.
		F	11 30 ..					
22		L	22 13 30	20				
		F	22 25 00					
30		IP	3 31 06				3,910	
		IS	3 36 48					
		L	3 41 00					
		F	4 00 ..					
30		P	4 26 24				3,510?	
		SR	4 29 30					
		L	4 36 10					
		L	4 47 15					
		L	5 05 00	24				
		L	5 21 00	20				
		F	6 30 00					
31	II.	IP	11 43 14				3,740	
		IS	11 48 46					
		L	11 52 30	20				
		L	12 07 03	16				
		F	13 30 00					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _v		

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*
 F. A. Tondorf, S. J.
 Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed diorite.
 Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{s}$
 E 165 5.4 0
 N 143 5.2 0
 Z 80 5.0 0

1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 5		eP _s	16 11 12					Microseisms present. P possibly earlier. No distinct maximum.
		eP _v	16 11 15					
		eL	16 54 18	24				
		F	17 45 ..					
		VERTICAL.						
		eP	16 11 31					e? 16° 06' 39".
		eL	16 54 21	30-34				
		F	17 50 00					
11		eP _s ?	14 44 06					Heavy microseisms present; entire record doubtful.
		eP _v ?	14 44 36					
		S _v ?	14 49 22					
		S _v ?	14 49 43					
		eL _v ?	15 00 21					
		eL _v ?	15 00 28					
		F	16 ..					
30		e _s	3 30 55					Microseisms present. e shows on vertical at 3 rd 31 st IS. F lost in succeeding quake.
		e _v	3 31 08					
		S _v	3 36 39					
		S _v	3 36 45					
		eL	3 39 24					
30		eP _s	4 26 28					Microseisms present. No distinct maximum.
		eP _v	4 26 29					
		S _v	4 30 05					
		eL _v	4 31 18					
		eL _v	4 31 30					
		L	4 58 ..	30				
		F	6 22 ..					
		VERTICAL.						
		eP	4 36 30					
		S _v	4 30 05					
		L	4 48 30	31				
		L	5 30 48	32				
		F	5 40 ..					
31		IP _s	11 43 19					Microseisms present.
		eP _s	11 43 21					
		IS	11 48 49					
		eL?	11 51 30					
		M _s	11 54 17		*1700			
		M _v	11 54 43			*600		
		F	13 54 ..					
		VERTICAL.						
		eP	11 43 22					
		L	11 56 ..					
		F	13 35 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.*
 Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant... $\frac{T_0}{s}$ 18.5

(Report for August, 1917, received too late.)

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.*
 Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants: $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{s}$
 E 177 3.4 4.1
 N 205 3.4 4.1

(Report for August, 1917, not received.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, August, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.
 Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V T_0 \\ N & 10 \ 32 \\ & 10 \ 27 \end{cases}$

1917		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 30	eP	4 26 44	2				
	eS _N	4 30 20	2				
	eS _M	4 30 28	2				
	M _N	4 36 28	6	20			
	C _N	4 40					
	F _N	6 10					
31	P	11 43 18	4				
	S	11 48 32	8				
	eL _N	11 53 25	12				
	M _N	11 57 22	16	80	140		
	M _M	11 58 01	16				
	C	12 09	15				
	F	12 41					

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismograph Station.* J. B. Woodworth.
 Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 08' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V T_0 \\ N & 80 \ 23 \ 0 \\ & 50 \ 25 \ 4:1 \end{cases}$

1917		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 5	O ₁	15 45				13,000+	
	eP	15 59 38					
	eS _N	16 12 51	10				
	eL _N	16 59 17	24				
	L	17 02 33	18				
	L	17 06 51	18				
	L	17 16 14	15				
	L	17 49 25	15				
	F	18 49					
	5	L _M	20 00 16	20			
L		20 24 40	20				
F		20 58					
5	L _M	23 22 49	12-14				This and the next possibly LR of first quake.
	F	23 29 31					
6	L _M	1 18 51	12				
	L _M	1 22 38	12				
	F	1 25 37					
21	L _M	22 13 37	24-18				E-W component stopped at 22 ^h , 27 ^m , 53 ^s .
	L _M	22 15 48	24				
	FP	22 27 17					
30	O ₁	3 23 36				4,340 ⁺	
	Pa ₁	3 31 18	3				
	S _N	3 37 24	9				
	S _M	3 37 51	6				
	eL _M	3 42 26	24				
	L _M	3 42 18	16				
30	O	4 08 22				7,550	
	eS _N	4 28 17	8				
	S _N	4 28 40	6				
	ISR _N	4 29 53	12				
	ISR _M	4 30 24	14				
	eL _M	4 39 26	12				
	eL _M	4 40 23					
	F	5 46					
31	O	11 38 33				4,120	
	P _N	11 44 00					
	P _M	11 44 07					
	IS _N	11 49 54	6				
	SR2	11 52 57	10				
	eL _M	11 54 29	24				
	eL _M	11 54 36					
	M _N	11 59 42					
	M _M	11 59 48					
	F _N	12 01 56					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University.* Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.
 Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.
 Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V T_0 \\ N & 80 \ 7 \ 5:1 \end{cases}$

1917		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 30	I	16 27 30					Barely perceptible.
	FN	16 33					
31	II	11 47 00					
	IP _N	11 47 45					
	IP _M	11 47 45					
	S _N	11 56 30					
	S _M	11 57 00					
	M _N	11 58 30					
	M _M	12 00 06					
	F _N	12 22					
FN	12 30						

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College.* John A. Curtin, S. J.
 Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V T_0 \\ N & 80 \ 7 \ 5:1 \end{cases}$
 (Report for August, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Fordham. Fordham University.* Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.
 Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 03" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V T_0 \\ N & 72 \ 6.5 \ 1.5:1 \\ & 72 \ 7.1 \ 3.3:1 \end{cases}$
 (Report for August, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.
 Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V T_0 \\ N & 13 \ 22 \ 4:1 \\ & 14 \ 25 \ 4:1 \end{cases}$

1917		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 3	eN	22 48 32	4				Absolute times inaccurate throughout month. Repairs being made in seismograph room. Master clock not running.
	eN	22 51 36	4				
	L _N	23 01 52	44				
5	eL _M	16 53 50	22				
	eL _M	16 54 40	27				
	F _N	17 22					
30	eP _N	3 30 12	3				
	S _N	3 38 12	6				
	eN	3 40 20	7				
	eL _M	3 44 10	16				
	F _N	4 17					
30	eN	4 26 16	4				
	IS _N	4 28 40	3				
	L _M	4 46 03	13				
	L _M	5 01 32	34				
	F _N	6 17					
31	P _N	11 42 15	3				
	S _N	11 49 06	6				
	M _N	12 00 14	19				
	F _N	13 20					

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, August, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
Panama Canal Zone. <i>Balboa Heights</i> . Isthmian Canal Commission. Lat., 8° 57' 30" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.8 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg. Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{20}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Aug. 30			P _s 3 26 08				950	Direction probably south.
			P _w 3 28 10					
			L _w 3 28 20					
			M _w 3 28 42		*1500	*3000		
			P _w 3 28 54					
			F _w 3 51 00					
31			P _s 11 38 08				910	Direction probably south.
			P _w 11 38 12					
			S..... 11 39 44					
			L _w 11 40 10					
			M _w 11 40 49		*62000			
			F _w 12 34 00		*48000			

Porto Rico. <i>Vieques</i> . <i>Magnetic Observatory</i> . U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams. Lat., 18° 08' 48" N.; long., 65° 26' 54" W. Elevation, 19.8 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori. Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{18.2}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Aug. 7			e _w 11 27 53					Local quake.
			e _s 11 28 15					
			eL..... 11 28 40	2				
			M _w 11 28 50			20		
			M _w 11 28 55			20		
			F..... 11 35 ..					
9			eP _w 16 15 26					Very small waves superimposed on others having a period of 6 to 10 seconds.
			eP _s 16 15 31					
			eL _w 16 16 25					
			eL _s 16 16 35	6		50		
			M _w 16 16 40			40		
			M _w 16 16 50	7				
			C..... 16 20 ..	6				
			F..... 16 26 ..					
30			eP _s 3 28 18	4				The drums were taken off to change the paper at 12h 22m, while the quake was still in progress.
			eP _w 3 33 33	17	70			
			M _w 3 34 24	17				
			M _w 3 35 20	18		20		
			C _w 3 41 ..	13				
			F..... 3 52 ..					
31			eP _s 11 40 17	4				
			eP _w 11 40 23	4				
			eS..... 11 43 42	8				
			eL _w 11 44 15	30				
			eL _s 11 45 23	19				
			M _w 11 48 19	21	*3520	*3000		
			M _w 11 49 55	17				
			C _w 12 00 ..					

Vermont. <i>Northfield</i> . U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw. Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration. Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{16}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Aug. 5			e _w 16 11 56					Does not show on N-S.
			L _w 16 57 00	20				
			L _w 17 11 00	20				
			F..... 17 30 ..					F in microseisms.
30			P..... 4 26 36				7,780?	
			PR..... 4 29 38					
			S7..... 4 35 45					
			L..... 4 47 ..					
			L..... 5 12 ..	20				
			F..... 6 15 ..					
31	II,		IP..... 11 44 00				4,120?	
			S7..... 11 49 54					
			L..... 11 53 00					
			L _w 11 59 50	20				
			L _s 12 03 15	20				
			F..... 12 45 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
Canada. <i>Ottawa</i> . <i>Dominion Astronomical Observatory</i> . Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz. Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 76° 42' 57" W. Elevations, 83 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph. Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{120} \frac{T_0}{26}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	α	α	<i>km.</i>	
Aug. 5			O..... 15 50 48				14,000	In New Zealand, from press reports.
			IPR1..... 16 09 52					
			IPR1..... 16 11 45					
			IS..... 16 21 50	8				
			e _w 16 29 ..	11				
			e _w 16 30 ..	20				
			L..... 16 51 ..	15				From 16h 50m onwards the L waves are more or less continually sinuous.
			L..... 17 00 ..	18-19				
			L..... 17 08 ..	17				
			L..... 17 11 ..	17				
			L..... 17 17 ..	16				
			L..... 17 27 ..	16				
			L..... 17 36 ..	15				
			LR1..... 17 56 ..	20				
			F..... 18 10 ..					
9			eL _w 16 30 ..	14				
			L _w 16 40 ..	14				
			F..... 17 00 ..					
21			OT..... 10 44 22				4,450?	
			eP _w 10 52 22					
			eS..... 10 58 34					
			eL _w 11 06 38	20				
			L..... 11 09 ..	14				
			F..... 11 25 ..					
21			L..... 22 17 ..	20-22				
			F..... 22 30 ..					
30			O..... 5 24 10				4,630	Fairly strong microseisms prevail.
			IP..... 3 32 06	2				
			IS..... 3 38 22					
			eL _w 3 41 18	16				
			L..... 3 51 ..					
			F..... 4 07 ..					
30			O..... 4 16 56				7,660	
			F..... 4 26 38					
			IPR1..... 4 29 53					
			PIR2..... 4 31 11					
			S..... 4 35 40					
			eL..... 4 48 18	20				
			L..... 4 53 ..	20				
			L..... 5 03 ..	15				
			L..... 5 20 ..	20				
			L..... 5 33 ..	17				
			L..... 5 49 ..	17				
			LR1..... 6 06 ..	30				
			F..... 6 35 ..					
31			O..... 11 36 20				4,470	In Colombia.
			IP..... 11 44 12	2-4				
			IS..... 11 50 25	6-8				
			eL _w 11 56 30	20				
			L..... 12 02 ..	20				
			L..... 12 05 ..	16-15				
			L..... 12 13 ..	16-15				
			L..... 12 24 ..	15				
			L..... 12 44 ..	13				
			F..... 13 10 ..					

Canada. <i>Toronto</i> . <i>Dominion Meteorological Service</i> . Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay. Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian. Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{18}$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50". (Report for August, 1917, not received.)								
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Canada. <i>Victoria</i> . <i>B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service</i> . Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock. Instruments: Wiechert, vertical. Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian. Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{18}$. Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54". (Report for August, 1917, not received.)								
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TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports (instrumental).

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.*
 Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.
 Instrumental constant... $\frac{T_0}{18.5}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.	
July 1	eL	1 10 30	20				Only E-W motion recorded.	
	M	1 18 00		*200				
	C	1 21 12						
	F	1 26 ..						
4	eP	0 50 18					Trace in jerks. Waves indistinct.	
	eS	0 56 48						
	eL	1 11 54	21					
	M	1 22 18		*2100				
4	C	1 29 00					Trace in jerks. Waves indistinct.	
	F	2 14 ..						
	eP	5 57 00						
	L	6 11 12						
4	M	6 20 12		*900			Trace in jerks. Waves indistinct.	
	C	6 27 ..						
	F	6 58 ..						
4	eL	22 57 42						Light failed on the 7th from 13 ^h 40 ^m to 18 ^m 33 ^m .
	M	23 12 ..	20	*100				
	C	23 15 ..						
	F	23 19 ..						
11	L	22 59 00						
	M	23 05 18	19	*700				
	C	23 08 ..						
	F	23 29 ..						
12	eP	11 51 48						
	eL	12 09 30	21	*800				
	M	12 13 12						
	C	12 18 ..						
18	F	13 50 ..						
	P	8 08 48						
	eL	8 16 54	23					
	M	8 24 12	20	*800				
25	C	8 29 ..						
	F	9 11 ..						
	L	3 31 06						
	M	3 37 00	18	*400				
25	C	3 41 12						
	F	5 12 ..						
	L	22 46 ..	18					
	M	22 54 48		*100				
27	F	23 03 ..						
	P	1 13 54						
	S	1 24 18						
	L	1 41 18	21					
27	M	1 49 42	19	*1600			F in next quake.	
	C	2 02 ..						
	L	3 37 24	22					
	M	3 42 06		*3400				
27	C	3 50 00					P and S lost in preceding quake.	
	F	6 00 ..						
27	eP	23 54 00						
28	eL	0 04 36	18					
	M	0 10 00		*700				
	C	0 13 00						
29	F	0 48 ..						
	eP	14 42 12						
	S	14 49 42						
	eL	14 57 24	18					
29	M	14 50 00		*800				
	M	15 15 24		*400				
	F	16 28 ..						
29	P	22 08 54						
	S	22 12 12						
	L	22 22 30	22					
	M	22 29 00		*13000				
30	C	23 18 ..						
	F	2 15 ..						
30	eL	16 55 00						
	M	16 58 48	18	*200				
	F	17 17 ..						

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.*

31		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	eP	0 16 18					
	eL	0 30 36	18				
	M	0 53 12		*900			
	C	0 58 00					
	F	1 39 ..					
31	eP	3 33 06					
	eL	3 46 54	20				
	M	3 50 18		*1600			
	C	3 52 ..					
	F	4 45 ..					

*Trace amplitude.

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights. Isthmian Canal Commission.*
 Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.3 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Direction?
May 1	P _n	18 43 20				5,310	
	P _s	18 43 37					
	S _n	18 51 04					
	S _s	18 51 24					
	L _n	18 59 10					
	L _s	18 59 32					
	M _n	19 24 10		*3,000			
	M _s	19 35 50			*1,500		
	F _n	21 01 00					
	F _s	21 54 00					

*Trace amplitude.

Canada. *Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.*
 Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.
 Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
July 1	P?	13 27 48				5,220?	Felt in south and of Graham Island in Queen Charlotte Islands.
	S	13 34 42					
	L	13 38 48					
	M	13 39 06		*200			
	F	13 53 12					
4	S?	1 04 30					Distant quake.
	eL	1 12 06					
	L	1 25 12					
	L	1 31 18					
	M	1 38 18		*400			
4	F	2 44 12					Distant quake.
	P or S	6 29 24					
	L	6 39 48					
	M	6 54 00		*200			
	F	7 14 30					
9	L	0 17 48					
	L	0 56 30			*50		
11	eL	23 34 36					Quake and tidal wave reported from the Samoan Islands; damage done. Also felt in Friendly Is.
	eL	23 40 12					
	M	23 43 00		*300			
	F	0 05 30					
12	L	13 57 54					
	F	14 06 18			*50		
13	P?	5 27 30					
	L?	5 30 24					
	M	5 35 18			*50		
	F	5 42 24					
15							No record obtained on 15th; clock stopped.
21	P	3 24 12					
	S	3 35 42					
	L	3 47 06					
	L	3 50 18					
	M	3 51 36			*1,800		
	L _{wp}	5 01 36					
	F?	5 18 36					

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Belated dispatch, June 24, 1917.

Mount Etna broke into an unusual volcanic action yesterday at about 10:30 p. m. (true local time, 9:30 p. m.). The northeastern crater, which was formed in 1911, ejected reddish smoke and incandescence lapilli for about 30 minutes. Spurts of flames continued at intervals for several hours after the ejection of solid matter ceased. A similar phenomenon occurred in 1900 from the central crater. The northeastern crater is about 10,000 feet above sea level; the highest point of the volcano is about 10,750 feet. The matter ejected reached a maximum height of about 1,000 feet above the crater; part of it fell back into the crater and part fell upon the slopes of the volcano. There was a light wind from the west during the eruption; no seismic disturbance accompanied the phenomenon and there was no damage to life or property. (Consular Service.)

Report received by the Navy Department from Commander J. M. Poyer, governor of American Samoa. (Belated dispatch, June 25, 1917.)

About 6:30 p. m., June 25, an earthquake and moderate tidal wave occurred here. Earthquakes are somewhat frequent here, but this was the severest one that has occurred, according to old residents. No one was injured. A few buildings on the island were injured, notably two churches—one in Leone and one in Pago Pago—which

were so badly damaged that their further use is dangerous and has been forbidden. There was no damage at the naval station. The observatory at Apia broadcasted the following information by wireless: "The observer here places the center of the disturbance about 75 miles southwest of Samoa and considers it was due to a submarine landslide. No serious damage was done. Earthquake violent for about minute and a half, and minor shakes were experienced throughout the night at intervals. Tidal waves about 3 feet high were experienced on south coast of Savail, Upola, and Tutuila, causing minor damage, but no loss of life."

The rise and fall of the water in Pago Pago Bay exceeded that reported from Apia. The bay is much narrower at its head than at its mouth, with the result that at the head of the bay the water rose and fell between 5 and 6 feet above and below normal. Many of the natives were frightened and sought refuge in the mountains for the remainder of the night. (Assoc. Press.)

London, August 6, 1917.

A violent earthquake, which caused great damage, has occurred in the southern portion of *North Island, New Zealand*, according to a Reuter dispatch from Wellington. The Wairarapa district, northwest of Wellington, suffered most severely. Pioneer residents of North Island, the dispatch adds, describes the quake as the worst since the terrible upheaval 60 years ago. (Assoc. Press.)

Wellington, New Zealand, August 9, 1917.

Further severe earthquake shocks occurred at Wairarapa, northwest of Wellington. There were no casualties. (Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organizations indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR SEPTEMBER, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Nov. 2, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, September, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917. Sept. 4	H. m. 23 57	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	M. s.			I. R. Raiston.
8	19 01	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	2	↓	Rumbling.....		H. M. Rouse.
12	11 26	Berkeley.....	37 52	122 16	3	1			Recorded on instruments.....	E. F. Davis.
		Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 58	2	1	10	None.....		I. H. Snyder.
		Mountain View.....	37 23	122 05	3	1	Few			Chas. A. Huff.
		San Jose.....	37 20	121 54	2	1	5	None.....		U. S. Weather Bureau
		San Francisco.....	37 48	122 28	3	1	3	Faint.....		U. S. Weather Bureau
		Santa Cruz.....	36 57	122 02	2	1	3	None.....		W. R. Springer.
13	2 14	Eureka.....	40 48	124 11	4	2		None.....	Windows rattled.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
24	21 21	Campbell.....	37 17	121 57	3	1		None.....		F. M. Righter.
		Hollister.....	36 50	121 20	4	1	8	do.....		J. N. Thompson.
		Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 58	3	1	15	do.....	Recorded on instrument.....	I. H. Snyder.
		Salinas.....	36 36	121 40	3	1	5	do.....		E. D. Eddy.
		San Francisco.....	37 48	122 28	3	1	8	do.....		F. D. Young.
		Santa Cruz.....	36 57	122 02	4	2	4	do.....		W. R. Springer.
		Watsonville.....	36 55	121 46	4	1	Few	Faint.....		E. H. Haack.
25	18 34	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	2	1	↓	None.....		H. M. Rouse.
MINNESOTA.										
3	21 28	Aldrich.....	46 23	94 53	5	1	1	Rumbling.....		Nettie Hansen.
		Alexandria.....	45 53	95 20	3	1	1	do.....		P. O. Unumb.
		Brainerd.....	46 21	94 08	5-6	3	7	Rumbling.....	Bricks fell from chimneys.....	J. A. Hoffman.
		Crosby.....	46 30	93 51	4	1	5	do.....		E. B. Brown.
		Crow Wing.....	46 17	94 15	4	1	1	do.....		Martin Berggreen.
		Eagle Bend.....	46 10	95 00	4-5	1	20	do.....		W. J. Sordf.
		Fort Ripley.....	46 09	94 17	3-4	1	1	do.....		C. A. Tucker.
		Hemming.....	46 20	95 23	3-4	1	1	Faint.....	Dishes jarred.....	Louise von Ohlen.
		Grant.....	46 37	94 33	5	1	20	Rumbling.....		E. M. Finch.
		Gull Lake Dam.....	46 27	94 16	4-5	1	10	do.....		A. L. Wampel.
		Jenkins.....	46 38	94 17	4-5	1	1	do.....	Shook buildings.....	O. B. Whitney.
		Leader.....	46 39	94 36	5	1	5	Rumbling.....	Windows and stoves rattled.....	O. A. Olsen.
		Lincoln.....	46 13	94 37	6	1	1	do.....	Plaster cracked.....	H. H. Craighead.
		Long Prairie.....	45 58	94 50	3	1	1	None.....		L. E. Stalcup.
		McGregor.....	46 37	93 16	3	1	2	Rumbling.....		Elmer Hallberg.
		Merrifield.....	46 30	94 06	3	1	6	do.....		Quin Parker.
		Millers.....	45 44	93 38	3	1	1	do.....	Dishes rattled.....	Esther Riesland.
		Minneapolis.....	44 59	93 18	2-3	1	10	None.....		A. E. Houslar.
		M. ley.....	46 20	94 36	5	1	25	Rumbling.....		E. G. Haymaker.
		Onamia.....	46 04	93 33	3	1	1	do.....		Henry Gonlet.
		Parkers Prairie.....	46 10	95 16	5	1	1	do.....		Aaron Lundblad.
		Philbrook.....	46 18	94 40	5	2	1	do.....		J. W. Winsot.
		Pierz.....	46 58	94 02	3	1	1	do.....		C. F. Gravel.
		Piager.....	46 20	94 24	5	2	20	do.....		J. C. Peterson.
		Pine River Dam.....	46 42	94 23	5	1	1	do.....		H. F. Leider.
		Pequot.....	46 37	94 16	4-5	3	6	Rumbling.....	Goods shaken off shelf.....	A. R. Holman.
		Sauk Center.....	45 47	94 57	3	1	6	do.....		Dr. A. L. Bilx.
		Staples.....	46 22	94 45	6	1	10	Rumbling.....	Walls cracked.....	R. Arundel.
		Sylvan.....	46 21	94 22	5	1	1	do.....		
		Verndale.....	46 24	94 59	5	1	1	do.....		Lewis Bradford.
		Wadena.....	46 27	95 06	5	1	1	do.....		Postmaster.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, September, 1917.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for July, 1917, p. 373.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.*

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 16 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during September, 1917.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.*

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 13.9 \end{matrix}$

1917.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Sept. 11		e	M _N	9 35 45	2	4	20	30		
				9 35 50						
				9 35 54						
				9 35 42						
21		e	M _N	8 44 26	2	5	20	20		
				8 45 04						
				8 45 17						
21		e	M _N	21 23 57	4	3	20	20		
				21 24 00						
				21 24 50						

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

(No earthquake recorded during August and September, 1917.)

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*

Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 63" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 38" N.; long., 104° 58' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1917.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Sept. 10		L _N	M _N	8	8 02	11				Distinct sinusoidal waves but very small.
				8 02 ..						
				11						
17-18		L _N	M _N	17 50 ..	17 57					Small waves and thickening of pen marks at times during day, especially on E-W.
				17 57 ..						
21		L _N	M _N	17 50 ..	17 57					Very small but distinct waves.
				17 57 ..						
25-26		L _N	M _N	17 50 ..	17 57					Distinct wavelets on both components during day.
				17 57 ..						
26-27		L _N	M _N	17 50 ..	17 57					Distinct sinusoidal waves at intervals during day, especially on N-S. Long period, small amplitude.
				17 57 ..						
30		L _N	M _N	2 45 ..	11 10	13 02				Distinct sinusoidal waves at intervals during day, but especially at hours marked. Large period, small amplitude.
				11 10 ..						
				13 02 ..						

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 110 & 6.4 \\ N & 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$

1917.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Sept. 20		e?	L _N	3 46 14	3 50 40	16				
				3 50 40						
				4 02 00						
				4 15 03						

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University. F. L. Tondorf, S. J.*

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 21" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 230 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulums, 80 kg., vertical.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 30 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

1917.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Sept. 23		e?	L _N	3 46 09	4 01 00	20				Mainka shows e at 3 ^h 47 ^m 31 ^s . Very heavy microseisms present.
				4 01 00						
				4 02 18						
				4 40 00						

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, September, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann. Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{5.1}$ Instrumental constant.. 18.6								
1917.								
Sept. 5	eP		16 42 36					
	eL		16 49 30					
	M		16 51 06	18	*100			
	F		17 25 ..					
16	eP		17 13 54					F lost in air tremors.
	eL		17 17 00					
	M		17 17 54	18	*200			
	C		17 26 ..					
17	eL		14 47 00	19				
	M		14 51 00		*100			
	F		14 55 ..					
18	eL		22 08 12	19				
	M		22 16 00		*100			
	F		22 22 ..					
20	eP		2 58 18					
	S		3 06 06					
	eL		3 17 24	20				
	M		3 23 00	18	*1,500			
	C		3 29 ..					
	F		4 19 ..					
23	eL		16 15 30	20				
	M		16 22 12		*100			
	F		16 23 ..					
24	eP		20 17 30					
	eS		20 24 54					
	eL		20 36 00	23				
	M		20 40 48	21	*700			
	C		20 42 54					
	F		21 14 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy.* F. E. Kester.
 Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 96° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert.

$$\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{3.3} \frac{a}{4.0}$$

(Report for September, 1917, not received.)

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.
 Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

$$\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{27} \frac{a}{3.2}$$

(No earthquakes recorded during September, 1917.)

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.* J. B. Woodworth.
 Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

$$\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{25} \frac{a}{4.1}$$

(Report for September, 1917, not received.)

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observ-atory.* J. B. Goesse, S. J.
 Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instruments: Wiechert, 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

$$\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{a}{6.1}$$

(Report for September, 1917, not received.)

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
New York. <i>Buffalo. Canisius College.</i> John A. Curtin, S. J. Lat., 42° 51' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. horizontal. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{7} \frac{a}{5.1}$ Instrumental constants.. 80 7 5:1 (Report for September, 1917, not received.)								

New York. <i>Ithaca. Cornell University.</i> Heinrich Ries. Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 21' 02" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{14} \frac{a}{25} \frac{a}{4.1}$ Instrumental constants.. {E 13 22 4:1 {N 14 25 4:1 (Report for September, 1917, not received.)								
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

New York. <i>Fordham. Fordham University.</i> W. C. Repetti, S. J. Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 51' 03" W. Elevation, 23.0 meters. Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{73} \frac{a}{7.1} \frac{a}{3.5:1}$ Instrumental constants.. {E 72 6.6 1.5:1 {N 73 7.1 3.5:1 (No earthquake recorded during September, 1917.)								
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Panama Canal Zone. <i>Balboa Heights. Isthmian Canal Commission.</i> Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{35} \frac{a}{20}$ Instrumental constants.. 35 20								
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Direction?
Sept. 11	P	4 11 15				210	
	La	4 11 37					
	Lc	4 11 39					
	M	4 11 47			*1,000		
	Ms	4 12 00			*500		
	F	4 14 33					
	F	4 15 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. <i>Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams. Lat., 18° 08' 48" N.; long., 65° 28' 54" W. Elevation, 19.8 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{a}{18}$ Instrumental constants.. {E 10 18 {N 10 18 (No earthquake recorded during September, 1917.)								
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Wm. A. Shaw. Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{a}{16}$ Instrumental constants.. {E 10 15 {N 10 16 (No earthquake recorded during September, 1917.)								
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Canada. <i>Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station.</i> Otto Klotz. Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{120} \frac{a}{26}$ Instrumental constants.. 120 26								
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Sept. 20	eL	{ 3 54 .. 4 13 ..	18			

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, September, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
T ₁ Instrumental constant... 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50".								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Sept. 18	P or S?		22 04 30					
	L.		22 20 48					
	eL.		22 26 06					
	M.		22 33 48		*800			
	F.		23 11 54					
20	eL.		3 54 54					
	L.		1 57 00					
	M.		4 00 24		*1,200			
	F?		5 16 42					
24	L.		20 34 30					Air currents going on.
	L.		20 35 42					

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
T ₁ Instrumental constant... 18. Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Sept. 18	S.		22 11 32					L, M, and F?
	M.				*50			
20	S?		3 33 17					
	L.		3 38 15					
	M.		3 45 41		*400			
	F.		4 03 31					
24	P?		20 30 06					Not recorded on vertical.
	S?		20 41 01					
	L.		20 50 56					
	M.		21 02 20		*300			
	F.		21 19 42					

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late seismic reports (Instrumental).

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _w		
California. Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.								
Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 18' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.								
Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
July 12					*100	*100		Tremors recorded during the 24 hours ending 15h on dates given.
14					*50	*100		
20					*80	*100		
*Amplitude on instrument.								
Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.								
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 45" W. Elevation 15.2 meters.								
Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.								
T ₁ Instrumental constant... 18								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 5	eP.		18 01 18					
	S.		18 09 48					
	eL.		18 23 42	17				
	M.		18 30 30		*700			
	C.		17 10 ..					
	F.		17 54 ..					
14	e.		8 39 54					
	M.		8 42 48	18	*1,000			
	C.		8 47 ..					
	F.		9 01 ..					
16	P.		23 13 00					
	L.		23 18 42	22				
	M.		23 31 06		*200			
	C.		23 49 00					
17	F.		0 24 00					
21	e.		23 00 00					
	M.		23 02 30	18	*100			
	F.		23 06 ..					
21	e.		23 34 48					
	M.		23 35 12	18	*100			
	F.		23 54 ..					
20	e.		3 47 06					
	eL.		4 02 54	24				
	M.		4 08 42		*500			
	C.		4 14 ..					F lost in next quake.
20	P.		4 19 06					
	L.		4 28 48	18				
	M.		4 51 12		*2,100			
	C.		4 56 48					
	F.		7 10 ..					
21	P.		11 48 00					
	S.		11 58 42					
	eL.		12 14 48	25				
	M.		12 20 00	20	*3,000			
	C.		12 28 00					
	F.		14 34 ..					

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports (Instrumental)—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
T ₀ Instrumental constant...18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50".								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 5	eP		16 08 18					Quake reported from North Island, N. Z.
	P		16 11 18					
	S		16 21 54					
	e		16 29 36					
	L		16 52 24					
	eL		16 55 30					
	M		17 01 36		*2000			F lost attending instrument.
	L		17 15 18					
9	L		16 29 48					
	L		16 32 18		*50			
	F		16 54 06					
17	L		0 00 24					
	eL		0 04 36					
	M		0 08 24		*200			
	F		0 38 24					
21	L		11 07 30					
	eL		11 08 54					
	M		11 12 06		*100			
	F		11 31 24					
21	P?		22 02 00				7,260?	
	S		22 10 42					
	eL		22 21 18					
	M		22 23 18		*200			
	F		22 41 42					
30	eP		3 25 12					e may not be seismic.
	P?		3 33 42					
	S		3 38 18					
	eL		3 41 24					
	eL		3 50 42					F merged into next quake.
	M		4 02 42		*200			
30	P		4 21 18					
	PR?		4 30 18					
	S		4 32 18					
	L		4 40 30					
	M		5 37 24		*1300			
	eL		5 57 42					
	eL		6 01 48					
	F		7 07 42					
31	eP		11 35 54				4,250	e may not be seismic. S waves well defined with large amplitude. In Colombia.
	P		11 44 06					
	IS		11 50 12					
	IL		11 59 18					
	IL		12 03 06					
	M		12 05 36		*3300			
	IL		12 10 24					
	L _{exp}		13 30 12					
	F		14 19 42					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Place.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _w		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instruments: Wiechert, vertical. Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
T ₀ Instrumental constant...18. Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Aug. 5	PT		16 16 58				1,040?	Probably south-eastern Pacific, about New Zealand.
	ST		16 27 57					
	L		16 41 13					
	M		17 01 24		*300			
	F		18 18 58					
16	PT		23 38 27				3,590?	
	S		23 43 50					
	L		23 49 14					
	M		23 55 18		*300			
17	F		0 04 00					
21	L?		11 15 37					
	MY		11 18 07		*200			
21	L?		22 44 38					
	L?		22 46 38					
	M		22 47 35		*200			
	F		22 53 58					
30	PT		4 04 19					
	ST		4 13 39					
	ST		4 27 25					Second S may belong to another quake.
	L		4 36 18					
	M		5 15 08		*1000			
	F		6 58 24					
			VERTICAL					
	P		4 04 30		3			
	S		4 12 18		6			
	L		4 31 18		19			
	M		4 43 18		24-28			FF
31	P		11 45 39				6,840	Bogotá, Colombia.
	S		11 54 00					
	L		12 08 46					
	M		12 19 06		*2000			
	F		14 01 53					
			VERTICAL					
	P		11 45 40		3		4,900	
	S		11 58 28		6-8			
	L		12 06 48		30			
	M		12 19 28		15-24			

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Bogotá, Colombia, Sept. 1, 1917.

Severe earthquakes occurred in Colombia to-day. No serious damage reported. (Assoc. Press.)

Washington, D. C.

The State Department report of the earthquake at Bogotá, Colombia, says 300 houses were reported destroyed. A telegram to the department was sent from Baranquilla, where the number of casualties was unknown. (State Department.)

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 3, 1917.

Earthquake shocks lasting as long as 20 seconds were reported to-night at St. Cloud, Little Falls, Brainerd, Staples, and other towns in the north central part of the State. In places the shock was heavy enough to break windows. (Assoc. Press.) [See Table 1, non-instrumental reports.]

Washington, D. C.

Official dispatches to-day from Bogotá, Colombia, say the earth shocks which began there August 29 continued intermittently until September 13. A few buildings were damaged and six persons were killed. (State Department.)

Santa Cruz, Cal., Sept. 24, 1917.

A slight earthquake was felt here to-day at 1.20 p. m. No damage done. (Assoc. Press.) [See Table 1.]

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR OCTOBER, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Dec. 1, 1917.]

TABLE 1.—Nominstrumental earthquake reports, October, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917. Sept. 3	H. m. 7 40	San Francisco.....	37 48	122 26	4	3	M. s.	None.....		George Miller.
11	21 26	Salinas.....	36 36	121 40	4	1	2	None.....		Dr. E. D. Eddy.
		Spreckels.....	36 35	121 38	3	1	1	Rumbling.....		Dr. M. A. Klein.
14	0 50	San Francisco.....	37 48	122 26	2	1		None.....		O. E. Faubion.
16	23 50	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	2	0	None.....		I. R. Ralston.
		Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	5	None.....		C. N. Perry.
26	9 18	Berkeley.....	37 52	122 16	3	2		None.....	Good record on instrument.....	E. F. Davis.
		Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 58	4	1	8	None.....		I. H. Snyder.
		San Francisco.....	37 48	122 26	3	1	2	None.....		G. H. Willson.
		San Jose.....	37 20	121 54	5	2	9	None.....		Maurice Connell.
		Stanford University.....	37 27	122 09	3	1	5	None.....	Slight instrumental record.....	L. H. Kroeck.
					3					S. D. Townley.
27	3 49	Eureka.....	40 48	124 11	2	1	1	None.....	House creaked.....	James Jones.
NEW JERSEY.*										
19	17 00	Northfield.....	39 22	74 32	3-4	1	Few	None.....	Doors and windows rattled. Other shocks at intervals.	Edna Ryan.
		Ocean City.....	39 18	74 34	3-4	1		None.....		B. F. Smith.
		Piscesville.....	39 23	74 32	3	1		None.....		Eugene Swilkey.
		Somers Point.....	39 18	74 35	4			None.....		Lucilda Looey.
		Ventnor.....	39 21	74 26	4	1	Few	None.....		Wm. A. Dunn.
NEW YORK.										
2	2 14	Glens Falls.....	43 21	73 36	2-3	1	3	Rattling.....		C. L. Williams.

* Possibly due to gun firing.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, October, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.]
[For significance of symbols see Review for July, 1917, p. 373.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _z	A _n								A _z	A _n		
Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green. Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 08" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 16.7 \\ N & 10 & 15.4 \end{matrix}$									California. <i>Berkeley. University of California.</i> Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								
No earthquake recorded during October, 1917.									California. <i>Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.</i> Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								
Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich. Lat. 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 13.9 \\ N & 10 & 16.1 \end{matrix}$									California. <i>Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.</i> F. J. Dick. Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters. Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope. (Report for October, 1917, not received.)								
1917. Oct. 13	eP		H. m. s. 4 24 40	Sec. 4	μ	μ	km.		California. <i>Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.</i> J. S. Ricard, S. J. Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters. (See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)								
	eL		4 29 20	7													
	M.		4 29 57	8	20												
	M.N.		4 33 23	9		10											
	F.		4 42														
	e.		16 46 34	4													
	e.		18 37 36	15													
	M.		18 52 42	4	10												
	M.N.		18 54 37	20		20											
	F.		17 10														

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, October, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Colorado. <i>Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.</i> A. W. Forstall, S. J. Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.								
1917.								
Oct. 7	Lw		21 31					Time rather doubtful.
	Mw		21 35					Very irregular waves.
	Cw		21 36					
	Fw		21 37					
13	Lw		21 49					Sinusoidal waves constantly occurring on N-S.
	Fw		21 55					
13	Lw		22 20					
	Fw		24 00					
14	Lw		1 30					Visible activity at intervals from 1 ^h 30 ^m on. Activity.
15	Lw		2 30					
	Fw		4 15					
16-17								Strong activity on N-S all day.
17-18								Small but very distinct sinusoidal waves all day on N-S.
30	Lw		2 20					Sinusoidal at frequent intervals on N-S all day.
	Fw		15 00					

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*
 Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.
 Instrument: Marvin vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration.
 Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 110 6.4

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m A _N		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i> F. A. Tondorf, S. J. Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed dlortite. Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical. Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 165 5.4 0 143 5.2 0 80 5.0 0							
1917.							
Oct. 7	P		15 00 58			3,100?	
	S _m ?		15 05 48				
	eL _m		15 10 10				
	F		15 20 00				
19	P		16 43 04			2,240	
	S		16 47 48				
	L		16 52 00				
	L		16 53 24	20			
	F		17 30				
22	P		7 26 30			3,925	
	S		7 32 13				
	L		7 37 00				
	L		7 41 00	20			
	F		8 20 00				
23	eL		8 03 30				
	F		8 10 00				

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*
 F. A. Tondorf, S. J.
 Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed dlortite.
 Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.
 Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 165 5.4 0
 143 5.2 0
 80 5.0 0

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m A _N		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i> F. A. Tondorf, S. J. Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: decayed dlortite. Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical. Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 165 5.4 0 143 5.2 0 80 5.0 0							
1917.							
Oct. 19	e _m		16 42 07				Heavy microseisms. Heavy traffic markings because of heavy drainage near observatory.
	e _w		16 42 12				
	S _m ?		16 47 49				
	S _w ?		16 48 07				
	eL		16 52 19				
	L _m		16 54 47	24			
	L _w		16 54 48	24			
	F		17 58	24			
22	e _m ?		7 25 47				Heavy microseisms. No distinct maximum; interpretation difficult.
	e _w ?		7 26 21				
	eL _m		7 36 24				
	eL _w		7 37 00				
	L _m		7 38 15				
	L _w		7 42 33				
	F		8 37 00				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.</i> Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association. Instrumental constant... $\frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 18.6 (Report for October, 1917, not received.)								
Kansas. <i>Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Koster.</i> Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters. Instrument: Wiechert. Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 177 3.4 4:1 205 3.4 4:1 (Report for October, 1917, received too late.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Maryland. <i>Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.</i> Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 10 15 10 15								
1917.								
Oct. 19	eP _m		16 43 03					Phases not well defined.
	eP _w		16 44 00	4				
	eL _m		16 52 54	18				
	M _m		16 53 13	4		10		
	M _w		16 56 30	13	70			
	C _m		16 58	12				
	F _m		17 07					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Massachusetts. <i>Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.</i> Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 80 23 0 50 25 4:1								
1917.								
Oct. 7	O		14 50 00			5,015		Distance from L-S.
	S _m		15 00 11	6				
	eL _m		15 06 55	20				
	F		15 44 17					
13	L _m		4 40 47	8				Compare with I-tawa record.
19	O		16 37 53			3,330		
	P _m		16 44 47					
	S _m		16 49 11	6				
	eL _m ?		16 53 48	30				F in microseisms.
	M _m		16 58					
	F?		17 25					
22	O?		7 21 23			3,375?		Distance from L-S. s may be S?
	e _m		7 33 00	6?				
	eL _m		7 36 04	20				intrusive?
	l _m		7 37 04	4				
	L		7 37 12	16				
	L		7 40 20	16				
	L		7 44 07	20				
	L		7 50 36	15				
	L		7 54 30	15				
	F?		8					
30								Doubtful long waves from 10 ^h , 18 ^m to 10 ^h 24 ^m .

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Missouri. <i>Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.</i> Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum. Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{\epsilon}$ 80 7 6:1 (Report for October, 1917, not received.)								

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, October, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
New York. <i>Buffalo. Canisius College.</i> John A. Curtin, S. J.								
Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg., horizontal.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & s \\ E & 72 & 5 & 1.5:1 \\ N & 7 & 5 & 1 \end{cases}$								
(Report for October, 1917, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
New York. <i>Fordham. Fordham University.</i> W. C. Repetti, S. J.								
Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & s \\ E & 72 & 5 & 1.5:1 \\ N & 72 & 5 & 3.8:1 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Possible error of a few seconds in the time.
Oct. 19	L	17 11 00					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
New York. <i>Ithaca. Cornell University.</i> Heinrich Ries.								
Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & s \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$								
(Report for October, 1917, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Panama Canal Zone. <i>Balboa Heights.</i> Isthmian Canal Commission.								
Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 35 & 20 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Direction?
Oct. 22	P _n	7 20 44					
	F _n	7 21 10					
	L _n	7 22 20					
	L _w	7 22 46					
	M _n	7 23 06			* 57		
	F _n	7 23 10			* 86		
26	P	13 24 48				030	
	L _n	13 26 10					
	M _n	13 26 14			* 200		
	L _w	13 26 18					
	M _n	13 26 34			* 200		
	F _n	13 26 12					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Porto Rico. <i>Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.								
Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17.5 \\ N & 10 & 18.2 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Oct. 19	eP _n	16 47 50				
	eP _w	16 48 36	4			
	eL _n	16 52 43	16			
	eL _w	16 53 00	10			
	M _n	16 55 32	14	20		
	F _n	17 12			10	
22	eP _n	7 24 12	4			
	eP _w	7 24 20				
	eL _n	7 27 52	14			
	eL _w	7 27 56	10			
	M _n	7 28 16	10	30		
	F _n	7 28 30	10		10	

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Wm. A. Shaw.								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Oct. 19	eL _n	16 52 00				
	F _n	17 15 00				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Canada. <i>Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory.</i> Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 120 & 26 \end{cases}$								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Readings from deformation instrument.
Oct. 7	O	14 55 49				2,750	
	P	15 01 21					
	S	15 05 45					
	L	15 08 24					
	eL	4 40		20			
13	O	16 57 11				3,600	A further outcrop of short-period waves resembling P on both instruments at 16° 54".
	T _w	16 43 59					
	S _w	16 49 23					
	eL _T	16 33 30					
	L	10 56		30			
	F	17 00		14			
22	e	7 53 50		2			
	L	7 40		17			
	L	7 50					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Canada. <i>Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.</i>								
Lat. 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. $\begin{cases} T_0 \\ 18. \end{cases}$ Pillar deviation: 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50".								

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Oct. 7	L _T	15 28 42					
	L	15 45 12					
	M			*300			
13	L	5 00 18			*50		Air currents going on. P and S very doubtful.
	F	5 06 36					
	P	16 39 48					
19	P	16 42 47					F in air currents.
	S	16 46 42					
	S	16 49 18					
	L	16 51 36					
	lL	16 55 48			*1,300		
	M	16 57 00					
20	L _T	18 35 36			*200		Air currents going on.
	L _T	18 44 18					
22	S _w	7 33 12					Other phases lost, attending instruments.
	lL	7 36 24					
	M	7 37 36			*800		
	L	7 46 18					
	F	8 06 24					
23	L _T	8 04 18			*50		Air currents going on.
	L _w	13 40 36					
28	L	13 43 42					Other phases lost, attending instruments.
	M	13 46 36			*800		
	F	14 10 30					
29	L	17 52 12					Other phases lost, attending instruments.
	L _T	21 41 30					
	F	22 58 18			*300		

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, October, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Weichert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian								
Instrumental constant. . 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm., swing of boom=0.54".								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Oct. 7	P.		15 21 34				2,490?	
	ST		15 25 38					
	L.		15 30 35					
	M.		15 35 33					
	FT		15 49 55		*500			
13	L.		4 40 00					Minute and sharp vibrations.
	L.		4 43 24		*100			
	F.		4 50 06					
19	P.		16 44 24				5,250	
	S.		16 51 20					
	L.		17 00 46					
	M.		17 07 42					
	F.		17 36 28					
	VERTICAL.							
	M.		17 07 00	14-16	A ₁	1		
20	L.		18 15 09					
	M.		18 21 42					
	F.		18 29 39		*200			
22	P or ST		7 42 06					
	L.		7 51 01					
	M.		7 56 28					
	F.		8 21 46		*400			
23	P.		8 05 58					
	L.		8 11 25					
	M.		8 14 53					
	F.		8 19 51		*200			
28	L.		13 57 20					
	F.		14 09 20		*50			
28	L.		17 50 44					
	F.		18 14 14		*100			
29	P.		20 59 20					S?
	L.		21 17 42					
	M.		21 30 35					
	F.		21 46 57		*300			

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

There were no press reports of seismological or vulcanological disturbances during October, 1917.

¹ Reported by the organizations indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

TABLE 3.—Late seismological reports. (Instrumental.)

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station, J. B. Woodworth.								
Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_1 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Sep. 18	eP		18 53 49					e in microseisms.
	L		18 54 42	24				FT, after 19h 05m.
18	OT		22 04 07				5,280?	P in microseisms;
	ePT		22 13 20					O from eL-S.
	Se		22 19 50	6				
	eLm		22 25 53	24				
	L		22 38 54	16				
	F		22 51					
20	Lm		3 41 16					L possibly earlier.
	L		4 03 20	15				
	L		4 16 14	14				L from southward.
	F		4 30 25					
21	OT		8 45 04				3,425?	O and distance from L-S.
	ePT		8 54 11					
	L		8 54 46					
	Se		8 56 50	6				
	Sp7		8 57 56	6				
	eLm		9 00 16	12				
	eLm		9 00 54	9				
	Lm		9 02 43	6				
	F		9 04 54					
24	em		21 02 24	20				Forepart irregular.
	Lm		21 14 36	24				
	L		21 17 16					
	L		21 25 24	20-18				
31	OT		21 56 05				920?	Doubtful record, subject to confirmation.
	ST		21 38 07	6				
	eLm		21 39 47					
	eLm		21 40 07					
	eLm		21 40 11	12				
	Lm		21 40 38	13				F in microseisms.

EARTH TREMOR DUE TO THUNDER NOTES.²

Mr. Douglas F. Manning, Alexandria Bay, N. Y., sends the following report under date of October 28, 1917:

A peculiar effect of thunder was felt here last night (Oct. 27, 1917), between the hours of 10 and 11 p. m. The day had been ideal with a light south wind, mild temperature, and a few alto-cumuli moving lazily from the west; in fact, it was an "Indian Summer" type of day. Toward evening my aneroid began to fall rapidly and the clouds increased, and by 8 o'clock a rain was falling. At about 10 p. m. I noticed a flash of lightning, and this was followed in a short interval by a deep, prolonged rumble, causing windows and doors to rattle, china-ware to jar, and a distinct earth tremor was felt; in fact, many thought it was one. The lightning increased in intensity and frequency and the same marked earth tremors followed each flash at short intervals, and it seemed as if a series of earthquakes were taking place, so strong was the concussion produced. The storm gradually passed over accompanied by a tremendous but brief downpour of rain mixed with small hail, and by 11 o'clock all was still again. To-day one hears many stories of the storm and its peculiar behavior, all making note of the trembling effect produced.

This instructive letter is published for the benefit of others interested in these problems.

Since "musical" notes of very low pitch and great volume are occasionally produced by a series of sequent or pulsating lightning discharges, it seems probable that the shaking described by Mr. Manning was owing in great measure to the resonance response of rooms to thunder notes of this character.—*W. J. Humphreys.*

² In this connection compare *W. Schmidt "On Thunder," MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW, December, 1914, 42 : 665 fig.*

SECTION IV.—RIVERS AND FLOODS.

RIVERS AND FLOODS, NOVEMBER, 1917.

By ALFRED J. HENRY, Professor in Charge.

Flood stages were not reached in the rivers in any part of the country during November, 1917.

Hydrographs for typical points on several principal rivers are shown on Chart I. The stations selected for charting are Keokuk, St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans, on the Mississippi; Cincinnati and Cairo, on the Ohio; Nashville, on the Cumberland; Johnsonville, on the Tennessee; Kansas City, on the Missouri; Little Rock, on the Arkansas; and Shreveport, on the Red.

MEAN LAKE LEVELS DURING NOVEMBER, 1917.

By UNITED STATES LAKE SURVEY.

[Dated: Detroit, Mich., Dec. 5, 1917.]

The following data are reported in the "Notice to Mariners" of the above date:

Data.	Lakes.*			
	Superior.	Michigan and Huron.	Erie.	Ontario.
Mean level during November, 1917:	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>
Above mean seal level at New York.....	602.46	581.16	572.97	246.09
Above or below—				
Mean stage of October, 1917.....	-0.21	-0.20	+0.16	+0.01
Mean stage of November, 1916.....	-0.99	+0.52	+1.30	+1.04
Average stage for November, last 10 years.....	-0.65	+1.02	+1.26	+1.17
Highest recorded November stage.....	-1.05	-1.76	-0.70	-1.13
Lowest recorded November stage.....	+0.96	+1.93	+2.27	+3.23
Average relation of the November level to—				
October level.....	-0.2	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3
December level.....	+0.2	+0.1	+0.1	+0.2

* Lake St. Clair's levels: October, 575.77; November, 575.76 feet.

MEAN LAKE LEVELS DURING OCTOBER, 1917.*

By UNITED STATES LAKE SURVEY.

[Dated: Detroit, Mich., Nov. 5, 1917.]

The following data are reported in the "Notice to Mariners" of the above date:

Data.	Lakes.			
	Superior.	Michigan and Huron.	Erie.	Ontario.
Mean level during October, 1917:	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>	<i>Feet.</i>
Above mean seal level at New York.....	602.07	581.36	572.81	246.68
Above or below—				
Mean stage of September, 1917.....	-0.06	-0.32	-0.47	-0.25
Mean stage of October, 1916.....	-0.97	+0.76	+0.92	+0.62
Average stage for October, last 10 years.....	-0.01	+0.66	+0.74	+0.88
Highest recorded October stage.....	-0.89	-1.54	-0.89	-1.13
Lowest recorded October stage.....	+1.00	+1.76	+2.01	+3.01
Average relation of the October level to—				
September level.....	±0.0	-0.2	-0.3	-0.4
November level.....	+0.2	+0.3	+0.4	+0.3

* This report was not received in time for the October issue of the REVIEW.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR NOVEMBER, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Seismological Investigations, Weather Bureau, Jan. 3, 1918.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, November, 1917.

Date.	Approximate time Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917.	<i>H. m.</i>						<i>M. s.</i>			
Nov. 1	13 50	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	2	1		None.....		Ivan R. Raiston.
	5 9 04	Cloverdale.....	35 46	123 00	3	2	4	Faint.....		John O. Ogle.
		Lakeport.....	39 04	122 56	2	2	10	Rumbling.....		A. S. Riggs.
	13 7 50	Callexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	2½	Rumbling.....		H. M. Rouse.
	19 17 30	El Cajon.....	32 48	116 58	2	1		None.....		H. H. Kessler.
		Indio.....	32 43	116 12	4	1	30	None.....		Bruce Drummond.
		Indio.....	32 43	116 12	4	1		Rumbling.....		Fred N. Johnson.
		Mecca.....	33 35	116 05	4	2	30	Rattling.....	Shook buildings.	E. A. Palmer.
WASHINGTON.										
	12 10 47	Cedar Lake.....	47 24	121 43	4	1	4	None.....		D. A. Brown.
		Longmire.....	46 45	121 50	5	3	6	Rattling.....		John B. Flett.
		Summit Inn.....	47 28	121 28		2	40	Rumbling.....		J. P. Holden.
	14 2 57	Longmire.....	46 45	121 50	5	1	3	Rumbling.....		John B. Flett.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, November, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.]

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for July, 1917, p. 373.]

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \{E & 10 & 16 \\ \{N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

(Report for November, 1917, not received.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \{E & 10 & 19 \\ \{N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 7	e _w	1 36 31					E-W component not working during entire month.
	M _n	1 38 01	7		20		
	F.....	1 47 ..					
	8	e _w	5 34 16				
	M _w	5 52 16	7		20		
	F.....	6 07 ..					
	16	eF _n	3 32 20				
	eL _w	3 56 ..	30				
	M _n	4 20 58	16		20		
	F.....	5 15 ..					

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,291.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 3				*50	*100		Tremors recorded during the 24 hours preceding 13 ^h 00 ^m on dates given.
5				*50	*100		
6				*50	*100		
7				*100	*100		
9				*50	*100		
11				*100	*200		
22				*50	*100		

*Amplitude on instrument.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College.* Earthquake Station.

A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 58' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 20 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 1	L _w	23 30 ..					Very strong activity.
2	F _n	1 40 ..					
	0	L _w	9				Distinct wavelets at intervals on N-S.
	F _n	12					
	7	L _w	6 30 ..				Distinct wavelets appear at intervals on N-S.
	F _w	9 15 ..					
	16	L.....	5 31 ..				Times somewhat doubtful. P and S not discernible.
	M _w	5 33 ..	30		*750		
	M _n	5 33 ..	40		*750		
	C _w	5 34 ..					
	F _w	5 36 ..					
	F _n	5 43 ..					
	16	L.....	5 48 ..	20	*500	*500	Seems to be new quake. P and S not discernible.
	F.....	5 53 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin vertical pendulum, undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants.....110 6.4

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 4	e _w	12 25 40					Phases not defined.
	L.....	13 18 40	24				
	L.....	13 30 00	18				
	F.....	13 50 00					
	7	e.....	1 49 01				
	L.....	1 50 08					
	F.....	2 00 00					
	8	e.....	5 46 00				
	iR ₇	6 06 00					
	F.....	6 20 00					
	14	eL.....	9 54 30				
	L.....	9 58 30	16				
	F.....	10 10 00					
	15	eL _w	1 56 30				
	16	P.....	3 38 49			9,025	
	PR ₇	3 45 05					
	S.....	3 49 01					
	L.....	4 06 50	20				
	L.....	4 08 10	45				
	L.....	4 17 00	24				
	L.....	4 26 00	18				
	F.....	5 50 ..					
	16	eL _w	23 27 00				
	18	PR.....	3 17 16				
	L.....	4 02 00					
	L.....	4 16 40	20				
	F.....	4 35 00					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, November, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.
F. A. Tondori, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 300 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

	V	T ₀	ε
Instrumental constants...	E 185	5.4	0
	N 143	5.2	0
	Z 80	5.0	0

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 4	e _w	12 25 08					Interpretation difficult; heavy microseisms present.
	e _w	12 25 27					
	L	13 08 13	30				Sheet taken off at 13 ^h 22 ^m , quake still on.
7	S _w ²	1 49 11					Microseisms present.
	S _w ¹	1 49 18					
	L _w	1 50 12	10				
	F	2 06 ..	10				
14	e _w	9 37 58					Heavy microseisms present.
	e _w	9 37 58					
	F	10 31 03	22				
15	e	1 52 06					Only N-S component shows.
	F	2 20 ..					
16	e	3 39 01					Do. S difficult. Recorded on vertical instrument.
	S _w ²	3 49 03					
	S _w ¹	3 49 20					
	eL _w	4 07 00	30				
	eL _w	4 10 48	32				
	M _w	4 18 24	25	*600			
18	eL	3 56 12					F lost in microseisms.
	L	4 07 50	30				

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association, E-W component.

Instrumental constant... 18.6

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 4	e	12 22 ..					*300
	M	13 01 38					
	F	14 46 ..					
7	e	1 52 00					*100
	M	1 56 00	22				
	F	2 01 ..					
8	e	18 46 30					*100
	M	18 50 12	18				
	F	18 54 ..					
14	eP	9 29 36					*300
	eL	9 31 36	21				
	M	9 38 06	18				
	C	9 44 00					
	F	10 38 ..					
15	e	1 30 54					*100
	M	1 37 50	18				
	F	1 43 00					
15	e	17 58 00					*100
	M	18 10 00	18				
	F	18 16 ..					
16	P	3 28 18					*500
	S	3 36 12					
	eL	3 49 30	20				
	M	3 51 48	20				
	F	3 57 ..					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 16	P	22 38 06					*600
	eL	22 51 36	23				
	M	22 58 54	23				
	C	23 06 ..					
17	e	8 34 54					*100
	M	8 49 12	17				
	F	9 05 ..					
	eP	3 12 30					
18	S	3 21 00					*1200
	eL	3 34 12	25				
	M	3 46 54	17				
	C	3 56 ..					
21	e	0 28 42					*100
	M	0 33 13	18				
	F	0 38 ..					
22	eP	6 30 ..					*100
	M	6 44 00	19				
	F	6 47 ..					
22	e	23 45 30					*100
	M	23 57 06	19				
	F	0 02 ..					
24	eP	11 20 48					*300
	S	11 28 42					
	eL	11 36 18	26				
	M	11 43 00	19				
	C	11 49 ..					
24	e	20 10 30					*200
	M	20 16 54	19				
	F	20 21 ..					
28	e	2 53 48					*100
	M	3 01 54	20				
	F	3 16 ..					
29	eL	22 35 18					*400
	M	22 45 00	20				
	C	22 48 30					
	F	23 00 00					
30	eP	17 24 18					*900
	S	17 28 00					
	eL	17 30 48	20				
	M	17 35 00	18				
	C	17 38 ..					
	F	18 23 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

	V	T ₀	ε
Instrumental constants...	E 177	3.4	4.1
	N 205	3.4	4.1

(Report for November, 1917, not received.)

Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

	V	T ₀	ε
Instrumental constants...	E 10	15	
	N 10	15	

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 15.	eP	3 49 ..					Just perceptible on N-S component at 4 ^h 27 ^m .
	eL	4 14 ..	24				
	M	4 27 ..	16				
	C	5 17 ..					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, November, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.* J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.1 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ & 30 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$$

(Report for November, 1917, not received.)

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory.* J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 foot of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{cases}$$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Nov. 7	P _N	2 04 30					Barely perceptible.
	F _N	2 05 30					
7	eP _N	9 41 00					
	M _N	9 46 30					
	M _N	9 46 30					
	F _N	9 53					
16	eP _N	3 43 30					
	eP _N	3 44 30					
	S _N	4 03					
	S _N	4 10					
	M _N	4 23					
	M _N	4 25					
	F _N	5 00					

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College.* John A. Curtin, S. J.

Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. horizontal.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{cases}$$

(Report for November, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Fordham. Fordham University.* Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 72 & 6.6 & 1.5:1 \\ & 72 & 7.1 & 3.8:1 \end{cases}$$

(Report for November, 1917, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Nov. 7	e _N	1 49 15	4-10			
	F	1 59				
8	e _N	6 05	4-10			
	F	6 16				
16	e _N	3 48 55	20			
	L _N	4 08 48	52			
	F _N	5 40				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ N & 35 & 20 \end{cases}$$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Nov. 13	P	8 59 02				300	Direction probably north.
	L _N	8 59 43					
	L _N	8 59 48					
	M	9 03 01		*500			
	F	9 06 00		*1,000			
16	L _N	4 05 09					Very distant. Time not working on N-S component.
	M	4 17 09		*1,500	*900		
	F	4 35 09					

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 17.5 \\ & 10 & 18.0 \end{cases}$$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Nov. 16	eP _N	3 48				
	eL _N	4 15	30			
	eL _N	4 17	25			
	M _N	4 18 30	22	40		60
	M _N	4 19 30	24			
	C	4 38				
	F	5 01				

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.* Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 15 \\ & 10 & 16 \end{cases}$$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Nov. 16	S _T	3 49 28					Beginning occurred while sheets were being changed.
	S _T	3 55 32					
	L	4 10 00					
	L	4 16 00	35				
	L	4 22 20	20				
	F	5 30 00					

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory.* Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.†

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ N & 120 & 26 \end{cases}$$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Nov. 4	eL _N	13 07	16			
	eL _N	13 40				
7	e	1 50 34				
	eL _T	1 51 12	9			
	F	1 53				
	F	1 59				
8	e	5 49	6			
	e _N	5 51 42	6			
	e _N	6 05 47	2			
	e _N	6 06 13	2			
	e	6 06 56	6			
	e _N	6 09	8			
	e	6 10 30				
	F	6 15				

†Dr. Klotz, since assuming the directorship of the observatory, will be unable to read all the seismograms, probably only those of tectonic origin. All the grams will be read by Ernest A. Hodgson, seismologist in charge.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, November, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Continued.								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 14		eL	9 49 ..	20				
		IL	9 51 ..					
		L	9 57 ..					
		F	10 02 ..					
			10 10 ..					
15		eL	1 51 ..	14				
			1 59 ..					
16		O	5 26 09				9,560	
		P	3 38 50					
		L	3 47 35	8				
		S	3 40 28	10				
		SH	3 55 50					
		eL	4 09 ..	50				
		L	4 13 ..	26				
		L	4 25 ..	17				
		L	4 35 ..	17				
		L	4 49 ..	15				
		L	4 55 ..	14				
		L	5 05 ..	14				
		LRI	5 26 ..	26				
		F	6 09 ..					
			23 22 ..	24				
		eL	23 29 ..					
18		eN	3 17 40	5				N-S component masked considerably by microseisms.
		eL	3 57 ..	30				
		L	4 19 ..	24				
		L	4 15 ..	10				
		L	4 23 ..	16				
		F	4 35 ..					
24		eL	12 19 ..	24				N-S masked by microseisms.
			12 18 ..					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.

T₀
Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation: 1 mm., swing of boom=0.54".

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	A _m	A _N	Distance.	Remarks.
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 4		L	13 04 54					Markings at 12A
		L	13 14 36					43=06s and 12A
		L	13 19 48					52=36s may be
		M	13 49 06		*300			due to air currents.
		FF	14 57 30					
7		L	1 49 48					F in air currents.
		M	1 51 00		*300			
8		L	6 04 48		*100			Air currents going on.
14		L	9 51 48					
		eL	9 57 18					
		M	9 58 00		*300			
		F	10 31 42					
15		L	1 58 12					Doubtful as to being seismic.
		M	1 58 30		*200			
16		eP	3 38 36				10,310	S waves well defined.
		IS	3 40 48					
		IS	3 50 30					
		L	4 09 36					
		L	4 23 12					
		M	4 25 36	18	*9,200			
		IL	4 32 30	12-18				
		L	5 45 54					
		FF	7 01 00					
16		L	23 21 12					
		L	23 41 18		*100			
		F	23 56 54					
18		L	3 36 30		*50			
		F	3 42 24					
18		L?	4 01 06					
		L	4 10 48					
		M	4 21 30		*200			
		F	5 02 06					
24		L	12 11 24		*50			
			12 16 26					
29		L?	22 56 18					
		L?	23 03 54		*50			
30		L	18 05 06					
		L	18 08 30		*50			
		FF	18 25 36					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
T ₀ Instrumental constant.. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm., swing of boom=0.54".								
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Nov. 4		P	12 33 02				13,000	
		ST	12 46 48					
		L	12 53 41					
		M	13 20 14		*600			
		F	13 49 45					
7		P?	0 40 12					
		M	1 48 18		*400			
14		P or S	9 30 26					
		L	9 39 22					
		M	9 46 13		*100			
		F	9 35 15					
16		P	3 32 27				9,290	
		S	3 42 52					
		L	3 57 15					
		M	4 11 08		*3,000			
		F	6 33 27					
		P	3 32 00		A _S			
		L	4 02 00		5-4			
		M	4 05 00		21	10		
16		L	23 19 01			50		
18		L?	3 22 35					
		M	3 30 30		*100			
18		P?	3 41 54					
		ST	3 46 22					
		L?	3 54 48					
		M	4 02 04		*200			
		F	4 44 23					
28		P?	15 21 31					May not be a quake.
		M	15 23 29		*100			
		F	15 20 28					
29		L	23 00 09					
		M	23 04 09		*300			
		F	23 09 30					
30		ST	17 44 43					
		L?	17 48 42					
		M	17 55 38		*500			
		F	18 05 01					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late reports (instrumental).

Date.	Char-acter.	Phno.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _W	A _N		

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neuman.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N., long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant... 18.5

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Oct. 6	eP	13 02 00				
	eL	13 06 24	19			
	M	13 07 00		*200		
	C	13 09 00				
7	eP	15 21 54				
	eL	15 49 00	26			
	M	15 57 12	18	*200		
	C	16 02 00				
14	eP	3 26 00				
	eL	3 38 54	20			
	M	3 43 54	19	*500		
	C	3 49 00				
17	eP	15 09 36				
	eL	15 13 42	18	*400		
	M	15 24 00				
	C	15 37 00				
22	eP	7 42 06				
	eL	7 59 00	20			
	M	8 01 12	18	*200		
	C	8 03 00				
23	eP	1 21 06				
	eL	1 24 00	18			
	M	1 24 30	18	*300		
	C	1 33 00				
24	e	3 03 06				
	M	3 04 54	17	*100		
	F	3 07 00				
	eP	20 06 00				
25	eL	20 15 18	18			
	M	20 24 18	19	*200		
	C	20 27 00				
	F	20 51 00				
27	e	6 55 12				
	M	7 00 00	19	*100		
	C	7 03 00				
	F	7 21 00				
28	eL	13 57 36	23			
	M	14 02 24	18	*200		
	C	14 05 00				
	F	14 35 00				
31	eP	2 27 00				
	eL	2 35 00	20			
	M	2 39 42	19	*200		
	C	2 44 00				
	eP	2 57 00				
	eL	2 57 00				
	M	2 57 00				
	C	2 57 00				

*Trace amplitude.

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long. 76° 29' 00" W. Elevation, 242 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)

Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} \nu & T_0 & e \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4.1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Oct. 19	eLN	16 53 45				
	FN	17 16 ..				
22	eLN	7 42 08	22			
	FN	8 10 ..				

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Portland, Oreg, Nov. 16, 1917.

Mount Rainier has been shaken twice this week by earthquakes, according to Prof. John Platt, who has been in the Government service at Rainier National Park for many years. He declares rocks have come hurtling down the mountain side, and his office severely shaken. (Associated Press).

Melbourne, Australia, Nov. 18, 1917.

An earthquake of unusual intensity was recorded here to-day and also at Sydney. The disturbance was located approximately in the Kermadec Islands, a small British archipelago off the east coast of Australia. (Associated Press.)

MINNESOTA'S EARTHQUAKE OF SEPTEMBER 3, 1917.

By Prof. C. J. POSEY.

[Dated: Department of Geology, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Nov. 28, 1917.]

It is well known that earthquakes occur much more frequently in some parts of the world than in others. In some regions a shock must be rather severe in order to receive more than passing notice, while in others even a slight tremor arouses general interest, so infrequently are earthquakes experienced. It is to this latter class that the upper Mississippi valley belongs.

About 3:30 on the afternoon of September 3, 1917, a slight earthquake was felt in central Minnesota, which is of interest not so much on account of its severity, or lack of it, as of the fact of its occurrence. So far as the writer has been able to learn there are no written accounts of earthquakes within the limits of the State since its settlement. That they have occurred here we know from the testimony of old settlers. The Long Prairie Leader of September 6, 1917, quotes Hon. Wm. E. Lee, of that city, as saying that "the vicinity experienced a harder shock in 1860, one that would have done damage had the country been more thickly settled at that time." In a recent letter to Mr. Warren Upham, Mr. Ora J. Parker, of Le Sueur, writes of an earthquake there on a Sunday afternoon between 1865 and 1870, a shock that was generally talked about the next day. It is not likely that these gentlemen refer to the same disturbance, for the dates do not coincide, and the two localities referred to are so far apart that a quake severe enough to be felt at the two places would have been more generally remembered.

The shock of September 3, 1917, was most severe at Staples, northeastern Todd County; at Lincoln, some 15 miles to the southeast in Morrison County; and at Brainerd, about 30 miles to the east, in Crow Wing County. Along a line running north of east and slightly oblique to this east-west line, the disturbance was felt at places approximately 110 miles apart; and along a line connecting Brainerd and Minneapolis it was felt for a maximum distance of about 120 miles. The total area over which the shock was felt was probably not more than 10,000 square miles. The distance it was felt east of Brainerd was about the same as that west of Staples; but along the northwest-southeast line it was felt several times as far to the south of Brainerd as to the north, thus showing that the disturbance was damped more rapidly northward.

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

An inspection of the accompanying table shows that but one shock is generally reported, though two places indicate two shocks and two others mention three. The places experiencing more than one shock are so scattered that there is no apparent reason why they should have had the extra numbers. The reported duration of the shocks varied from one second at Aldrich to 25 seconds at Motley, both places ranking high in intensity. Perhaps a fair average of the duration would be 10 seconds. Those places experiencing three shocks give a total duration of less than 10 seconds. The accompanying sounds are generally described as a rumbling noise, similar to that of an incoming train or heavily laden trucks.

Based on an adapted Rossi-Forel scale, the intensities were not above VI, only three places, Staples, Lincoln, and Brainerd, being of this higher number. The greater disturbances generally follow the Crow Wing-Mississippi valleys between Staples and Brainerd. From the non-instrumental data received, the accompanying figure showing the isoseismal lines of intensity III and above has been drawn.

As might be expected from an intensity of only VI, little damage was done. The wall on one side of a brick building in Staples was cracked, as was also the cement floor in the vault of the city clerk's office. The only damage mentioned from Brainerd was the dislodging of several courses of brick from a chimney there. A chimney was thrown down near Lincoln. In no case were windows reported broken.

The cause of the earthquake is obscure. The region is one of pre-Cambrian rocks that were much shattered before Cambrian times. The rocks show no evidence of recent faulting and, both because of the small area disturbed and the weakness of the rock, it is extremely unlikely that this recent disturbance was caused by faulting. The more plausible explanation is that there was a slight settling of the material of some of the filled-in preglacial valleys in that vicinity.

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental reports on the Staples earthquake.

[Adapted from the U. S. Weather Bureau seismological reports for Sept., 1917.]

Day.	Station.	Inten- sity Rossi- Forel.	Num- ber of shocks.	Dura- tion.	Sounds.	Remarks.
1917. Sept. 3, 3:30 p.m.	Aldrich.....	5	1	1	Rumbling	
	Alexandria.....	3	1	1	Rumbling	Dishes and pans rattled.
	Brainerd.....	5-6	3	7	Rumbling	Bricks fell from chimneys.
	Crosby.....	4	1	5	Rumbling	
	Crow Wing.....	1	1	1	Rumbling	
	Eagle Bend.....	4-5	1	20	Rumbling	
	Fort Ripley.....	1	1	1	Rumbling	
	Henning.....	3-4	1	1	Faint	Dishes jarred.
	Grant.....	5	1	20	Rumbling	
	Gull Lake Dam.....	4-5	1	10	Rumbling	
	Jenkins.....	4-5	1	1	Rumbling	Shook buildings.
	Leader.....	5	1	5	Rumbling	Windows and stoves rattled.
	Lincoln.....	6	1	1	Rumbling	Plaster cracked; stove pipe thrown down.
	Little Falls.....	1	1	20	Rumbling	Dishes and stove lids rattled.
	Long Prairie.....	3	1	1	None	Caused some alarm windows rattled.
	McGregor.....	3	1	2	Rumbling	
	Merrifield.....	3	1	6	Rumbling	
	Milaca.....	3	1	1	Rumbling	Dishes rattled.
	Minneapolis.....	2-3	1	10	None	
	Motley.....	5	1	25	Rumbling	
	Onamia.....	3	1	1	Rumbling	
	Park Rapids.....	2	1	1	Rumbling	
	Parkers Prairie.....	5	1	20	Rumbling	
	Philbrook.....	5	2	1	Rumbling	
	Plover.....	3	1	1	Rumbling	
	Pillager.....	6	2	20	Rumbling	
	Pine River Dam.....	1	1	1	Rumbling	
	Poquot.....	4-5	3	6	Rumbling	Goods shaken off shelf.
	Saint Cloud.....	2	1	1	Rumbling	
	Sauk Center.....	3	1	6	Rumbling	
Staples.....	6	1	10-20	Rumbling	Walls cracked; cement floor cracked.	
Sylvan.....	5	1	1	Rumbling		
Verndale.....	1	1	20	Rumbling	Rattled dishes and windows.	
Wadena.....	1	1	1	Rumbling		

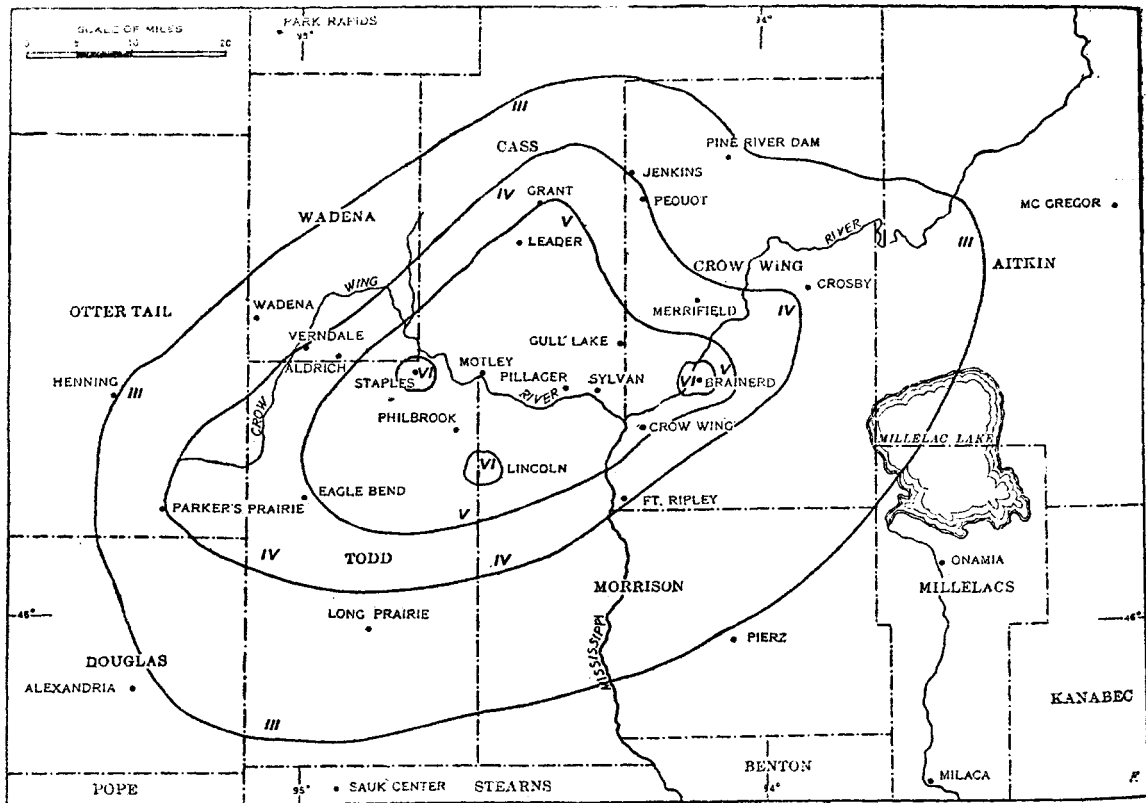


FIG. 1.—Isoseismals of Staples, Minn., earthquake, Sept. 3, 1917.

SECTION V.—SEISMOLOGY.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR DECEMBER, 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in charge of Seismological Investigations.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., February 2, 1918.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, December, 1917.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1917. Dec. 8	H. m. 9 45	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	4	1	M. 5	Rumbling...	Doors and dishes rattled.....	Ivan R. Raiston.
20	8 23	Barrett Dam.....	32 40	116 44	3	1		None.....		Lorenzo Watts.
		Brawley.....	33 00	115 31	4	1	5	Rumbling.....		M. D. Wittor.
		Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	5	Rumbling.....		H. M. Rouse.
		Calexico.....	32 41	115 40	4	2	5	None.....		Ivan R. Raiston.
IDAHO.										
12	12 00	Ashton.....	44 04	111 29	2	1	1 0	None.....		A. M. Slatery.
		Chesterfield.....	42 53	111 52	5	1	5	None.....		Charles S. West.
		Fort Hall.....	43 09	112 10	3	1	2	None.....		C. H. Southworth.
		Idaho Falls.....	43 29	112 01	2	1		None.....		Anna Lee Bridges.
		Irwin.....	43 25	111 20	5	1	20	None.....		Lula Sanders.
		Pocatello.....	42 52	112 29	3	1		None.....		A. R. Teeple.
		Sugar.....	43 52	111 44	2	1		None.....		Hattie Gearhart.
WYOMING.										
12	11 50	Bedford.....	42 54	110 58	5	1	30	Rumbling.....		Charles G. Heiner.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, December, 1917.

[Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for July, 1917, p. 373.]

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod, T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod, T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N								A _E	A _N		
Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.</i> Lat. 57° 03' 00" N.; long. 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 16 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$									Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.</i> Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 19 \\ N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$								
1917. Dec. 21	eP _N ...		H. m. s. 17 56 46	Sec. 6	μ	μ	km.		1917. Dec. 21	eP _N ...		H. m. s. 18 01 24	Sec. 6	μ	μ	km.	
	eN _N ...		17 58 03							eN _N ...		18 07 34					
	eS _N ...		17 59 16							eL _N ...		18 13 00	14				
	M _N ...		18 00 01		670					M _N ...		18 25 59	13	20			
	eL _N ...		18 01 02	18						F _N ...		19 08 ..					
	M _N ...		18 07 22	16	650												
	M _N ...		18 07 49	14		950											
	C _N ...		18 12 ..	12													
	F _N ...		20 13 ..														
21	e _N ...		20 56 16					No phases.									
	e _N ...		20 57 04														
	M _N ...		21 03 28			60											
	F _N ...		21 35 ..														
26	e _N ...		13 35 36					No phases. Driving clock on E-component had stopped.									
	M _N ...		13 46 ..	11		20		Imperfect record.									
	F _N ...		13 58 ..					Impossible to determine any of the phases of earthquake on this date.									
28																	
20	eP _N ...		22 59 30	3				E-component not recording.									
	S _N ...		23 07 06	10													
	eL _N ...		23 15 40	26		800											
	M _N ...		23 20 20	15													
	C _N ...		23 26 ..	10													
	F _N ...		23 50 ..														
																	Movement limited by brushes.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, December, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w								A _n	A _w		

California. Berkeley. University of California.

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.3 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1917.	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Dec. 3			50	50		Tremors recorded during the 24 hours ending 16:00 on dates given.
5			50	50		
6			50	100		

California. Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 26' 38" N.; long., 121° 57' 63" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See Record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 38" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants

1917.	Phase.	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Dec. 12	II _r	L _N	12 20				P and S waves not discernible.
		L _E	12 30				
		M _N	(?)				
		F _N	12 20 40	4-6		*4,000	
21	I _r	L _N	18 12				P and S waves not discernible.
		L _E	18 13				
		M _N	18 14	10-13	*1,000	*1,000	
27		L _N	18 20				Very strong activity at intervals.
		L _E	18 20				
		F _N	18 21				
28	I _r	L _N	21 38	0.5			
		F _N	21 50				
29	III _r	P _N	22 58				
		L _N	23 02	5-6	*10,000	*8,500	
		M _N	23 08	7			
		M _E	23 10	5			
		C _N	23 15				
		C _E	23 19				
		F _N	23 29				
F _E	23 30						

* Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants: V T₀ 110 6.4

1917.	Phase.	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Dec. 12		S _r	11 04 23				
		L _r	11 06 19				
		F _r	11 15				
21		P	18 03 35				5,600
		S	18 10 30				
		SRI	18 13 23				
		L	18 14 42	20			
		F	18 20 15	20			
21		P _r	21 01 15				
		S	21 08 23				
		L	21 18 25	16			
		F	22 00				
23		eL	14 38				
		L	14 45				
		F	15 00				
23	?e	L	15 59 20				
		S	16 04 10				
		L	16 05 45				
		L	16 09 30				
		F	16 30				
26		e	5 30				
		L	5 35				
		F	5 50				
26		eL	13 58				
		F	14 30				
28		P	21 23 21				4,820
		S	21 29 53				
		SRI	21 33 21				
		L	21 35				
		F	21 40 15	20			
29		P	22 56 35				3,040
		S	23 01 21				
		L _r	23 03				
		F	23 06 20	28			
30		L	00 30				
		F	00 30				

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 90 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: E 165 5.4 0, N 143 3.2 0, Z 80 3.0 0

1917.	Phase.	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Dec. 12	III	e	11 00 06				e doubtful.
		S	11 04 48				
		eL	11 06 03				
		F	11 16				
21	III _u	e	18 03 23				Microseisms present, but not heavy. P and S waves on Mainka 7 ^m 14 ^m .
		S	18 10 48				
		L _N	18 20 13	21			
		L _E	18 20 13	20			
		M _N	18 24 59			*2,000	
		M _E	18 26 27			*2,000	
		F	19 45				
21		e _v	18 03 45				S waves not discernible. No distinct main.
		L _v	18 21 08	80			
		F _v	19 18				
21		ew?	21 05 56				Heavy microseisms. S waves in nowise discernible.
		ew?	21 06 10				
		eL?	21 18 12				
		F	22 09				
23		e?	15 59 00				Heavy microseisms present.
		L	16 06 02	17			
		F	16 25				

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, December, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod, T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
Massachusetts. <i>Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.</i> J. B. Woodworth. Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 08' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V T_0 \\ E 80 23 0 \\ N 50 25 4:1 \end{cases}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Dec. 30	IM		3 07 08		*500			Local frost cracks: ground half bare, half iced over temperatures from 0° to -14°F on a.m. of 30th, Greenwich mean time.
	C		3 07 10					
	F		3 07 13					
30	IM		3 20 42		*500			
	C		3 30 44					
	F		3 20 50					
30	IM		3 21 48					
	F		3 21 56					
30	IM		3 22 50		*1,000			
	C		3 22 52					
	F		3 23 00					
30	IM		4 09 42		*1,300			
	F		4 09 47					
30	IM		5 21 57		*500			
	C		5 21 59					
	F		5 22 07					
30	Pa		6 49 50				67	No reports.
	IM		6 49 50					
	C		6 49 51					
	F		6 49 56					
30	M		7 03 20					
	C		7 03 22					
	F		7 03 29					
30	IM		7 48 44					
	C		7 48 45					
	F		7 48 49					
30	Pa		7 55 23				107	No reports.
	M		7 55 24					
	F		7 55 33					
30	M		9 11 20					
	C		9 11 23					
	F		9 11 29					
30	M		9 54 32					
	C		9 54 34					
	F		9 54 36					
30	M		9 58 14					
	C		9 58 16					
	F		9 58 20					
30	M		10 44 52					
	C		10 44 54					
	F		10 44 57					
30	M		10 45 41					
	F		10 45 43					
30	M		12 06 14					
	F		12 06 16					
30	M		14 22 11					
	F		14 22 12					
31	IM		6 40 46		*500			
	C		6 40 48					
	F		6 40 59					
31	IM		9 44 08		\$250			
	C		9 44 10					
	F		9 44 14					
31	IM		11 26 55					
	C		11 27 01					
	F		11 27 06					

*Trace amplitude.
 †Dec. 31, press report from Maynard, Mass., states that at an early hour this morning (eastern standard time) earth tremors shook houses, broke dishes, and caused people to think there had been an explosion. Several wide cracks in the ground, extending in some places more than half a mile, have been found. A large pear tree on the premises of William H. Millington on Bent Avenue was split from the base to the topmost limb. Two large crevices have been found on the Millington property.—(Note from Boston Post, Jan. 1, 1918, through Harvard University.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod, T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
Missouri. <i>Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observa-tory.</i> J. B. Goesse, S. J. Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum. Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V T_0 \\ E 80 7 5:1 \end{cases}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Dec. 21	III	1P	18 09 12				2,011	Shocks recorded inter-mittently on E-W.
		IS	18 12 36					
		IS	18 12 42					
		LS	18 13 12					
		LS	18 13 12	18		*3,000		
		MS	18 20 24					
		M	18 22 06	12		*3,000		
		F	19 00 ..					
28	III	enT	19 37 30					
		FS	20 10 ..					
29	II	1P	22 55 48				2,736	
		IS	23 00 09					
		IS	23 00 12					
		LS	23 01 18	30		*12,000		
		LS	23					
		F	24 00 ..					
* Trace amplitude.								
New York. <i>Buffalo. Canisius College.</i> John A. Curtin, S. J. Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. horizontal. Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V T_0 \\ E 80 7 5:1 \end{cases}$ (Report for December, 1917, not received.)								
New York. <i>Fordham. Fordham University.</i> Daniel H. Sullivan, S. J. Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters. Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg. Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V T_0 \\ E 72 6.6 1.5:1 \\ N 72 7.1 3.8:1 \end{cases}$								
1917.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Dec. 21		eP	17 59 08					N-S not recording.
		eS	18 06 19					
		LS	18 16 49					
		M	18 21 24	17		*2,060		
		C	18 33 24					
		F	19 05 24					
21		eL	21 16 44	12				
		F	21 30 ..					
28		eP	21 26 27					
		eP	21 26 29					
		eL	21 35 507					
		M	(21 40 00)	13				Sinusoidal. No de-cided max.
		F	(21 57 00)					
		F	22 20 00					
29		1P	22 52 32					N-S not recording satisfactorily.
		IS	22 57 45					
		LS	23 02 04					
		M	23 07 04	14		*2,300		
		F	23 55 ..					
* Trace amplitude.								

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, December, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod, T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Dec. 21	eN	18 03 17	4				
	SN	18 10 26	7				
	LW	18 18 25	24				
	MN	18 30 18	11		*1,500		
	FN	20 06					
21	eN	21 08 05	8				
	LW	21 17 50	16				
	F	21 56					
23	eL	16 10 50	13				
	F	16 24					
26	e	14 04 07	9				
	F	14 13					
28	eN	21 30 21	8				
	eLN	21 49 11	18				
	F	23 03 00					
29	FN	22 56 58	6				
	SN	23 02 18	13				
	LW	23 06 19	43				
	MN	23 13 25	20		*2,500		
	F	24 43					

* Trace amplitude.

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights. The Panama Canal.*

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ 35 & 20 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Dec. 26	M _N	1 25 48	20	*300	*900		
	M _S	1 25 52	20				
29	P	22 54 40					
	LW	22 58 12					
	LW	22 58 14					
	M _N	22 55	20	*5,600		1,175	Direction probably NW.
	M _S	22 55 01	20		*1,500		
	FN	23 48 40					
	FN	23 49					

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. L. Adams.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ 10 & 17.5 \\ N & 10 & 18.0 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Dec. 21	eLN	18 24 55	24				North component not recording.
	M _N	18 36	19	40			
	C	18 48					
	F	19 05					
29	eN	22 57 05					North component not recording properly.
	eN	22 57 20					
	eLN	23 02					
	eLN	23 02 07	30				
	M _N	23 14 40	17	30			
	C	23 17	12				
	F	23 56					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod, T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.* Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Dec. 21	P	18 03 26					
	S	18 10 36					
	L	18 14 20					
	L	18 20 00	20				
	F	19 00					
21	eL	21 20 30					
	F	21 45					
28	PT	21 23 26					
	ST	21 30 00					
	eL	21 36 00					
	L	21 41 30	20				
29	F	22 30					
	P	22 57 16					
	S	23 02 40					
	L	23 08 50	28				
	F	24 00					

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory.* Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ 120 & 28 \end{cases}$

1917.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.		
Dec. 21	O	17 54 45				5,040		
	P	18 03 16						
	S	18 10						
	SRI	18 13						
	LW	18 17	24					
	M _N	18 22	20		200			
	L	18 25	12					
	L	18 41	12					
	L	18 46	10					
	L	19 10	10					
	LRIT	20 25	irreg.					
	F	21 00						
	21	eN	21 07 44					Probably of the order of about 5,000 kilometers, and resembles the preceding quake but is less intense.
		eN	21 12 30*	8				
eLN		21 17	16					
L		21 18	16					
L		21 25	12					
23	L	21 33	12					
	LW	21 40	10					
	F	22 10						
	eLN	14 37	12					
23	LW	14 45	8					
	LW	14 55						
	F	15 00						
23	eN?	16 05	5					
	eLN	16 07 30*	15					
	LW	16 17	11					
	F	16 35						
26	eLN	13 57	15					
	F	14 15	11					
28	O	21 14 37				5,140		
	Pa	21 23 14						
	S	21 30 04						
	SRI	21 33 02						
	eLN	21 36 30*						
	L	21 38	18					
	M _N	21 42 30*	20		80			
	L	21 48	12					
	L	21 53	11					
	L	22 01	9					
L	22 10	9						
LW	22 29	11						
	F	23 00						

* Original time in tenths of a minute.

Note the marked resemblance in these phases to those on Dec. 21.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, December, 1917—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
1917. Dec. 29	Q		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Guatemala.
	P		22 50 23				3,980	
	S		22 57 24					
	L		23 02 53					
	eLw		23 06 30†					
	L		23 10 ..	30				
	M		(23 16 ..					
	L		(23 24 ..	18				
	L		23 30 ..	16				
	L		(23 42 ..	12				
	L		(24 00 ..					
	L		00 10 ..					
	F		00 30 ..					

† Original time in tenths of a minute.

Canada. *Toronto*. Dominion Meteorological Service.
 Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 25' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.

Instrumental constant... 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50"

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
1917. Dec. 20	Ls		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Gradual thicken- ing.
	M		2 56 00					
	F		2 57 36		*300			
	F		3 28 24					
	P		18 10 18					P lost changing sheet.
	S or L		18 18 36					
	Ll		18 18 36					
	Ll		18 21 36					
	M		18 24 12		*600			
	F?		20 05 30					
	L?		21 09 00					Air currents on. P and S masked.
	L		21 10 36					
	Ls		21 20 36					
	M		21 22 30		*800			
	L		14 33 48		*50			Guatemala earth- quake.
	F		14 42 54					
	L		16 06 36		*50			
	F		16 09 54					
	Ls		4 46 42					Guatemala.
	L		4 47 12					
	M		4 48 00		*500			
	F		5 19 30					
	Ls		5 37 06					Guatemala.
	L		5 38 06					
	M		5 38 30		*700			
	F		5 55 06					
	Ls		6 36 30					Guatemala.
	M		6 36 48		*900			
	F		6 48 12					
	S or L		13 55 42					Guatemala.
	L		13 59 24		*200			
	M		13 59 48					
	F		14 17 42					
	Sa		21 30 06					No P waves regis- tered.
	Ls		21 38 00					
	L		21 41 06					
	M		21 44 30		*2300			
	Ls		22 04 24					
	F		23 43 42					
	L		20 27 54					Thickening.
	Ls		20 29 48					
	M		20 30 06		*300			
	F		20 49 24					
	P		22 57 00					Disastrous Guaste- mala earthquake.
	S		23 02 36					
	Ll		23 04 24	127				
	L		23 07 12					
	Ll		23 09 48		*4100		3,810	
	M		23 15 54					
	Ls		1 01 06					Thickening.
	F		2 03 36					
	L		16 31 06					
	L		16 35 30		*200			
	M		16 41 24					
	F		16 55 48					

* Trace amplitude.

Canada. *Victoria, B. C.* Dominion Meteorological Service.
 Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.
 Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.
 Instrumental constant... 15. Pillar deviation, 1 mm., swing of boom=0.54"

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period, T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
1917. Dec. 20	M		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Alaska
	P		2 50 00		*100			
	L		17 58 21					
	L		18 02 39					
	M		18 06 07		*7000		2,660	
	F		19 47 46					
	P		17 59 02	3-4	A _s			
	S		18 02 56	7-8				
	L		18 03 45	12-14				
	M		18 07 58	12	67		4,860	
	P		20 51 18					
	S		20 55 14					
	L		21 09 10					
	M		21 05 05		*900		2,390	
	F		21 39 30					
	Por L		14 20 33					Alaska.
	M		14 22 32		*200			
	F		14 31 57					
	L		14 20 37					Alaska.
	M		14 22 01		*200			
	F		14 32 43					
	Por L		15 48 54					Alaska.
	M		15 50 52		*200			
	F		15 58 14					
	P?		4 54 26					Guatemala.
	L		4 58 52					
	M		5 01 20		*200		?	
	F		5 03 18					
	P		5 42 55					Guatemala.
	S?		5 45 59					
	L		5 48 57					
	M		5 51 55		*300			
	F		5 56 53					
	M		6 49 27		*100			Guatemala.
	P		13 36 04					
	S		13 40 02					
	L		13 42 01					Guatemala.
	M		13 44 30		*300			
	F		13 51 26					
	P		21 19 20					
	L		21 22 49					
	M		21 26 16		*2,000		2,070	
	Ls		21 58 54					
	F		22 50 35					
	P		21 19 06		A _s			
	S		21 22 47					
	L		21 23 47					
	M		21 27 49		67		4,820	
	F		22 08 00†					
	P		20 39 33					Guatemala.
	L		20 42 33					
	M		20 44 03		*200			
	F		20 49 33					
	P		22 58 09					Guatemala.
	S		23 03 30					
	L		23 07 26					
	M		23 17 46		*8,500			
	F		25 09 24					
	P		22 58 19	5	A _s			
	S		23 06 01	18				
	L		23 11 51	18				
	M		23 17 15	18	63		4,860	
	F		? ?					
	M		16 29 06		*100			

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late reports (instrumental).

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Pe-riod. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Alaska. Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.								
Lat. 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
					V T ₀			
Instrumental constants...					E 10 16.7	N 10 15.4		
1917.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	km.		
Nov. 16		Sw.	3 31 34					
		Ss.	3 32 54					
		eLw.	3 50 30	32				
		Mw.	4 02 56	32		20		
		F.	5 38 ..					

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 38" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\sqrt{\frac{V T_0}{N}}$ $\frac{E}{50}$ $\frac{T_0}{25}$ $\frac{a}{4:1}$

1917.			Lm.	Time	Sec.	μ	km.
Nov. 24		Lm.	12 11 31		20		
		F.	12 21 47				

Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestones of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V T_0}{N}$ $\frac{E}{80}$ $\frac{T_0}{7}$ $\frac{a}{6:1}$

1917.			Time	Sec.	μ	km.
Nov. 6	I.	Sw.	14 02 12			
		Ss.	14 02 24			
		L.	14 03 56			2,500
		F.	14 05 ..			
		F.	14 10 ..			
7	I.	eFw.	1 41 54			
		Sw.	1 44 18			2,400
		Ss.	1 44 30			
		L.	1 45 15			
		Lw.	1 45 30			
		F.	1 52 00			
		Fw.	1 52 06			

These were omitted from the regular report for November, 1917.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Idaho Falls, Idaho, December 12, 1917.

Distinct vibrations of the earth were felt here at 4 o'clock this morning. No damage was done. (Assoc. Press.)

New York, N. Y., December 27, 1917.

Guatemala City was partly destroyed by an earthquake on Christmas Day according to meager advices reaching here tonight. According to the message, the disturbance began late Tuesday night and was still continuing at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. (International News.)

San Salvador, December 30, 1917.

Guatemala City has been completely destroyed by an earthquake. (Assoc. Press.)

Cable to Navy Department, December 30, 1917.

Bad earthquake yesterday finished the work of others. Everything in ruins and beyond description as a result of last night's shock. One hundred and twenty-five thousand people are in the streets.

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station, at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

Guatemala City, Guatemala, December 31, 1917.

Earth shocks that began here at 11 o'clock Christmas night, and are still continuing, caused millions of dollars of damage to this city, the death of a few persons, and injury of about 100 others. Every house in the city was rendered uninhabitable, and the entire population is living in the parks and open spaces. The first shocks were light, giving warning of the heavy ones that might follow. The devastation wrought was widespread. (Assoc. Press.)

EARTHQUAKES FELT IN THE UNITED STATES DURING 1917.

W. J. HUMPHREYS,

Professor in Charge of Seismological Investigations.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Feb. 2, 1918.]

During the year 1917, 112 separate earthquakes strong enough to be felt were reported from different parts of the continental United States, as listed in the accompanying Table 1 and graphically represented (a dot for each report) on Chart XI (XLV-122) at the end of this issue of the REVIEW.

None of the 'quakes reported resulted in any appreciable damage.

'Quakes of moderate intensities, V-VI (Rossi-Forel), occurred in California on March 3, April 13, on six dates in May, and on August 19 and 28; at Panhandle, in Texas, on March 28; in northeastern New York on May 22, and in the State of Washington on November 12 and 14.

A 'quake of intensity VII on July 7 broke the Los Angeles aqueduct.

On April 9 a 'quake of intensity VI, central in eastern Missouri, was felt in 10 States. A second shock of intensity V followed the first 2 hours and 43 minutes later, and was felt in both Missouri and Illinois. This quake is discussed in detail by R. H. Finch in this REVIEW, April, 1917, pages 187-188.

On September 3 a 'quake of intensity VI was reported from 34 separate points in Minnesota, central about Brainerd, Lincoln, and Staples. This 'quake is discussed in detail by C. J. Posey in this REVIEW, November, 1917, pages 556-558.

TABLE 1.—Places in the United States reporting earthquakes during 1917.

[Consult also Chart XI (XLV-122) in this issue.]

Place.	Ap-proxi-mate lati-tude (north).	Ap-proxi-mate longi-tude (west).	Num-ber of quakes re-ported.	Place.	Ap-proxi-mate lati-tude (north).	Ap-proxi-mate longi-tude (west).	Num-ber of quakes re-ported.
ALABAMA.				CALIFORNIA—con.			
Greensboro.....	32 41	87 32	1	Cedarville.....	41 32	120 08	2
Rosemary.....	32 40	87 30	1	Cloverdale.....	38 46	123 00	1
ARKANSAS.				Coechella.....			
Black Rock.....	36 08	91 04	1	El Cajon.....	32 48	116 53	1
Corning.....	36 23	90 33	1	Enrals.....	40 48	124 11	2
Hardy.....	36 19	91 22	1	Fairmont.....	34 45	113 25	1
Marked Tree.....	35 32	90 22	1	Ferndale.....	40 35	124 16	1
Ozark.....	35 43	89 54	1	Fillmore.....	32 45	115 31	1
Paragould.....	36 05	90 25	1	Heber.....	36 50	121 20	1
Piggott.....	36 22	90 10	1	Hollister.....	33 43	116 12	2
Pocahontas.....	36 15	90 55	1	Julian.....	33 05	119 39	5
St. Francis.....	36 25	90 06	1	Lakeport.....	39 04	122 56	1
CALIFORNIA.				Lone Pine.....			
Banning.....	33 58	116 52	1	Los Angeles.....	34 03	118 15	2
Barrett Dam.....	32 40	116 44	2	Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 58	2
Berkley.....	37 52	122 16	3	Markieville.....	35 48	119 46	1
Bishop.....	37 22	118 34	4	Mayfield.....	37 23	122 05	1
Elythe.....	33 25	114 38	1	Mecca.....	33 34	116 05	2
Boulevard.....	32 38	116 15	1	Mesa Grande.....	33 11	116 45	1
Brawley.....	33 00	115 31	4	Mojave.....	35 03	118 12	1
Cahuilla.....	33 32	116 45	4	Mount Wilson.....	34 13	118 04	3
Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	22	Nesnach.....	34 47	118 37	1
Campbell.....	37 17	121 57	1	Nellis.....	33 22	116 53	1
Carmel.....	36 34	121 56	1	Nordhoff.....	34 35	119 14	1
				Oral.....	34 25	119 12	2
				Olancha.....	36 15	118 00	1
				Owensyo.....	36 40	118 01	1

TABLE 1.—Places in the United States reporting earthquakes during 1917—Continued.

[Consult also Chart XI (XLV-122) in this issue.]

Table with columns for Place, Approximate latitude (north), Approximate longitude (west), and Number of quakes reported. It lists earthquake locations across various states including California, Idaho, Illinois, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

* Erase the red dot at Boise, Idaho, on Chart XI (XLV-122).