

TABLE III.—Data furnished by the Canadian Meteorological Service, January, 1919.

Stations.	Altitude above M. S. L.		Pressure				Temperature.						Precipitation.		
	Jan. 1, 1916.	Station reduced to mean of 24 hours.	Sea level reduced to mean of 24 hours.	Dopar-ture from normal.	Mean max. + min + 2.	Dopar-ture from normal.	Mean maximum.	Mean minimum.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Dopar-ture from normal.	Total snowfall.		
														Feet.	Inches.
St. John's, N. F.	125	29.59	29.73	-0.13	25.9	+ 2.1	32.6	19.2	58	0	0.16	+0.25	13.0		
Sydney, C. B. I.	48	29.82	29.86	-0.07	26.4	+ 5.9	33.4	19.3	60	- 5	4.79	-6.40	13.0		
Halifax, N. S.	88	29.78	29.88	-0.09	27.3	+ 5.5	34.9	19.7	49	- 8	3.06	-0.71	5.8		
Yarmouth, N. S.	65	29.81	29.88	-0.12	30.3	+ 4.0	37.0	23.6	50	1	3.03	-0.38	6.1		
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	38	29.82	29.86	-0.10	22.2	+ 5.2	28.5	15.8	44	-12	2.72	-1.21	11.2		
Chatham, N. B.	28	29.87	29.90	-0.07	15.7	+ 5.9	21.5	6.9	39	-17	3.27	-0.32	31.5		
Fether Point, Que.	20	29.91	29.94	-0.04	10.8	+ 2.8	19.6	2.1	34	-17	4.74	+1.89	45.4		
Quebec, Que.	296	29.61	29.95	-0.07	13.8	+ 4.7	20.4	7.1	36	-20	3.44	-0.57	33.4		
Montreal, Que.	187	29.75	29.97	-0.07	18.3	+ 6.6	26.3	10.4	40	-15	2.69	-1.04	16.8		
Stonesville, Ont.	489														
Ottawa, Ont.	276	29.71	29.99	-0.24	18.1	+ 8.5	27.8	8.5	40	-20	2.68	-0.31	19.3		
Kineston, Ont.	245	29.68	30.01	-0.04	25.0	+ 7.9	33.0	17.0	46	-12	1.92	-1.53	11.7		
Toronto, Ont.	379	29.58	30.01	-0.04	29.3	+ 7.9	36.6	22.0	47	0	1.93	-1.89	4.3		
White River, Ont.	1,243	28.54	29.91	-0.10	8.5	+ 8.9	29.0	-7.6	35	-37	1.17	-0.22	14.7		
Port Stanley, Ont.	592	29.37	30.03	-0.14	29.2	+ 7.0	35.7	22.7	47	5	1.49	-1.50	4.9		
Southampton, Ont.	656	29.23			27.1	+ 6.7	33.7	20.5	46	-1	3.16	-0.89	21.0		
Parry Sound, Ont.	688	29.24		-0.04	22.9	+ 9.1	31.5	14.3	39	-29	3.58	-0.50	33.0		
Port Arthur, Ont.	644	29.23	29.96	-0.11	16.7	+13.6	26.2	7.2	38	-22	0.26	-0.56	2.6		
Winnipeg, Man.	769	29.08	29.95	-0.16	11.0	+17.8	19.1	2.9	37	-26	0.19	-0.70	1.8		
Minneapolis, Man.	1,600	28.05	29.96	-0.14	9.5	+16.7	19.6	-0.6	38	-35	0.74	-0.06	7.4		
Qu'Appelle, Sask.	2,115	27.57	29.89	-0.18	17.7	+21.5	27.8	7.6	43	-33	0.70	+0.20	6.6		
Medicine Hat, Alberta.	2,144	27.54	29.88	-0.21	32.0	+26.5	42.0	22.0	58	-15	0.92	-0.55	.....	
Swift Current, Sask.	2,392	27.24	29.88	-0.21	25.5	+22.4	34.7	16.3	51	-25	0.50	-0.14	5.0		
Calgary, Alberta.	3,428	23.20	29.80	-0.17	31.9	+22.6	42.0	20.0	55	6	0.34	-0.19	3.4		
Banff, Alberta.	4,521	2.23	29.97	-0.03	23.6	+11.5	31.3	15.8	42	-14	2.07	+0.88	20.7		
Edmonton, Alberta.	2,150	27.47	29.81	-0.22	21.8	+20.0	31.9	11.7	47	-15	1.08	+0.40	10.6		
Prince Albert, Sask.	1,450	28.27	29.90	-0.19	12.7	+21.1	22.1	3.2	45	-35	0.93	-0.01	9.3		
Battleford, Sask.	1,522	28.97	29.97	-0.21	15.6	+21.5	27.0	4.2	45	-27	0.74	-0.34	7.4		
Kamloops, B. C.	1,282	28.73	30.11	+ 0.15	30.3	+ 7.5	35.6	25.3	47	3	0.32	-0.50	0.7		
Victoria, B. C.	230	29.76	30.02	+ 0.05	41.3	+ 2.8	45.0	37.6	52	33	5.81	+0.42	.....	
Barkerville, B. C.	4,180	25.52	29.69	-0.00	23.8	+ 6.0	30.1	17.5	38	0	2.50	-0.30	23.0		
Hamilton, Bermuda.	151	29.95	30.12	-0.01	63.7	+ 1.7	68.7	58.8	71	51	8.56	+1.62	.....	

SEISMOLOGICAL TABLES.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR JANUARY, 1919.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge

[Dated: Seismological Investigations, Weather Bureau, March 3, 1919]

SEISMOLOGICAL ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE INSTRUMENTAL REPORTS.

CHARACTER OF THE EARTHQUAKE.

- I=noticeable.
- II=conspicuous.
- III=strong.
- d=(terra motus domesticus)=local earthquake (sensible or felt).
- v=(terra motus vicinus)=near-by earthquake (within 1,000 km.).
- r=(terra motus remotus)=distant earthquake (1,000 to 5,000 km. distant).
- u=(terra motus ultimus)=very distant earthquake (beyond 5,000 km.).
- Δ=distance to epicenter.

PHASES.

- P=(undæ primæ)=first preliminary tremors.
- PR_n=P waves reflected n times at the earth's surface.
- S=(undæ secundæ)=second preliminary tremors.
- SR_n=S waves reflected n times at the earth's surface.
- PS=transformed waves; longitudinal (P) to transversal (S) or vice versa.

- L=(undæ longæ)=long waves in the principal portion.
- M=(undæ maximæ)=greatest motion in the principal portion.
- C=(codæ)=trailers.
- O=time at epicenter.

- L_{repp1}=long waves reaching the station from the antiepicenter (40,000 km. -Δ).
- L_{repp2}=long waves again reaching the station from the antiepicenter (40,000 km. +Δ).
- F=(finis)=end of perceptible trace.

NATURE OF THE MOTION.

- i=(impetus)=abrupt beginning.
- e=(emersio)=gradual appearance.
- T=period=twice time of oscillation.
- A=amplitude of earth's movement, reckoned from the zero line.
- E, N, or Z attached to a symbol signifies the E-W, the N-S, or the vertical component, respectively, thus:
- P_E is the E-W component of P.
- P_N is the N-S component of P.
- P_Z is the vertical component of P.

μ=micron, $\frac{1}{1,000}$ mm.

INSTRUMENTAL CONSTANTS.

- T₀=period of instrument.
- V=magnification of instrument.
- e=damping ratio.

TABLE I.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, January, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity, Rossi-Forl.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
Jan. 8	m. m. 4 07	Hamot.....	33 45	116 46	2	1	2	Rumble.		C. E. McManis.
		Napa.....	38 18	122 20	5	1	5	Faint.	Awakened people.	
20	9 30	St. Helena.....	32 41	122 30	4	1	1	None.	Shock distant.	F. B. Mackinder.
		Vallejo.....	38 07	122 18	4	1	1	None.		Press report.
25	22 29	Bakersfield.....	35 32	119 00	3-4	3	3	None.	Like heavy trucks passing.	F. W. Warthor.
		Mariocopa.....	35 05	119 23	3	1	1	None.		E. F. Fouike.
		Ojai.....	34 25	119 12	5	1	1	None.		Wm H. Duncan

MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW.

JANUARY, 1919

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see this REVIEW, p. 59.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		

Alabama. *Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.*

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(Report for January, 1919, not received.)

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.*

Lat., 57° 03' 09" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} V \\ T_0 \\ 10 \\ 16.6 \end{array}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Jan. 1	P _N	3 12 01	2				Phases marked doubtful are in each case single large irregular waves of 0.5 to 1.0 mm. amplitude.
	P _S	3 12 12	4				
	S _N	3 22 54					
	S _S	3 22 37					
	M _N	3 22 48		109			
	e _N	3 28 14					
	e _S	3 28 18					
	M _S	3 28 24			80		
	e _N	3 34 52					
	e _S	3 34 54					
	F _N	3 44					
	F _S	3 47					

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. William H. Cullum.*

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 59' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} V \\ T_0 \\ 10 \\ 18.4 \end{array}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Jan. 1	P _N	3 12 28					E-W out of order No well-defined long waves.
	S _N	3 22 20					
	M _N	3 22 30			1,400		
	F _N	4 22					
17	e _{P_N}	11 54 17	5				
	e _{P_S}	11 54 28	6				
	e _{S_N}	11 58 29	6				
	e _{S_S}	11 58 40	6				
	L _N	12 00 19	14				
	L _S	12 00 28	16				
	M _N	12 01 39	9		180		
	M _S	12 01 48	10		680		
	C _S	12 03	9				
	C _N	12 01	9				
	F _N	12 08					
	F _S	12 26					
31	e _S	23 51 55	12				
	e _N	23 52 29	12				
	M _N	23 52 45			10		
	M _S	23 51			20		
Feb. 1	F _N	0 01					
	F _S	0 03					

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,251.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. H. West seismoscope.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Jan. 6							Tremors during 24 hours preceding 16 ^h 00 ^m on date given.

* Amplitude on instrument.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*

Lat., 37° 25' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See Record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 36° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(No earthquake recorded during January, 1919.)

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \\ N \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} V \\ T_0 \\ 119 \\ 6.4 \end{array}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Jan. 1	eP	1 52 53 ²				1,860 ²	F lost in next quake.
	eS	1 56 06					
	eL?	2 07 00					
	L	2 40 30	28				
	L	2 55 00	20				
1	P	3 17 44				5,300 ²	
	S	3 24 42					
	L	3 28 43					
	L	3 31 60	28				
	L	3 39 30	18				
	F	5 40					
6	eL	23 30 30	18				On E-W only.
	F	23 40 00					
8	eL	2 01 00					Not on N-S.
	F	2 07 00					
17	e	11 55 45					
	S	12 01 07					
	eL?	12 13 19					
	F	12 30 00					
31	e	21 59 30					
Feb. 1	eL	0 02 50					
	F	0 20 00					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i>								
F. A. Tondorf, S. J.								
Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed chlorite.								
Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ Z & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ & 80 & 5.0 & 0 \end{cases}$								
1919			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1	eP _N		1 59 18					Microseisms. No distinct main.
	eP _E		1 59 19					
	eL ₇		2 25 08					
	L _N		2 33 00	17				F in next quake.
	L _E		2 33 19	17				
1	eP _N		3 17 57					
	eP _E		3 18 17					
	S _N		3 24 37					
	S _E		3 25 39					
	eL _N		3 28 24					
	eL _E		3 28 42					
	L _N		3 30 20					
	L _E		3 34 20					
	S _N		3 38 30					
	S _E		3 38 30					
	F		5 40					
5	a		20 03 00					Little value can be set on these data because of local disturbances.
	SP		20 10 11					
	F		20 35					
8	eP		1 58 17					Scarcely visible on N-S.
	eL		2 01					
	F		2 09					
17	eP _N		11 53 41					Heavy microseisms F difficult.
	eP _E		11 54 00					
	S _N		12 01 07					
	S _E		12 01 08					
	L _N		12 16 55	11				
	L _E		12 17 55	11				
	F		12 50					
VERTICAL.								
	eP _V		11 55 46					
	L _V		12 18 12	10				
	F _V		12 45					
27	eP		21 59 11					F.
	S		21 59 25					
	eL		22 16 54					
31	eP		23 58 22					Microseisms.
Feb. 1	eL		0 03 30					
	L		0 05 43	11				
	L		0 07 25	11				
	F		0 20					

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.*
 Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Instrumental constant. $\begin{cases} T_0 \\ N & 18.6 \end{cases}$								
1919			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1	P		1 45 24	19				
	S		1 55 12	17				
	L		2 08 18	22				
	M		2 22 18	18	*6,300			F in next quake.
	C		2 42	19				
1	e		3 07 38	10				Waves of amplitude greater than the width of the record began abruptly at 3h 14m30s.
	L		3 14 30	20				
	M		3 15 00	20	*17,000			
	C		3 28	18				
	F		7 18					
5	eP		20 17 24	18				
	L		20 38 00	23				
	M		20 44 00	19	*400			
	C		20 47	18				
	F		21 12					
6	P		22 32 42	16				
	S		22 40 00	20				
	eL		22 46 54	20				
	M		22 55 00	18	*4,000			
	C		22 59	18				
	F		25 30					

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu—Continued.</i>								
1919			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 7	eL		12 41 05					
	M		12 47 48	18	*100			
	F		12 53					
8	eL		2 37 00					
	M		2 43 12	18	*100			
	F		2 47					
8	eL		6 54 00					
	M		6 58 48	21	*100			
	F		7 00					
8	eL		22 11 06					
	M		22 15 30	18	*100			
	F		22 22 30					
11	eL		10 09 34	20				
	M		10 10 12	18	*200			
	F		10 31					
17	eL		12 17 30	20				
	M		12 21 00	18	*200			
	F		12 25					
27	eL		21 53 00	21				
	M		21 53 24		*200			
	F		22 42					
29	L		3 23 00					Local shock, felt in the islands. Principal portion a mere haze (on account of the rapid motion) similar to record of a quake on a magnetograph.
	M		3 23 18		*200			
	C		3 23 48					
	F		3 29					
31	eL		23 55 42	20				
Feb. 1	M		0 02 30	21	*200			
	F		0 14					

* Trace amplitude.
 Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and astronomy. F. E. Keater.*
 Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 177 & 3.4 & 4.1 \\ & 205 & 3.4 & 4.1 \end{cases}$
 (Report for January, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.*
 Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 15 \\ & 10 & 15 \end{cases}$								
1919			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1	eP _N		1 56 55					
	eP _E		1 56 59					
	eL _N		2 37 40					
	eL _E		2 37 45					
	M		2 56 55	20		20		F in next quake.
	M		2 57 30	20	10			
1	P		3 19 20	3				Record not clear, phases not well defined.
	F		3 19 53	3				
	eS		3 25 12					
	IS		3 26 59			400		
	eL		3 29 09	18				
	M		3 34 54	18		460		
	M		3 35 19	14	250			
	eL		3 39 40					
	C		3 58					
	C		4 17					
	F		4 48					
	F		5 10					
17	eP		12 01 09	10				Phases obscured by microseisms.
	eP		12 01 17	9				
	M		12 09 30	8		10		
	M		12 09 34	10	20			
	F		12 31					
	F		12 33					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station, J. B. Woodworth. Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E \quad V \quad T_0 \quad \epsilon \\ 80 \quad 23 \quad 0 \\ N \quad 50 \quad 25 \quad 4:1 \end{array} \right.$								
1919.								
Jan. 1								
	S _u ?		1 53 51	10			16,000?	
	e _u ?		2 19 42	20				
	e _L		2 25 05	35				
	L		2 32 23	26				
	M		2 36 55	20				
	M		2 41 16	24				
	C		3 08 ..	15				F in next record.
1	O		5 11 43				5,200	46° 48' of arc.
	eP _N		3 20 24					
	eP _W		3 20 30	4				
	PR _N		3 20 56					
	PR _W		3 20 57					
	e _N		3 22 34	8				
	S _N		3 27 17	12				
	S _W		3 27 41	9				
	SR _N		3 30 59					
	eL _N		3 34 28	20				
	M _N		3 36 ..				*66,000	S _N undamped; fol- lowed by ex- traordinary large waves like MM up to 72 mm. Trace undamp- ed.
	M _W		3 40 ..					
	M _N		3 43 ..					
	M _W		3 48 ..					
	C _N		3 54 ..					
	C _W		3 56 ..					
	L _N		4 05 ..					
	M _N		4 07 ..					
	M _W		4 11 ..					
	F _N		7 01 44					A beautiful lentic- ular group of sinusoidal waves. Not L _{wp} waves. Must be S waves coming back from antice- trum.
4								Several distur- bances on N-S be- tween 10 ^h 44 ^m and 13 ^h ; possibly local tempera- ture effects. Mi- croseisms only on E-W.
6	O?		23 04 16				4,680?	Time somewhat uncertain.
	S _u ?		23 19 43	8				
	L _u ?		23 26 27					
	L _N		23 30 51	20				
7	L _W		0 20 49	24				Possibly part of preceding, but shown best on N-S while pre- ceding quake is most legible on E-W.
	L _N		0 27 20	24				
	L _W		0 45 29	16				
	F		0 51 ..					
8	O?		1 47 28					Powder explosion at Acton, Mass., 26.8 km. away, bearing N. 75° W. Tempera- ture about 0° C. Record super- posed on L of preceding. SL probably forced ground wave traveling under sound wave around 333 m. per sec. No check on time at origin obtain- able.
	e _N		1 59 40					
	SL		1 59 54	0.3				
	M _N		1 59 57	0.3	5			
	M _W		1 59 59	0.3	5			
	M _N		1 59 58	0.3				
	C _N		2 00 03					
	C _W		2 00 07					
	F _N		2 00 23					
	F _W		2 00 24					
9	e		11 51 38					
	e _N		11 56 48	3				
	e _W		11 56 49	10				
	S _u ?		12 02 20	15				
	S _u ?		12 02 33	13				
	L _N		12 11 41	12				
	L _W		12 17 ..	8				
	C _N		13 38 20					
	F		12 35 ..					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Massachusetts. Cambridge—Continued. 1919. Jan. 17 e _u ? 11 51 37 e _W 11 56 55 3 e _N 11 57 68 10 S _u ? 12 02 29 15 S _u ? 12 02 42 13 L _u ? 12 11 50 12 L _W (12 15 ..) L _N (12 35 ..) C _N 12 38 F _N 12 55 31 18 L _W 9 20 52 L _N 9 23 41 20 L _W 9 28 22 15 F 9 29 35 Some disturbance also from 8 ^h on- ward. Earlier phases masked by mi- croseisms. Not recognizable on E-W.								
Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observa- tory. J. B. Goesse, S. J. Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum. Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V \quad T_0 \quad \epsilon \\ 80 \quad 7 \quad 5:1 \end{array} \right.$ (Report for January, 1919, not received.)								
New York. Fordham. Fordham University. W. C. Repetti, S. J. Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 29.3 meters. Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg. Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V \quad T_0 \quad \epsilon \\ 72 \quad 5.0 \quad 0 \\ N \quad 72 \quad 5.0 \quad 0 \end{array} \right.$ (Report for January, 1919, not received.)								
New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries. Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V \quad T_0 \quad \epsilon \\ 13 \quad 22 \quad 4:1 \\ N \quad 14 \quad 25 \quad 4:1 \end{array} \right.$								
1919.								
Jan. 1								
	e _u ?		1 56 16	5				
	e _u ?		1 56 17	4				
	e _W		2 04 45	9				
	e _N		2 06 20	10				
	e _W		2 11 40	7				
	e _N		2 12 05	10				
	e _W		2 22 10	14				
	L _W		2 30 02	44				
	L _N		2 35 30	27				F in next 'quake.
1	eP _N		3 18 50	2				
	eP _W		3 19 20	5				
	e _N		3 22 03	4				
	e _W		3 24 45	8				
	e _N		3 27 45	18				
	L _N		3 37 ..	24				
	F _N		5 51 ..					
17	eP		11 50 50	5				
	S _u		12 01 36	11				
	S _u		12 01 40	13				
	eL		12 10 ..	10				
	F		12 51 ..					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological report, January, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
Panama Canal. <i>Balboa Heights</i> . Governor, Panama Canal.								
Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori: 100 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{35} \frac{T_0}{20}$								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1		P.....	1 53 00					Distance and di- rection uncertain.
		F.....	1 59 00					
	1	P.....	3 16 00		*1,500	*1,600		Distance and di- rection uncertain.
		F.....	4 20 00					

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques*. *Magnetic Observatory*. U. S. Coast and Geo-
detic Survey. Wallace M. Hill.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 63° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{17}$
 $\frac{E}{10} \frac{N}{10}$

1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1		P _s	3 19 15	6				Waves of irregular period and am- plitude; appar- ently overlapp- ing waves of different periods, a larger wave showing occa- sionally when the phases coincide.
		P _n	3 19 18	3				
		eS _s	3 29 19	10				
		M _s	3 30 05	20	200			
		eS _n	3 30 06	18				
		L _s	3 35 35	20				
		L _w	3 35 36	18				
		M _n	3 35 52	18		190		
		C _w	3 37 ..	16				
		C _n	3 40 ..	16				
		F _s	4 13 ..					
		F _n	4 30 ..					

Vermont. *Northfield*. U. S. *Weather Bureau*. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{10} \frac{T_0}{15}$
 $\frac{E}{10} \frac{N}{16}$

1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1		eL _s	2 40 00	24				
		L _s	2 53 30	20				
		F.....	3 10 00					
	1	e.....	3 19 30					
		S _w ?.....	3 26 54					
		L.....	3 28 56	22				
		L.....	4 05 30	14				
		F.....	5 00 00					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
Canada. <i>Ottawa</i> . <i> Dominion Astronomical Observatory</i> . Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 33" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph.								
Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{120} \frac{T_0}{26}$								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1		ln.....	1 54 27	9				The source lay nearer to Ot- tawa than Hal- fax and was prob- ably at least 1,500 km. away from the former. F lost in next quake.
		en.....	2 03 44	12				
		eL?.....	2 28 ..	60				
		L.....	2 36 ..	30				
		L.....	2 40 ..	26				

	1	O?.....	3 18 55				3,200?	Record very con- fusing, especially due to fact that that the i records on N-S were not recorded on E-W and regular phases appearing on latter were not visible on former. Same phenomenon present on Hal- fax record.
		eP _w ?.....	3 19 10					
		eS _w ?.....	3 24 08					
		ls.....	3 26 37					
		eln?.....	3 28 30					
		ln.....	3 29 24					
		ln.....	3 34 38					
		ln.....	3 38 40					
		L.....	3 40 ..	30				
		L.....	3 50 ..	30				
		L.....	4 05 ..	18				
		L _w	4 10 ..	44				
		L.....	4 20 ..	14				
		L.....	4 35 ..	14				
		L _w	4 45 ..	40				
		L _w	5 15 ..	35				
		F.....	6 ..					
	5	L.....	20 13 07	3				
		eL.....	20 35 ..	19				
		F.....	20 50 ..					
	6	eL.....	(23 26 ..)	19				Heavy micro- seisms.
		L.....	23 50 ..	17				
	7	L.....	0 05 ..	15				
		F.....	0 20 ..					
	8	e.....	1 53 18					Heavy micro- seisms.
		eL.....	2 01 ..	19				
		F.....	2 20 ..					
	17	O?.....	11 49 44				3,840?	Short, choppy ir- regular L waves, the beginning of which can not be accurately de- termined.
		lP?.....	11 56 50					
		eW?.....	12 02 05					
		eS?.....	12 02 28					
		eL.....	12 ..	7				
		L.....	12 ..	8				
		L.....	12 23 ..	7				
		L _w	12 34 ..					
		F.....	13 ..					
	18	eL.....	{ 7 12 ..					Barely discernible; heavy micro- seisms.
			{ 7 30 ..					
	27	e.....	21 03 30					Irregular. Heavy microseisms.
		eL.....	21 09 ..					
		L.....	(21 11 ..)					
		F.....	22 40 ..					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, January, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
<i>Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.</i>								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 78° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. .18 T _h . Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom—0.45".								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1	e.		2 03 42					Early phases masked by microseisms.
	eL.		2 10 06					
	L.		2 36 48					
	L.		2 53 42					
	M.		2 56 06		*1,000			F lost in next 'quake.
1	S.		3 16 12					First phases intermixed with trailers of previous quake.
	L?		3 25 54					
	L.		3 28 48					
	eL.		3 29 24					
	M.		3 31 54		*4,000			
	iL.		3 36 30					
	iL.		3 38 48					
	iL.		3 44 42					
	M.		3 54 48		*3,400			
	iL.		3 55 36					
	iL.		3 57 18					
	iL.		4 01 30					
	iL.		4 09 06					
	iL.		4 13 12					
	iL.		4 21 24					F lost in microseisms.
5								Heavy microseisms at time of 'quake at other stations.
6	L.		23 26 36					
	eL.		23 30 30					
	M.		23 33 12		*700			
	eL.		23 38 36					F lost in microseisms.
7	L.		0 41 54					
	eL.		0 44 00		*400			F lost in microseisms.
	M.		0 46 00					
8	L.		2 03 06					
	eL.		2 05 24		*300			F in microseisms.
	M.		2 08 00					
17	L.		12 09 42					Microseisms going on.
	M.		12 16 48		*200			F in microseisms.
27	L?		21 56 06					Microseisms going on.
	M?		21 58 06		*300			F in microseisms.
	eL?		22 19 00					
31	L.		23 48 48					Small microseisms going on.
	L.		23 56 54		*200			
	M.							
Feb. 1	L.		0 01 48					F in microseisms.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _S	A _W		
<i>Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.</i>								
Lat., 48 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. .18 T _h . Pillar deviation, 1 mm., swing of boom—0.54".								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>km.</i>	
Jan. 1	P.		1 47 32				9,220	F lost in next 'quake.
	S.		1 57 53					
	L.		2 11 50					
	M.		2 41 05		*1,400			
1	P.		3 11 00				2,310	
	S.		3 13 19					
	L.		3 17 17					
	M.		3 22 44		*6,500			
	F.		6 05 23					
	<i>VERTICAL. A_S</i>							
	P.		5 11 18	2-5			1,040	L?, F?
	S.		5 15 04	4-6				
	M.		5 20 00	24	143			
0	L.		20 39 59					
	M.		20 43 25		*200			
	F.		20 51 17					
6	P.		22 47 55				4,120	
	S.		22 53 49					
	L.		23 03 40					
	M.		23 16 27		*2,000			
7	F.		0 17 28					
	<i>VERTICAL. A_S</i>							
	L.		23 06 00	24				
	M.		23 11 00	20	3			
7	P.		0 44 28				1,710	
	S.		0 47 25					
	L.		0 51 21					
	M.		0 59 13		*300			
	F.		1 15 57					
8	P.		2 17 08					
	L.		2 21 36					
	M.		2 24 34		*400			
	F.		2 41 55					
17	P.		12 09 07				680	
	L.		12 10 35					
	M.		12 12 04		*2,400			
	F.		12 22 53					
	<i>VERTICAL. A_S</i>							
	P.		12 09 00	2				L?, F?
	M.		12 18 30	10	143			
27	L.		21 50 47					
	M.		21 58 14		*200			
	F.		22 23 01					
31	P.		23 45 26		3		615	
	L.		23 46 55					
	M.		23 47 35		*1,000			
Feb. 1	F.		0 03 47					
	<i>VERTICAL. A_S</i>							
	P.		23 46 12	3			600	
	L.		23 46 54	8				
	M.		23 47 20	20	6			
	F.		0 00 00					

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

No reports for January, 1919.

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological department of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SEISMOLOGY.*

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR FEBRUARY, 1919.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Mar. 1, 1919.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, February, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time. Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forl.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
Feb.	H. m.		° ' "	° ' "			Seconds.			
9	15 57	San Pedro	32 43	118 14	2	1		None		Geo. Linder.
10	24 00	Bishop	32 22	118 24	5	1		None		Associated Press.
14	22 47	Calxico	32 41	115 30	2	1	0.1	None		H. M. Rouse.
16	15 58	Bakersfield	35 22	119 00	4-5	3		Rumbling	Awakened people.	F. W. Warthorst.
		Fairmont	34 15	118 25	5	1	10	Rumbling	Small bells rung.	Wm. F. C. Lowe.
		Glennville	35 45	118 42	4	2	5	Rumbling	Sounds with second shock.	C. H. Lkeley.
		Lindsay	36 18	119 06	3-4	1	5	Rattling		Basil Prior.
		Los Angeles	34 03	118 15	5	1		Rumbling	Some clocks stopped.	R. A. Nelson.
		Maricopa	35 05	119 08	5	1	20	Rumbling		E. F. Foulke.
		Ojai	34 25	119 12	5	1	3	Faint		W. H. Duncan.
		San Luis Obispo	35 18	120 39	4	1	30	None		J. E. Hissong.
		San Pedro	33 45	118 14	4	1		None		Geo. Linder.
		Santa Barbara	34 23	119 40	5	1		None		Associated Press.
		Springville	36 07	118 50	5	1	2	Rumbling		Mary Birkhead.
17	20 00	Maricopa	35 05	119 08	2	1	10	Faint		E. F. Foulke.
19	3 52	Amos	33 05	115 16	2	1	30	None		A. W. Sullivan.
		Barrett	32 43	116 46	4	1	3	None		L. Watts.
		Calxico	32 41	115 30	3	1	3	None		H. M. Rouse.
19	4 03	Calxico	32 41	115 30	2	1	30	None		H. M. Rouse.
19	4 55	Barrett	32 43	116 46	5	1	3	None		L. Watts.
		Brawley	32 59	115 40	4	3			Mud volcanoes active.	M. D. Witter.
		Calxico	32 41	115 30	4	3	17	Rumbling	Sharp lurch, direction noticed.	H. M. Rouse.
19	5 30	Amos	33 05	115 16	2	1	30	None		A. W. Sullivan.
19	13 23	Calxico	32 41	115 30	4	1	30	Rumbling	Several lighter shocks.	H. M. Rouse.
20	3 59	Calxico	32 41	115 30	4	1	35	Rumbling		H. M. Rouse.
		Imperial	32 50	115 35	4	1		None		Associated Press.
20	8 50	Lone Pine	36 37	118 01	4	4		Rattling		G. F. Marsh.
25	22 39	Berkeley	37 52	122 16	3	1		None	Felt by persons at rest.	Dr. E. F. Davis.
		Napa	38 18	122 20	5-6	3	5	Rumbling	Some bells rang.	G. A. Lewis.
		Oakland	37 48	122 15	5	1		None		Emma Smith.
		Petaluma	38 23	122 48	4	1	2			F. H. Parnell.
		Point Reyes	38 15	122 38	5	1	15	Rumbling	Some alarm.	John Landis.
		San Francisco	37 48	122 28	5	1	10	Rumbling		Mrs. John Kelly.
27	19 18	Calxico	32 41	115 30	3	1	4	None	Shook objects in tall buildings.	U. S. Weather Bureau.
					2	1	5	None		H. M. Rouse.
NEW MEXICO.										
1	4 30	Socorro	34 08	106 48	4-5		20	Rumbling	Followed by 3 shocks.	J. J. Leeson.
1	20 30	Socorro	34 08	106 48	5		30	Rumbling	Some alarm.	J. J. Leeson.

* For explanation of abbreviations used in the following tables, see this REVIEW, January, 1919, p. 59.

THE NEW SEISMOGRAPHS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.

Two Milne-Shaw seismographs, one registering the east-west component the other the north-south component, have recently been installed by the Weather Bureau in Rosenwald Hall of the University of Chicago, the records from which for the months of January and February, 1919, together with the constants of the instruments appear in this number of the REVIEW. The horizontal pendulum of each instrument carries a "steady" mass of only 454 grams. The registration is photographic and is obtained by means of a simple but effective optical train that includes a delicately balanced rotating mirror. The concrete pier upon which the in-

struments are mounted rests upon bed rock 62' 10'' below the level of the floor of the seismograph room. While some difficulty is experienced on account of the location, both as to tilting and wind disturbances, the records are for the most part excellent. The machines are maintained and operated by the Weather Bureau in cooperation with the University of Chicago.

The Milne-Shaw seismograph is described in detail in a Handbook on the instrument by the maker J. J. Shaw, West Bromwich, England, and, briefly, in the Report of the British Association for the Advancement of Science for 1915, page 57.—R. H. FINCH.

TABLE 2.—*Instrumental seismological reports, February, 1919.*
 (Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)
 [For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					Λ_E	Λ_N		

Alabama. *Mobile. Spring Hill College.* Earthquake Station.
 Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 03' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(Nothing worth recording during January and February, 1919.)

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic
 Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during February, 1919.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic
 Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 14 \\ N & 10 & 13 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 16	P _N	16 01 39	Poor record.
	F _N	16 01 39	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	16 02 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F _N	16 02 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F _N	16 04 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.
 Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 4	*100	*200	Tremors during 24 hours preceding 16h 00m on dates given.
7	*50	*100	.....
15	*200	*150	.....
17	*200	*200	.....

*Amplitude on instrument.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College.* Earthquake Station. A.W.
 Forstall, S. J.

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80-kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.
 Instrumental constants

(No earthquake recorded during February, 1919.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					Λ_E	Λ_N		

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ & 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 2	e.....	20 18 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	20 27 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	20 40 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	e.....	16 14*47	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	16 25 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*
 F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed
 diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & e \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 2	e.....	20 17 07	Microseisms.
	eL.....	20 25 24	22	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	20 29 07	22	.....	.....	.....
	L _N	20 29 56	22	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	20 50 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	e.....	16 15 28	Heavy micro- seisms.
	eL.....	16 18 30	11	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	16 35 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic
 Survey. Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Associa-
 tion.

Instrumental constant.. 18.1. Sensitiveness 0.40 arc tilt=1 mm.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 5	P.....	20 22 00	18	
	L.....	20 29 30	24	.....	.....	.....
	M.....	20 38 30	19	*200	.....	.....
	C.....	20 43 ..	19	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	21 03 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	P.....	13 03 24	18	
	eL.....	13 15 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M.....	13 20 ..	16	*100	.....	.....
9	P.....	15 43 36	19	
	L.....	15 56 00	22	.....	.....	.....
	M.....	16 00 30	20	*100	.....	.....
	F.....	16 09 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	P.....	12 57 54	18	The waves begin- ning at 13 ^h 05 ^m die out before the swell to maxi- mum.
	eL.....	13 05 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M.....	13 11 12	15	*400	.....	.....
	C.....	13 35 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	13 53 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
12	P.....	21 03 42	19	
	eL.....	21 11 ..	25	.....	.....	.....
	M.....	21 18 00	15	*300	.....	.....
	C.....	21 25 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	P.....	4 32 42	18	
	L.....	4 39 48	22	.....	.....	.....
	M.....	4 47 00	17	*200	.....	.....
	C.....	5 01 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	5 34 ..	18	.....	.....	.....

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, February, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
Illinois. <i>Chicago.</i> University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau. Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters. Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg. Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 156 & 12 & 20:1 \\ N & 150 & 8 & 20:1 \end{cases}$ $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ 1' \text{ arc tilt} = 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ 1' \text{ arc tilt} = 13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 2		P	20 13 30				3,470	
		S	20 18 45					
		L	20 22 35	16				
		L	20 27 00	20				
		F	21 20 ..	16				
15		P	2 31 00				3,965	
		S	2 36 45					
		L	2 40 00					
		L	2 43 ..	15				
		F	3 30 ..					
16		P?	16 06 05				3,170	
		S	16 11 00					
		L	16 15 00					
		F	16 35 ..					
22		S?	4 38 08					
		L?	4 45 00					
		F	5 30 ..					

Kansas. *Lawrence.* University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.
 Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{cases}$
 (Report for February, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. *Cheltenham.* Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.
 Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{cases}$

1919		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 1	e _B	0 02 20	7				[Probably part of quake that had its beginning on Jan. 31st.]
	e _N	0 02 40					
	M _N	0 06 ..	9	20			
	M _B	0 07 ..	10				
	F _B	0 22 ..	7				
	F _N	0 28 ..	8				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
Massachusetts. <i>Cambridge.</i> Harvard University Seismographic Station, J. B. Woodworth. Lat., 42° 22' 35" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration). Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Jan. 31		O?	23 53 54				2,357	P masked by microseisms.
Feb. 1		S _N	0 02 20	6				E-W damped 14: 1 by magnet operating automatic alarm during M of heavy earthquakes.
		cL _N	0 03 54	20				
		M _N	0 06 32	10				
		F _N ?	0 35 44					
2		O	19 ..					Phases before L21+25=41 which distorted by microseisms.
		e _N	20 05 23	8				
		i _N	20 06 38					
		e _B	20 13 21	6				
		e _N	20 13 35	12				
		e _B	20 17 56	10				
		L _B ?	20 25 06	20				
		L _N	20 25 32	28				
		L _B	20 26 31	16				
		F _B	20 50 ..					
12		L?	13 25 51	18				e masked by microseisms.
		L _N	13 32 20	20				
		L	13 27 21	15				
		F?	13 55 ..					
15		O	2 ..					
		e _N	2 31 22					
		e	2 31 29	6				
		e _B	2 34 59	5				
		L _B	2 37 49	20				
		L _N	2 38 03					
		L _B	2 40 25	17				
		L _N	2 42 45	12				
		F _B	2 53 03					
16		L _B	16 20 21					Cf. Ottawa e 16+16=16. N-S time line tangled by heavy cyclonic tilt of pendulum to north for previous 24 hours.
		L _N	16 20 35	8				
		L _B	16 20 43	9				
		F?	16 20 52					
22		O	4 ..					Rather weak record on both components.
		e _N	5 00 03	6				
		L _B	5 04 22	22				
		L _N	5 08 13	14				
		M _N ?	5 12 45	14-16				
		F _N ?	5 17 09					
		F _N ?	5 30 ..					

1919		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Jan. 31		23 53 54				2,357	P masked by microseisms.
Feb. 1		0 02 20	6				E-W damped 14: 1 by magnet operating automatic alarm during M of heavy earthquakes.
		0 03 54	20				
		0 06 32	10				
		0 35 44					
2		19 ..					Phases before L21+25=41 which distorted by microseisms.
		20 05 23	8				
		20 06 38					
		20 13 21	6				
		20 13 35	12				
		20 17 56	10				
		20 25 06	20				
		20 25 32	28				
		20 26 31	16				
		20 50 ..					
12		13 25 51	18				e masked by microseisms.
		13 32 20	20				
		13 27 21	15				
		13 55 ..					
15		2 ..					
		2 31 22					
		2 31 29	6				
		2 34 59	5				
		2 37 49	20				
		2 38 03					
		2 40 25	17				
		2 42 45	12				
		2 53 03					
16		16 20 21					Cf. Ottawa e 16+16=16. N-S time line tangled by heavy cyclonic tilt of pendulum to north for previous 24 hours.
		16 20 35	8				
		16 20 43	9				
		16 20 52					
22		4 ..					Rather weak record on both components.
		5 00 03	6				
		5 04 22	22				
		5 08 13	14				
		5 12 45	14-16				
		5 17 09					
		5 30 ..					

Missouri. *Saint Louis.* St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Gocse, S. J.
 Lat., 38° 35' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \\ N & 7 & 5:1 \end{cases}$
 (Report for February, 1919, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca.* Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.
 Lat., 42° 23' 53" N.; long., 76° 29' 03" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).
 Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{cases}$

1919		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 1	eL	0 02 48	12				[Probably part of the quake beginning on Jan. 31.] Early phases lost in microseisms.
	F	0 16 ..					
2		eL	20 25 33	15			
		F	20 36 ..				
15		eL	2 41 30	16			
		F	2 46 ..				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, February, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
New York. <i>New York. Fordham University.</i> W. C. Repetti, S. J.								
Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 03" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.								
$\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ \sqrt{N} & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for February, 1919, not received.)								

Panama Canal. <i>Balboa Heights.</i> Governor, Panama Canal.								
Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg.								
$\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 10 & 20 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$								
(Instrumental constants. 10 20)								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 10		P _N	10 45 36				295	Direction uncer-tain.
		P _B	10 45 42					
		L _N	10 46 06					
		L _B	10 46 20					
		M _N	10 46 52		*4, 100			
		M _B	10 46 58			*800		
		F _N	10 53 00					
		F _B	10 54 00					

*Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. <i>Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.								
Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.								
$\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 10 & 18 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$								
(Instrumental constants. 10 18 20)								
(No earthquake recorded during February, 1919.)								

Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Wm. A. Shaw.								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
$\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 10 & 15 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$								
(Instrumental constants. 10 15 16)								

1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Feb. 2		eL	20 28 00				
		F	20 35				

Canada. <i>Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory.</i> Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph.								
$\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$								
(Instrumental constants. 120 26)								

1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 1		e	0 00 40					Heavy micro-seisms. [Probably part of quake that had its beginning on Jan. 31.]
		L	0 01 30	14				
		L	0 15 30	8				
		F	0 20					
2		e	20 17 12					
		e	20 20	12				
		eL	20 24	20				
		L	20 36	12				
		F	20 45					
15		eN?	2 31					
		e	2 34 36					
		eL	2 38	20				
		L	2 43	12				
		F	2 45					
		F	2 55					
16		eM	16 16 16					
		L	16 16 39	7				
		F	16 21					
22		e	5 00					
		eL?	5 06	20				
		L	5 11	18				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
Canada. <i>Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.</i>								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
$\begin{matrix} T_0 \\ \text{Instrumental constant. } .18. \text{ Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom} = 0.54'. \end{matrix}$								

1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 2		e	20 20 48					Microseisms make early phases doubtful. F lost in microseisms.
		S	20 24 24					
		eL	20 26 48					
		M	20 28 24		*1, 400			
12		L?	13 24 54?					Microseisms going on. F in microseisms.
		M	13 35 30		*300			
15		eL	2 39 18					Marked gradual thickening.
		M	2 42 24		*600			
		F	3 00 00?					
16		L?	16 07 00?					Small microseisms going on.
		F	16 12 00?		*200			
22		L	4 58 54?					Small microseisms going on. F in microseisms.
		L	5 10 12					

*Trace amplitude.

Canada. <i>Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.</i>								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
$\begin{matrix} T_0 \\ \text{Instrumental constant. } .18. \text{ Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom} = 0.54'. \end{matrix}$								

1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Feb. 2		P	20 24 27?				
		L	20 29 22?				
		M	20 31 49		*200		
		F	20 45 35				
12		P	12 59 32?				
		M	13 28 33		*300		
		F	14 06 59				
16		P	16 05 38?				
		L	16 07 07				
		M	16 09 06		*200		
		F	16 14 33				
22		P	4 51 17?				
		M	4 56 42		*100		

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, February, 1919—Contd.

CORRIGENDA.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

TABLE 3.—Late reports (instrumental).

Illinois. Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.

Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters.

Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, .45 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V \\ E \\ N \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} 150 \\ 150 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} T_1 \\ 12 \\ 8 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \mu \\ 20.1 \\ 20.1 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \mu \\ 1'' \\ 1'' \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{Sensitivity.} \\ \text{arc tilt}=26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ \text{arc tilt}=13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{array}$

1919.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	A _m	A _N	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Jan.	1	P	L	1 54 13				8,345	Beginning of L not well defined. Record merges into next quake.
				2 03 50					
				2 24 00	20				
1	P	L	3 15 27				5,390	Beginning of L not well defined.	
			3 22 30						
			3 29 00	30					
Jan.	5	P	L	20 12 19				6,550	
				20 20 25					
				20 35 30					
6	P	L	20 38 20	20				P and S doubtful.	
			21 10 ..						
			23 17 00						
7	P	L	23 21 00	25					
			23 25 00	19					
			23 31 00	16					
8	P?	L	1 45 45				8,300?	More pronounced on E-W than on N-S.	
			1 55 20						
			2 01 00						
15	P	L	2 06 ..	24					
			2 50 ..						
			2 50 00	20					
17	P	L	3 10 ..					3,015	
			11 55 41						
			12 00 25						
18	P	L	12 04 40					16	
			12 08 00						
			12 13 10						
27	P	L	7 17 ..					7,485	
			7 40 ..						
			21 48 28						
31	P	L	21 56 30					2,625	
			22 06 30						
			22 12 00	16					
Feb.	1	P	23 05 00						
			23 49 28						
			23 53 43						
Feb.	1	P	23 58 ..	16					
			0 40 ..						

In the REVIEW for October, 1918, page 482, Canada, Toronto, October 19, remarks should be "Possibly Central America."

In the REVIEW for December, 1918, page 586, Table 2, heading "October" should read "December." Page 588, second column should be headed "Hawaii, Honolulu, continued."

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Havana, Cuba, Feb. 10, 1919.—A slight earthquake shock was felt this morning at Santiago de Cuba, on the southeastern coast of the island. There are no reports of any damage done.—(Assoc. Press.)

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 16, 1919.—An earthquake shock, lasting almost a minute, was felt at 8:45 o'clock this morning at virtually every point in Southern California. No damage has been reported from any section.—(Assoc. Press.)

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 25, 1919.—A slight earthquake was felt here at 2:39 o'clock this afternoon. No damage was reported.—(Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

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SEISMOLOGICAL TABLES.

SEISMOLOGICAL REPORTS FOR MARCH, 1919.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., May 2, 1919.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, March, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
Mar. 1	H. m.	Lonoak.....	36 20	120 55	4	1	Sec.			M. L. Griffin.
7	4 19	Brawley.....	32 59	115 40	4	1		None.....		M. D. Witter.
15	7 53	San Luis Obispo.....	35 18	120 39	3-4	1		.....do.....	Awakened people.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
15	10 31	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	4	1		8 Rumbling.....	Preceded by roaring.....	H. M. Rouse.
15	10 40	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	4	1		1 Rumbling.....	Buildings creaked.....	Do.
19	6 06	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1		1 Rumbling.....	Abrupt lurch to northeast.....	Do.
21	11 00	Squirrel Inn.....	34 07	117 19	4	1		None.....		Mrs. Sarah Frantz.
27	7 50	Hemet.....	33 45	116 56	5	1		2 Rumbling.....		C. E. McManigal.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, March, 1919.

(Time used: Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

Alabama. *Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.*

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(No earthquake recorded during March, 1919.)

Alaska. *Silka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. J. W. Green.*

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{cases}$

(No earthquake recorded during March, 1919.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.*

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 14 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{cases}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	a	a	Km.	Remarks.
Mar. 9	P.....	4 42 00	2	10	10	.....	Apparently a slight near-by shock.
	F.....	4 45 00	5	.....	.....	.....

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 29' 21" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Mar. 5		*50	*100	Tremors during 24 hours preceding 15 ^h 00 ^m to 23 ^h and 15 ^h 00 ^m to 31 st . on dates given.
12		*50	*50	.....
18		*100	*150	.....
20		*100	*100	.....
21		*100	*100	.....
24		*100	*100	.....
25		*100	*150	.....
26		*100	*100	.....
28		*100	*100	.....
31		*100	*100	.....

*Amplitude on instrument.

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*

Lat., 37° 29' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
Mar. 14	L _N	18 40 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Very strong activity at intervals during day. Stronger on N-S.
	F _N	22 30 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	L _N	19 42 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Distinct but too small to be analyzed.
	F _N	19 51 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	L _N	2 27 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Small and indistinct.
	F _N	2 37 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	L _N	12 10 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Distinct activity, especially at hours marked. Some doubt as to being seismic.
	F _N	12 40 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, March, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _h	A _v		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington, U. S. Weather Bureau.</i>								
Lat., 38° 51' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.								
Instrument: Marini (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix} \right.$								
1919			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Mar. 2		P	3 39 00				9,010	
		S	3 49 11					
		eL	4 08 10	24				
		L	4 18 00	20				
		F	4 30 00					
2		P	11 57 26				8,840	
		S	12 07 28					
		SL	12 13 00					
		L _g	12 20 50	20				
		L	12 27 00	20				
		L	12 36 00	20				
		F	13 00					
9		P _v	3 29 07				8,790	Scarcely visible on E-W.
		S _v	3 39 07					
		eL	3 59 00					
		F	4 30					
21		eL	17 01 00	28				
		L	17 09 00	20				
		F	17 30					

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 01' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed llarito.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\left\{ \begin{matrix} E & T_0 & \epsilon \\ 115 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix} \right.$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>
1919							
Mar. 2		eL _v	3 39 05				Heavy micro-seisms. No distinct main. F doubtful.
		L _v	3 39 05				
		SL _v	3 49 18				
		eS _v	3 49 18				
		L _v	4 02 24	22			
		L _v	4 13 00				
		L _v	4 18 00	21			
		F	4 50				
2		eP _v	11 57 26				Heavy micro-seisms. No distinct main. F?, difficult.
		eP _v	11 57 46				
		S _v	12 07 45				
		eL _v	12 21 12	32			
		L _v	12 28 04	22			
		L _v	12 30 57	16			
9		S	3 39 12				e is so masked in microseisms that interpretation is impossible. F?
		eL _v	3 59 54	22			
21		eL	17 13 12	26			Heavy micro-seisms.
		L _v	17 15 02	22			
		F	17 27				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _h	A _v		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.</i>								
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.								
Instrumental constant... I.S.A. Sensitivity, 0.40".								
1918			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ	μ	<i>km.</i>	
Mar. 1		L	14 09 00					
		M	14 13 30		*250			
		F	14 17					
2		eP	3 51 48					Periods uncertain. Paper moving irregularly.
		S	3 59 06					
		L	4 14 30					
		M	4 19 00		*2,000			
		C	4 27					
		F	6 25					
2		P	12 09 06	19				
		S	12 17 06	20				
		L	12 32 00					
		M	12 37 00	16	*3,300			
		C	12 39					
		F	14 41					
4		eL	8 48 00					
		M	8 50		*100			
		F	8 53					
5		eL	20 17 00					
		M	20 21 30		*100			
		F	20 30					
9		P	3 42 36	18				
		S	3 50 48	19				
		eL	4 03 00	24				
		M	4 09 42	21	*900			
		C	4 12	21				
		F	6 10					
10		P	21 38 42	20				
		eL	21 55	19				
		M	22 05		*100			
		F	22 08					
14		eL	15 06					
		M	15 09 42	20	*100			
		F	15 23					
16		P	7 44 00	20				Beginning of L confused.
		S	7 53 54	18				
		eL	8 06					
		M	8 16 48	20	*900			
		C	8 26	19				
		F	8 54					
19		eL	11 30 00					
		M	11 34 30		*100			
		F	11 38					
21		eP	1 39 00					P faint and uncertain.
		L	1 44 00					
		M	1 49 30	21	*300			
		C	1 55 00	20				
		F	2 02					
21		eP	16 27 00					Preceded and followed by tremors extending to the next quake.
		S	16 29 00					
		eL	16 30 12					
		M	16 35 00	17	*1,800			
		C	16 38	16				
21		P	17 55 06					
		eS	17 58 12					
		eL	18 00 00					
		M	18 03 06	17	*900			
		C	18 10	16				
		F	18 49					
22		eL	18 44 00					Followed by tremors.
		M	18 49 12	16	*200			
		C	18 52					
		F	17 02					
30		eL	11 10 00					Two series of long waves.
		M	11 13 30		*300			
		C	11 25					
		F	11 30					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, March, 1919—Continued.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude (A_E, A_N), Distance, Remarks. Includes data for Illinois, Chicago, University of Chicago, U. S. Weather Bureau.

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester. Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrumental constants. {E 177 3.4 4:1, N 205 3.4 4:1}

(Report for March, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. {E 10 14, N 10 14}

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. Includes data for Maryland, Cheltenham, Magnetic Observatory.

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth. Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. Includes data for Massachusetts, Cambridge, Harvard University Seismographic Station.

Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum. Instrumental constants.. {E 80 7 5:1, N 7 5:1}

(Report for March, 1919, not received.)

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters. Instruments: Two, Bosch-Omorl, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants.. {E 13 22 4:1, N 14 25 4:1}

Table with columns: Date, Character, Phase, Time, Period T, Amplitude, Distance, Remarks. Includes data for New York, Ithaca, Cornell University.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, March, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

Panama Canal. *Balboa Heights*. Governor, Panama Canal.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.5 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 100 kg.

V T₂
Instrumental constants.. 35 20

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 4	P _N	3 14 48	.....	.....	.....	370
	P _E	3 14 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
	L _N	3 15 34	.....	.....	.....	.....
	L _E	3 15 41	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	3 15 42	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	3 23 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	P _N	5 30 36	.....	.....	.....	500
	P _E	5 30 41	.....	.....	.....	.....
	S _N	5 31 24	.....	.....	.....	.....
	S _E	5 31 26	.....	.....	.....	.....
	L _N	5 31 41	.....	.....	.....	.....
	L _E	5 31 43	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	M _N	5 31 44	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M _E	5 31 49	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	5 39 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques*. *Magnetic Observatory*. U. S. Coast and Geo-detic Survey. Wallace M. Hill.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl.

V T₂
Instrumental constants.. {E 10 17
N 10 10

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Mar. 2	eL _N	3 59 39	24	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	4 03 39	18	20	.....	.....
	M _E	4 05 32	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	4 08 31	15	.....	20	.....
	F.....	4 10 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	eP _N	11 58 46	.....	.....	.....	.....
	L _N	12 18 12	22	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	12 21 56	18	70	.....	.....
	L _N	12 23 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	12 25 43	18	.....	60	.....
	C _N	12 27 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
	F _N	12 30 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
	F _E	12 37 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	L _N	3 49 56	26	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	3 51 50	22	20	.....	.....
	L _N	3 56 56	.....	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	3 57 36	17	.....	10	.....
	F.....	4 01 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	P _N	20 29 33	2	.....	.....	.....
	P _E	20 29 39	2	.....	.....	.....
	M _N	20 30 07	.....	.....	25	.....
	M _E	20 30 16	.....	.....	.....	.....
	F.....	20 33 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....

Vermont. *Northfield*. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, mechanical registration.

V T₂
Instrumental constants.. {E 10 15
N 10 18

(No earthquake recorded during March, 1919.)

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

Canada. *Ottawa*. *Dominion Astronomical Observatory*. Earthquake Station Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 33" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

V T₂
Instrumental constants.. 120 26

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 2	O.....	3 27 11	.....	.....	.....	9,280	
	iP _N	3 39 35	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eS _N	3 49 59	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eS _E	3 50 14	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eL.....	4 10 ..	40	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 15 ..	25	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 25 ..	17	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 30 ..	19	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 40 ..	17	.....	.....	.....	F in microseisms, 5 ^b .
	2	O.....	11 45 21	9,520
eP _N		11 58 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
S.....		12 08 38	.....	.....	.....	.....
SR _E		12 14 42	.....	.....	.....	.....
L.....		12 27 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
L.....		12 30 ..	30	.....	.....	.....
L.....		12 40 ..	20	.....	.....	.....
L.....		12 50 ..	17	.....	.....	.....
L.....		13 00 ..	14	.....	.....	.....
L _N		13 15 ..	13	.....	.....	.....	F in microseisms, 143 00 ^m .
9	O.....	5 17 10	.....	.....	.....	9,380	
	P _N	3 29 42	.....	.....	.....	.....
	PR _E	3 33 12	.....	.....	.....	.....
	S _N	3 40 11	.....	.....	.....	.....
	S _E	3 40 25	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eL _E	4 00 ..	24	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 12 ..	20	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 20 ..	18	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 27 ..	15	.....	.....	.....
	L.....	4 35 ..	16	.....	.....	.....	The three quakes bear a remarkable resemblance to one another in general appearance in all phases. The values are as read but the exact second for S is difficult to determine and the difference in Δ is probably due to this.
16	e7.....	8 10 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	F in microseisms, 5 ^b ..
	eL _E	{ 8 30 ..	30-20	.....	.....	.....	Heavy microseisms.
	F.....	{ 8 55 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	eL.....	{ 8 30 ..	20	.....	.....	.....
	eL.....	{ 8 37 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	eL.....	{ 17 02 ..	18	.....	.....	.....	Heavy wind tremors and microseisms. L waves of small amplitude.
	eL.....	{ 17 25 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	eL.....	{ 17 24 ..	18	.....	.....	.....	Barely discernible.
	eL.....	{ 17 30 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	i.....	3 51 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	May not be seismic.
	e.....	{ 3 52 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	eL.....	{ 4 00 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
	eL.....	{ 10 49 ..	28	.....	.....	.....	Very small; barely discernible.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, March, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _W	A _N		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
Instrumental constant... $\frac{T_0}{18}$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 2	PR?		3 46 36					Real P possibly not recorded. Times doubtful.
	eS		3 50 42					
	L		4 07 48					
	eL		4 34 00		*1,800			
	M		4 40 06					
	L		6 06 42?					
	F		6 09 48					
2	P		12 01 06?					S waves fairly large. Times doubtful.
	IS		12 09 18					
	S		12 11 00					
	eL		12 15 24					
	L		12 26 12					
	eL		12 37 24					
	L		12 40 42					
	IL		12 43 36					
	M		12 45 36		*1,200			
	eL		12 48 48					
	eL		13 36 12					
	F		14 34 12?					
4	L		9 18 48?		*50			
9	P		3 28 42				11,920	P waves very minute; S fairly large.
	PR		3 35 06					
	IS		3 41 00					
	IS		3 46 48					
	L		3 59 36					
	eL		4 10 42					
	eL		4 14 36					
	M		4 16 36		*700			
	eL		4 25 30					
	eL		5 26 00					
	F		5 39 00					
16	eL		8 47 36		*100			Gradual thickening.
	F		9 20 48					
17	L		8 31 48		*50			
	F		8 37 06					
19	eL		2 42 54					Gradual thickening. May not be seismic.
	M		2 44 24		*300			
	F		2 55 24					
21	eL		17 00 30					Merged into next quake.
	eL		17 03 00					
	M		17 13 18		*900			
	eL		17 22 06					
21	eL		18 37 48					Dual earthquake.
	M		18 44 06		*200			
	F		19 02 42					
26	L		10 50 24		*100			
	F		10 54 24					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _W	A _N		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant... $\frac{T_0}{18}$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm., swing of boom=0.54".								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Mar. 2	P		3 50 46				6,260	Vertical: M at 4 ^h 17 ^m 20 ^s with $\mu=1$.
	S		3 58 38					
	L		4 10 27					
	eL		4 17 13					
	M		4 21 46		*800			
	F		6 18 19					
2	P		12 09 00				5,730	Vertical: M at 12 ^h 40 ^m 30 ^s with a period of 16 ^s and $\mu=3$.
	S		12 16 22					
	L		12 26 46					
	M		12 40 28		*200			
	F		14 22 16					
4	P		9 03 45?					
	M		9 12 36		*200			
	F		9 27 41					
9	P		3 50 34				4,720	
	S		3 57 01					
	L		4 04 28					
	M		4 12 53		*500			
	F		5 59 00?					Clock stopped from 17 ^h of the 15 th to early morning of the 17 th .
21	P		10 24 39				5,100	
	S		16 31 32					
	L		16 42 50					
	M		16 54 06		*2,500			
	F		17 13 50					
	VERTICAL							
	L		16 44 00	20				
	M		16 48 55	20	4			
21	P		18 04 56				4,640	
	S		18 11 22					
	L		18 21 12					
	M		18 35 28		*200			
	F		18 47 16					
22	L		17 02 37					
	M		17 08 31		*300			
	F		17 22 47					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late reports (Instrumental).

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{E}$ $\frac{T_0}{N}$ $\frac{e}{1}$

13 22 4:1
14 25 4:1

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Feb. 2	eL	20 25 33	15				In addition to the quake of Feb. 1 given in the February Review.
	F	20 36					
15	eL	2 41 30	16				
	F	2 46					

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

No dispatches for March, 1919.

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological department of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D C., June 3, 1919.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, April, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
Apr. 8	H. m. 8 40	ARKANSAS.								
		Ravenden.....	36 30	91 11	3-4		Sec.		May not be a quake.....	L. H. Walker.
		CALIFORNIA.								
1	5 46	Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1		Rumbling.....		H. M. Rouse.
13	14 18	Stanford University.....	37 26	122 12	2	1		None.....		Dr. S. D. Townley.
19	9 24	Calexico.....	32 41	115. 30	3	1		Rumbling.....	Preceded by a jar.....	H. M. Rouse.

NOTE.

The following note by D. L. Hazard, Chief of Division of Terrestrial Magnetism, U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, gives some records of the sea waves produced by the earthquake of April 30, 1919:

"The tide gages of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey at San Diego, and San Francisco, Calif., and Honolulu, Hawaii, recorded a marked tidal disturbance on April 30, 1919.

"At San Francisco, the first effect is shown on the tidal record at 18^h 40^m Greenwich mean time, at San

Diego at 18^h 45^m, and at Honolulu at 13^h 45^m. The principal effect lasted from 12 to 20 hours and there are indications of a disturbance some hours later, although it can not be determined whether the effect was produced by wind or by the earthquake.

"The records of this earthquake from the seismographs at the magnetic observatories of this bureau are somewhat confused, and suggest the possibility that there may have been two earthquakes at nearly the same time, but the indications are that the principal earthquake occurred at about 7^h 16^m Greenwich mean time, the origin being somewhere in the southern Pacific."

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see Review for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _n	A _w		
Alabama. Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.								
Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; static, horizontal pendulum.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17	eP		20 57 10					E-W component undamped.
	iS _w		21 00 10					
	iS _n		21 00 25					
	L _w		21 00 45	5				
	M _w		21 00 50	5	*11,000			
30	M _w		21 05 40	5		*5,000		Poor record.
	F		21 17 ..					
	e _w		7 35 50					
	i _w		7 41 55					
	e _n		7 43 42					
	i _n		8 10 00					
	F		8 42 ..					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.		
					A _n	A _w				
Alaska. Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.										
Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.3 meters.										
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.										
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} \sqrt{E} & \sqrt{T_0} \\ N & 10 & 17.7 \\ & 10 & 16.6 \end{matrix}$										
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.			
Apr. 17	eP _n		21 10 06							
	eP _w		21 10 12							
	eL _w		21 21 30							
	eL _n		21 26 15							
	M _w		21 27 20	15		20				
	M _n		21 30 30	15		10				
	F _w		21 31 ..							
	F _n		21 36 ..							
	18	eL _w		21 26 00						Nothing on N-S.
		M _w		21 28 ..	10		10			
F			21 38 ..							
30	F _w		7 29 37	4						
	eP _w		7 29 40							
	eS _w		7 40 49	9						
	eS _n		7 41 11	11						
	eL _w		8 04 14	18						
	eL _n		8 04 43							
	M _w		8 19 41	17		60				
	M _n		8 19 48	16		60				
	C _w		8 20 ..	16						
	C _n		8 31 ..	16						
F _w		9 03 ..								
F _n		9 57 ..								

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Arizona. Tucson. <i>Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.								
Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\sqrt{\frac{E}{N}}$ $\frac{T_0}{18}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17			P _r ...	20 58 29	4			
			P _a ...	20 58 48	2			
			IS _W ...	21 03 06				
			IS _N ...	21 03 11				
			L _W ...	21 06 35	20			
			L _N ...	21 06 40				
			M _S ...	21 09 50		*130		
			M _N ...	21	18	*6,650		Amplitude greater than given. Stylus off from 21 ^h 10 ^m to 21 ^h 13 ^m .
			C _N ...	21 14 ..	16			
			F _N ...	21 26 ..				
18			P _r ...	21 04 37	3			
			eS _N ...	21 07 23				
			L _W ...	21 08 30				
			L _N ...	21 09 09	19			
			M _S ...	21 10 23	9	*320		
			C _N ...	21 11 ..	7			
			M _N ...	21 11 20	9	*300		
			C _W ...	21 14 ..				
			F _N ...	21 15 ..				
			F _W ...	21 31 ..				
19			e _W ...	3 08 23		*50		No definite phases.
			e _S ...	3 08 37		*30		
			F _N ...	3 14 ..				
20			F _W ...	7 29 22	4			
			M _S ...	8 13 44	16	*440		
			C _W ...	8 19 ..				
			F _N ...	10 22 ..				

* Trace amplitude.

California. Berkeley. *University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 18' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Mount Hamilton. *Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. Point Loma. *Raja Yoga Academy.* F. J. Dick.

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1919.	Apr.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	5				*100	*100		Tremors during the 24 hours preceding 15 ^h on dates given.
	6				*150	*200		
	7				*100	*200		
	8				*50	*50		
	11				*300	*300		
	14				*200	*200		
	15				*100	*100		
	18				*200	*200		
	20				*50	*50		
	21				*50	*50		
	25				*250	*300		
	26				*50	*100		
	30				*50	*50		

* Trace amplitude.

California. Santa Clara. *University of Santa Clara.* J. S. Ricard, S. J.

Lat., 37° 28' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See Record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Colorado. Denver. <i>Sacred Heart College.</i> Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.								
Lat., 39° 40' 38" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 3			L _W ...	1 03 ..				Sinusoidal waves of small amplitude. Large period.
			M _S ...	1 07 ..				
			F _N ...	1 12 ..				
5			L _W ...	1 08 ..				Irregular sinusoidal.
			F _N ...	1 15 ..				
17			L _N ...	21 03 ..				Very distinct. P not discernible.
			M _S ...	21 04 ..				
			M _N ...	21 11 ..				
			F _N ...	21 22 ..				
			F _W ...	21 24 ..				
18			P _N ...	22 08 ..				P not discernible on N-S.
			L _N ...	22 11 ..	9-10	*500	*5,500	
			M _S ...	22 13 ..		*5,500		
			M _N ...	22 14 ..		*5,500		
			F _N ...	22 22 ..				
20			P _N ...	7 39 ..				S _N obscured by time marks.
			S _W ...	7 45 30				
			L _N ...	7 57 ..	15	*3,000		
			L _W ...	7 59 ..	15	*2,100		
			M _S ...	8 08 ..	20-21	*3,000	*2,100	
			F _N ...	9 11 ..				
			F _W ...	9 12 ..				

* Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. Washington. *U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Instrumental constants. $\sqrt{\frac{E}{N}}$ $\frac{T_0}{6.4}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 2			IP	0 54 38			8,950	P very sharply defined on N-S. Other phases not discernible.
			S _N ...	1 04 48				
			F _N ...	1 30 ..				
17			P _N ...	11 42 10			3,810	
			SN7	11 47 45				
			L _N ...	11 51 40				
			F _N ...	13 55 ..				
17			P _N ...	20 58 51			2,050	
			S _N ...	21 02 19				
			L _N ...	21 03 40	24			
			M _S ...	21 08 45		*7,500	*7,500	Movement dies out on E-W much sooner than on N-S.
			L _N ...	21 16 00	16			
			F _N ...	22 30 ..				
18			P _N ...	21 07 24			3,600	
			S _N ...	21 12 53				
			L _N ...	21 16 28				
			M _S ...	21 50 00		*3,000		
			F _N ...	22 20 00				
19			P _N ...	3 02 42				No L waves visible
			S _N ...	3 08 10				
			F _N ...	3 35 ..				
21			P _N ...	11 34 38			4,890	
			S _N ...	11 41 14				
			L _N ...	11 47 50	20			
			F _N ...	12 30 ..				
21			eL _W ...	15 54 50	18			
			F _N ...	16 02 00				
27			P _N ...	0 42 53				Record indistinct.
			eL _N ...	1 35 00				
			L _N ...	1 41 00	16			
			F _N ...	1 55 00				
28			P _N ...	6 51 52			2,630	Salvador.
			S _N ...	6 50 30				
			L _N ...	6 58 45				
			L _W ...	7 03 30	12			
			F _N ...	7 35 00				
30			P _N ...	7 31 29			9,850	Large record, but difficult of interpretation.
			S _N ...	7 42 20				
			L _N ...	8 01 25	60			
			L _W ...	8 16 ..	20			
			L _N ...	8 29 ..	18			
			F _N ...	11 40 ..				

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _N	A _S			
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i> F. A. Tondorf, S. J.									
Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.									
Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.									
					E	V	T _z	ε	
Instrumental constants.					N	155	5.4	0	
					Z	143	5.2	0	
						80	3.0	0	
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ.	μ.	km.		
Apr. 17	eP ₈		11 41 24					Not shown on N-S. Sheets changed at 13 ^h 09 ^m , quake still going on.	
	S ₇		14 52 08						
	L ₈		12 03 27	22					
	L ₈		12 18 ..	22					
17	eP ₈		20 58 52					Probably local.	
	eP ₈		20 58 53						
	S ₈		21 03 38						
	eL ₈		21 05 30						
	M ₈		21 08 38	6	*1,900				
	M ₈		21 09 21	6	*1,500				
	M ₈		21 10 00	6	*1,700				
	M ₈		21 12 02	14		*1,600			
	F ₈		22 15 ..						
	eP ₈		21 07 30						
18	S ₈		21 13 00					Probably local.	
	eL ₈		21 16 00	6					
	L ₈		21 18 67	19					
	L ₈		21 19 10	16					
	M ₈		21 20 03	11		*800			
	M ₈		21 20 31			*900			
	F ₈		22 20 ..						
	L ₈		3 21 13						
	L ₈		3 25 ..						
	P ₈		11 34 34						
21	S ₈		11 41 12					Probably local.	
	eL ₈		11 47 ..	38					
	eP ₈		6 51 45						
28	S ₈		6 56 25						
	eL ₈		7 01 12	16					
	F ₈		7 30 ..						
30	eP ₈		7 31 20						
	P ₈		7 35 53						
	S ₈		7 42 20						
	S ₈		7 42 23						
	eL ₈		8 01 06	22					
	M ₈		8 17 53	19	*5,200				
	M ₈		8 20 18	16		*1,800			
	M ₈		8 20 20	19	*4,400				
	M ₈		8 24 20	16	*3,800				
	F ₈		13 23 ..						

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.								
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.								
					T _z	"		
Instrumental constant.					18.1	Sensitiveness 0.40 arc tilt=1 mm.		
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17	P		11 31 48					Probably local.
	S		11 38 24	18				
	L		11 49 00	22				
	M		11 54 54	19	*2,000			
	C		12 03 ..	17				
	F		14 45 ..					
17	P		21 03 54	19				
	S		21 12 30	18				
	L		21 23 30	18				
	M		21 26 06	20	*4,000			
	C		21 43 ..	18				
	F		23 03 ..					
18	P		21 21 48					Probably local.
	M		21 27 06	15	*900			
	F		22 45 ..					
21	L		13 40 48	19				
	M		13 45 00		*100			
	F		14 06 ..					
22	P		3 01 30	18				
	L		3 10 06	21				
	M		3 16 30	22	*300			
	C		3 21 ..	20				
	F		4 12 ..					
23	P		7 21 12	19				
	S or L		7 24 08					
	M		7 24 48		*500			
	M		7 47 ..		*500			
	F		8 00 ..					
27	L		0 46 ..	19				
	M		1 16 30	17	*700			
	C		1 20 30					
	F		1 35 ..					
28	L		7 17 ..	21				
	M		7 22 30		*300			
	F		7 38 ..					
30	P		7 26 00					
	S		7 32 24					
	L		7 35 42	19				
	M		7 41 30		*35,000			
	F		13 02 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

The times given for S and L refer to points of marked increase of amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Illinois. <i>Chicago.</i> University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.								
Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters.								
Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & e \\ E & 150 & 12 & 20:1 \text{ } 1'' \text{ arc tilt} - 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ N & 150 & 8 & 20:1 \text{ } 1'' \text{ arc tilt} - 13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 2	P		0 54 35					S7 T ₀ of N-S 12s and sensitivity 26.6 until Apr. 21.
	L		1 31 00					
	L		1 40 30	24				
	L		2 22 00	16				
	F		3 00 00					
16	L _w		4 04 50	24				Record confused in tangled lines on N-S.
	L _w		4 13 30	20				
	F		4 40 00					
17	P		11 41 14				4,175	E-W trace wandered off sheet at 12 ^h 36 ^m , record lost for 1 hour.
	S		11 47 11					L continues on N-S with about same amplitude for 1½ hours or more.
	L		11 50 45	38				
	L		12 12 40					
	F		14 30 00					
17	P		20 58 50				1,970	L waves irregular and continue with uniform period for over 2 hours on both components, though not as large on E-W as on N-S.
	S		21 02 10					
	L		21 04 30					
	M _w		21 05 13	20		120		
	M _w		21 13 33	20		100		
	F		0 24 30					
18	P		21 07 00				2,960	
	S		21 11 40					
	L		21 14 43					
	M		21 18 00		67	67		
	M _w		21 18 00			67		
	F		23 20					
19	P		3 02 51				3,000	
	S		3 07 34					
	L		3 13 29	8				
	F		4 10 00					
21	P		11 35 36				5,925	Record lost after 12 ^h 45 ^m when trace wandered off sheet.
	S		11 43 08					
	L		11 51 31	26				
21	P		15 55 50	15				
	F		16 20					
22	P		3 03 27				8,430	
	S		3 13 09					
	L _F		3 26 00					
	L		3 31 00	18				
	L		3 44	18				
	F		5 10					
23	e _F		7 23 00					
	L		7 53 00					Possibly Lrepl.
	L		8 02 00	16				
	S		9 24	24				
	L		9 33	18				
	F		9 50	18				
27	P?		0 42 07					P and S doubtful. Instrument adjusted during beginning of quake.
	S		0 58 30					
	L		1 18 10					
	L		1 26 00	28				
	L		1 38	17				
	F		2 40					
28	P		6 51 55				2,940	L waves irregular both as to period and amplitude.
	S		6 56 34					
	L		6 59 24					
	F		8 40					
30	P		7 30 52				9,510	
	S		7 41 28					
	L		7 59 00	50				
	M _w		8 09		147			Amplitudes largest on E-W.
	M _w		8 13		266			L waves with amplitudes of 67 μ or more continue for nearly 2 hours.
	M _w		8 21		420			F in microseisms sometime after 13h.
30	P?		7 34 48					All phases confused with preceding quake.
	St.		7 45 18					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Kansas. <i>Lawrence.</i> University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.								
Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & e \\ E & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17	IP _N		20 58 23					Uncertain.
	eP _N		20 58 28					
	IL _N		21 02 55					
	IL _N		21 02 56					
	M _N		21 03 23					
	M _N		21 03 25		*3,200	*3,750		
	F		21 58					
18	eP		21 06 04					Corresponding S _w not found. Possibly S _w ? Possibly S _w ?.
	S		21 10 14					
	L		21 13 13					
	L		21 13 14					
	M _w		21 15 15					
	M _w		21 15 17		*6,250			
	F		21 58					
30	P _w		7 30 17					
	P _w		7 30 19					
	S _w		7 34 16					
	L _w		7 41 09					
	L _w		7 42 02					
	L _w		8 00 09					
	M _w		8 02 25					
	M _w		8 05 49		*5,000	*1,800		
	F		9 45					
* Trace amplitude.								
Maryland. <i>Cheltenham.</i> Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.								
Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17	P _N		20 58 55	8				L not well marked on E-W.
	IP _N		20 58 58	4				
	IS _N		21 03 44	14				
	IS _N		21 03 48	6				
	L _N		21 09 19	16				
	L _N		21 09 42	17				
	M _N		21 12 21	12	*440			
	M _N		21 12 27	15		*1,800		
	C		21 16	14				
	F		21 32	14				
	F		22 12	13				
18	eP _N		21 08 39					
	eP _N		21 08 54					
	S _N		21 13 13	8				
	L _N		21 19 17					
	L _N		21 20 20					
	M _N		21 20 31	13	*20	*570		
	F _N		21 33					
	F _N		22 07					
28	eP _N		6 51 54					
	eP _N		6 51 59					
	L _N		7 03 59					
	M _N		7 03 44			*30		
	F _N		7 07					
	C _N		7 13					
	F _N		7 27					
30	e _N		7 34 33					Early phases not well defined. IP _N may be PR.
	IP _N		7 35 51	4				
	eP _N		7 35 54	4				
	eS _N		7 44 00	10				
	L _N		8 11 47	19				
	eL _N		8 17					
	M _N		8 22 31	14		*1,680		
	M _N		8 24 41	15				
	C _N		8 56	15	*1,700			
	F _N		10 13	16				
	F _N		10 53 16					
* Trace amplitude.								

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.								
Lat., 42° 22' 36"; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.								
Instruments: Two Bosc-Omorl 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
$\begin{matrix} V & T_2 & e \\ \text{Instrumental constants.} & \left\{ \begin{matrix} E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix} \right. \end{matrix}$								
1919			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 2	e		1 52 29	8				Cf. Ottawa, eL 1 ^b 46 ^m .
	L _N		1 55 30	20				Slight record on N-S.
	F		2 04 02					
			17 36 34	28				Possibly not seismic; among irregular waves running from 13 ^h 57 ^m to 21 ^h 30 ^m .
15	M _N [?]		17 38 00	24				
16	L _N		3 59 52	20				Cf. Ottawa eL 4 ^b .
	L		4 12 40	18				
	L		4 19 36	16				
	FT		4 20 50					
17	O _T		11 28 ..				7,350*	Distances may be as much 8,650 km.
	S _N [?]		11 49 19					Minute ticks failed during registration of P.
	S _N [?]		11 58 41					Changed E-W record before 11 ^h 55 ^m .
	S _N [?]		11 59 46					
	eL _N		12 12 42	64				
	L _N		12 20 41	32				
	L		12 27 43	22.5				Not Lrep.
	M _N		12 27 53	20				
	F		12 53 ..					
17	O		20 53 13				3,350	E-W gives distance 3,450 km.
	1P _N		20 59 42	4				
	1P _N		20 59 43	4				
	S _N		21 04 49					
	S _N		21 04 57	12				Large waves like L.
	L		21 09 53					
	L		21 10 29	26				
	M _N		21 12 31					
	M _N		21 13 24	17	*29,000			
	M _N		21 14 25					
	M _N		21 15 26	17	*63,000			
	M _N		22 23 43					A lenticular group of waves. E-W styles off drum from 22 ^h 15 ^m 42 ^s to 22 ^h 16 ^m 49 ^s . Automatic gong rang during occurrence of M.
	F		22 35 50					
	F		23 34 ..					
18	O		21 01 00				4,120	Cf. Ottawa, O 2 ^{1b} 01 ^m 02 ^s .
	P _N		21 08 27	3				
	L _N		21 09 53	6				
	L _N		21 09 55	6				
	S _N		21 14 21	12				
	S _N		21 14 28	11				
	L _N		21 20 04	21				
	L _N		21 21 33	24				
	L _N		21 22 48	16				
	M _N		21 23 10	12	*6,000			Damped 1.5:1.
	M _N		21 24 47	11	*4,000			
	F		22 45 ..					
19	O		5 05 50				3,100	P masked by microseism of 4-sec. period. N-S masked throughout.
	S _N		3 16 49	8				
	eL _N		3 19 46	20				
	e _N		3 20 00	6.5				
	L _N		3 21 53	20				
	L _N		3 22 42	15-18				
	L _N		3 23 38	10				
	F		3 40 ..					
21	O		11 26 17				4,700	42° 18' of arc.
	P _N		11 34 25					
	P _N		11 34 26					
	L _N		11 35 22	6				
	S _N		11 40 51	6				
	S _N		11 40 54	10				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station—Continued.								
1919			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 21	eL _N [?]		11 45 11	24				Followed by waves of 20 sec. period. F merges into local disturbances peculiar to morning hours.
	eL _N [?]		11 45 26	15				
	F		12 22 ..					
	e _N [?]		15 51 04	13				Cf. Ottawa, eL 15 ^b 35 ^m .
	e _N		15 53 50	7				
	L _N		16 01 04	15		*500		
	F _N		16 14 37					
27	O _T		0 55 45				7,480	Distance probably greater than given.
	S _N [?]		1 15 33	6				
	S _N [?]		1 15 47	6				
	e _N		1 21 58	9				Amplitude slight.
	e _N		1 23 31					
	L _N		1 28 38	24				
	L _N		1 30 34	24				
	L _N		1 34 19	20				
	F _N		1 47 30					
28	O _T		6 44 22				4,420*	P in microseisms.
	e _N		6 57 24					
	eL _N [?]		6 57 55	3.5				
	L _N		6 58 15	4				
	S _N [?]		6 58 21	6				
	L _N		6 59 16					
	eL _N		7 03 44	18				Pendulum shifted north.
	eL _N		7 03 59	16				
	L _N		7 06 11	22				
	L _N		7 06 33	15				
	F		7 49 40					
28	L _N		11 32 00	20				Amidst irregular waves of long periods; less distinct on E-W.
	L _N		11 34 06					
30	O		7 18 10				10,300	93° 5 of arc. Cf. La Paz, 07 ^h 18 ^m 20 ^s ; distance, 9,550 km. Harvard and La Paz give intersection in longitude 158.6°.
	eP _N		7 31 51	4				
	P _N		7 32 20	4				
	P _N R ₁		7 36 18	3				
	P _N R ₁		7 36 29	3.5				
	P _N R ₂		7 37 18	7				
	P _N R ₂		7 37 45	6.5				
	S _N		7 42 50					
	S _N		7 42 56					
	L _N		7 44 14	19				
	L _N		7 46 05	18				
	S _N R ₁		7 47 00					E-W damped 1.5:1 by magnet.
	S _N R ₁		7 48 00	16				Looks like eL of a superposed second quake. 1 st 7 ^h 44 ^m 14 ^s looks like 1 st of a second quake. Times marked fit into a supposed quake, distance 6,370 km.
	S _N R ₁ -P _N		7 52 19	47				
	S _N R ₂		7 53 00					
	L _N		7 59 30					
	L _N		8 00 00					
	eL _N		8 02 42	49				
	L _N		8 05 10	53.5				
	M _N		8 17 23	18		*61,500		
	M _N		8 18 45	15	*60,000			
	M _N		8 20 30					
	M _N		8 21 00					
	M _N		8 21 36					
	M _N		8 22 00					
	M _N		8 24 00					
	C _N		9 19 ..					
	L _N rept.		9 37 00					
	M		9 38 ..					
	M		9 39 ..					
	L _N rept.		11 10 ..					
	L _N rept.		12 32 ..					
	F		12 37 ..					

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University.* Geophysical Observa-tory. J. B. Goessse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 48" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 1 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ .80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$$

(Report for April, 1919, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E & N \\ 13 & 14 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 22 & 25 \\ 4:1 & 4:1 \end{matrix} & \end{matrix}$$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Apr. 17	e _N	11 47 18	4			
	e _S	11 51 21	4			
	e _N	11 51 25	4			
	S _N	11 57 54	20			
	S _N	11 58 18	18			
	L _N	12 12 20	45			
	L _N	12 15 20	30			
	L.....	13 24 ..				
	F.....	14 06 ..				
	17	F _N	20 59 01	5		
S _N		21 04 19	9			
M _N		21 12 45	17		*3,800	
F _N		22 22 ..				
18	eP _N	21 08 46	7			
	eP _N	21 08 53	5			
	eS _N	21 13 21	8			
	e _N	21 16 18	7			
	L _N	21 19 48	15			
21	F _N	22 12 ..				
	P _N	11 34 31	4			
	P _N	11 34 33	4			
	e.....	11 37 35	5			
	S _N ?	11 41 21	12			
	S _N ?	11 41 23	5			
	L _N	11 47 19	12			
28	L _N	11 47 21	9			
	F.....	12 20 ..				
	eP _N	6 57 55	5			
	e _N	6 58 53	6			
	L _N	7 01 56	15			
30	L _N	7 02 36	12			
	F _N	7 33 ..				
	eP _N	7 31 24	5			
	PR ₁	7 35 19	5			
	S _N	7 42 21	9			
	S _N	7 43 18	8			
	L _N	8 01 16	60			
M _N	8 24 56	16		*5,700		
F _N	12 08 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

New York. *New York. Fordham University.* D. H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E & N \\ 72 & 72 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 5.0 & 5.0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{matrix} & \end{matrix}$$

(Report for April, 1919, not received.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _S		

Panama Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Governor, Panama Canal.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ .35 & 20 \end{matrix}$$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Apr. 17	P _N	20 56 11				1,130
	P _N	20 56 12				
	S _N	20 58 34				
	S _N	20 58 51				
	L _N	20 59 26				
	L _N	20 59 55				
	M _N	21 01 20		*900		
	M _N	21 01 38			*1,800	
	F.....	21 28 00				
	28	P _N	6 48 22			
P _N		6 48 27				
S _N		6 49 53				
L _N		6 51 09				
F.....		7 15 00			*500	
30	P _N	7 30 40				10,400
	P _N	7 30 45				
	S _N	7 41 49				
	S _N	7 42 00				
	L _N	7 57 00				
	L _N	8 02 20				
	M _N	8 15 00			*2,000	
	M _N	8 18 30			*2,000	
	F _N	10 03 00				
	F _N	10 15 00				

* Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

$$\text{Instrumental constants. } \begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E & N \\ 10 & 18 \\ 10 & 20 \end{matrix} & \end{matrix}$$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Apr. 17	eP _N	20 58 44	7			
	eP _N	20 59 17	7			
	iS _N	21 03 44	19			
	eS _N	21 04 26				
	L _N	21 06 15	24			
	L _N	21 06 42	19			
	M _N	21 06 45	30		100	
	M _N	21 12 44	14			
	C _N	21 17 ..	14			
	F _N	21 29 ..	14			
21	F _N	21 44 ..				
	eP _N	11 31 35	9			
	eP _N	11 31 43				
	eS _N	11 35 30	10			
	eS _N	11 36 12				
	L _N	11 37 35				
	M _N	11 42 40	8	10		
	M _N	11 43 25	7			
	F _N	11 59 ..				
	F _N	12 01 ..				
28	eP _N	6 55 32				
	eL _N	6 58 53				
	M _N	7 01 48	11	10		
	F _N	7 11 ..				
	F _N	7 11 ..				
30	eP _N	7 35 31	7			
	eP _N	7 36 31	8			
	S _N	7 46 13				
	S _N R.....	7 52 28				
	S _N R.....	7 52 45				
	eL _N	8 03 ..	38			
	L _N	8 12 27	22			
	L _N	8 14 50				
	M _N	8 16 25	18		120	
	M _N	8 31 17	17	180		
F _N	9 55 ..					
F _N	10 29 ..					

This may be PR.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10} \frac{T_0}{16}$								
1919.								
Apr. 17	e.		20 53 58					
	S?		21 01 24					
	L.		21 05 00	20				
	L.		21 11 36	20				
	MN.		21 18 00	16		*10,000		
	F.		22 10 00					
18	e.		21 14 25					
	L.		21 54 00	14				
	F.		22 00 ..					
21							Trace on N-S about 11 ^h 45 ^m but no time marks.	
28	eL.		7 00 00					Does not show on N-S.
	L.		7 04 00	12				
	F.		7 20 ..					
30	e.		7 35 53					All phases indis-tinct.
	L.		8 12 00	24				L continues more or less irregular for over $\frac{1}{2}$ hour, largest on E-W.
	L.		8 17 00	18				
	F.		11 00 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N., long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{120} \frac{T_0}{26}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
1919.								
Apr. 2	e?		0 57 22					e, irregular, may be local.
	eL.		1 45 .. } 2 05 .. }	26				eL are regular sinu-soidal waves of small amplitude.
16	eL.		4 00 .. } 4 20 .. }	15				Very small ampli-tude. Barely discernible.
	O.		11 28 25				9,760	
17	PT.		11 41 25					
	S ₁ T.		11 52 12					
	L.		12 11 54	48				
	L.		12 20 ..	36				
	L.		12 35 ..	16				
	L.		13 05 ..	16				F 14 ^b .
17	O.		20 53 02				3,590	
	IP.		20 59 49					
	eS.		21 08 12					
	eL?		21 08 30					
	M.		21 15 ..	17				
	L.		21 36 ..	15				
	L.		21 55 ..	14				
	F.		22 30 ..					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Con.								
1919.								
Apr. 18	O.		21 01 02					
	P.		21 08 16					
	PR.		21 09 30					
	S.		21 14 00					
	eL.		21 20 18					
	L.		21 22 ..	8				
	L.		21 35 ..	8				
	L.		21 43 ..	8				
	L.		22 06 ..	8				
	F.		22 30 ..					
19	IS.		3 09 38					P lost in micro-seisms.
	L.		3 19 30 } 3 33 .. }	8				eL?
	F.		3 50 ..					
21	eL.		15 55 .. } 16 10 .. }	17				
	eL.		3 11 .. } 3 25 .. }	13				F merges into next quake.
22	eL.		3 38 .. } 4 05 .. }	18				e in preceding quake. Amplitudes very small.
	F.		4 30 ..					
23	e.		7 35 ..					
	e.		7 44 ..	8				
	eL.		7 53 ..	36				
	L.		8 02 ..	7				
	L.		8 19 ..	16				
	L.		8 26 ..	16				
	F.		8 45 ..	14				Record complete up to Apr. 23; next report will be issued about July 1.

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{18}$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
1919.								
Apr. 15	L.		23 41 36					
	M.		23 43 30			*200		Doubtful as to be-ing seismic.
	F.		0 02 36					
16	e.		4 03 12					
	L.		4 09 48			*100		
	F.		4 34 12					
17	P.		11 40 42 ^b				10,600	Possibly Japan.
	IS.		11 52 06					
	L.		12 03 24					
	e.		12 06 18					
	eL.		12 30 18					
	M.		12 32 12			*100		F merges into next quake.
17	eL.		13 11 12					
	eL.		13 36 54					Possibly same ori-gin as preceding.
	eL.		13 42 24					P and S lost in previous quake.
	M.		13 43 30			*800		
	IL.		13 53 36					
F.		14 27 48						

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, April, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _h	A _v		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service—Continued.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17	P.		21 00 00				3,810	P not well defined
	IS.		21 03 36					S of large ampli-tude.
	IL.		21 07 42					
	IL.		21 11 42					
	IL.		21 17 42					
	M.		21 19 24		*8,500			
	F.		23 16 36					
18	eS.		21 15 48					
	L.		21 20 48					
	M.		21 21 30		*800			
	L.		21 27 06					
	F.		22 01 42					
19	L.		3 12 42 ²					Barely noticeable.
	L.		3 38 18					
21	L.		11 43 42					
	eL.		11 59 30					
	M.		12 01 06		*300			Light off at 16 ^h when other sta-tions record quake.
	F.		12 44 30					
22	L.		3 24 42					
	L.		3 53 24		*100			
	L.		3 56 30					
22								Marked micro-seisms at 5 ^h 31 ^m 18 ^s , amplitude *200.
23	L.		8 05 30		*50			
	F.		8 29 06					
27	e.		1 25 18					
	eL.		1 33 54					
	M.		1 41 36		*100			
	F.		2 25 18					
28	SF.		7 00 00					San Salvador, P not recorded.
	IL.		7 04 06					
	M.		7 04 30		*800			
	F.		7 42 18					
30	e.		7 30 48 ²				6,790	One of the largest disturbances we have ever recorded.
	eF.		7 32 09					
	e.		7 35 18					
	eS.		7 37 00					
	eL.		7 40 18					
	IL.		7 44 36					
	IL.		7 48 00					
	L.		8 14 00					
	L.		8 15 30					
	L.		8 16 30					
	M.		8 19 00		*25,000			From 8 ^h 17 ^m to 9 ^h 15 ^m a number of swings of very large amplitude.
	L.		10 15 30					
	F.		12 39 42					
30	L.		17 49 00					
	eL.		17 50 18					
	M.		17 51 30		*700			
	F.		18 23 48					

*Trace amplitude.

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.
 Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.
 Instruments: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.
 T_0
 Instrumental constant. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.54".

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _h	A _v		
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 16	P.		4 28 55					
	L.		4 37 24					
	M.		4 40 49		*100			
	F.		4 50 14					
17	P.		11 35 26				7,500	Japan.
	S.		11 44 31					
	L.		12 00 53					
	M.		12 15 16		*1,200			F merges into next quake.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _h	A _v		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service—Contd.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
Apr. 17	M.		13 58 12		*400			
	F.		14 30 03					
17	P.		21 00 56				4,530	Southern Mexico.
	S.		21 07 12					
	L.		21 11 20					
	L.		21 16 16					
	M.		21 24 39		*9,500			
	F.		23 11 45					
			Vertical		A _v		5,870	
	P.		21 01 05		4			
	S.		21 06 45		8			
	L.		21 15 27		20-24	24		
	M.		21 22 45		29			
18	P.		21 10 26				1,710	Probably Alaska.
	S.		21 18 23					
	L.		21 19 17					
	M.		21 23 42		*1,500			
19	L.		3 18 47					
	M.		3 21 15		*200			
	F.		3 27 38					
21	L.		12 03 01					
	M.		12 13 26		*300			
	F.		12 55 05					
22	L.		3 24 42					
	M.		3 33 33		*200			
	F.		4 07 00					
23	P?		7 47 35					
	L.		7 58 31					
	M.		8 05 38		*200			
	F.		8 20 52					
27	L.		1 13 49					
	M.		1 18 43		*200			
	F.		1 35 55					
28	L.		7 10 29					
	M.		7 17 28		*600			
	F.		7 42 43					
30	P.		7 29 14				5,750	Probably South America.
	S.		7 36 37					
	L.		7 48 04					
	M.		8 03 11		*34,500			Light off from 10 ^h 43 ^m to 17 ^h 45 ^m when other sta-tions record quake.
	F.		13 25 15					
			Vertical		A _v		5,520	
	P.		7 29 00		4			
	S.		7 36 00		12			
	L.		7 53 12		24			
	M.		8 00 30		24	29		

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Tokyo, Japan, March 29, 1919.

A slight earthquake was felt here to-day at 9:30 a. m. No damage done. (Special observer.)

San Salvador, April 28, 1919.

A violent earthquake occurred in this city at an early hour this morning. Later, about 20 additional shocks were felt, but of lesser violence. (Assoc. Press.)

Washington, D. C., April 29, 1919.

A severe earthquake occurred in San Salvador Monday morning (Apr. 28) at 1 o'clock, causing 49 deaths, injury to many persons, and considerable damage to property. (State Department.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., July 2, 1919.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, May, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
23	H. m. 11 06	ARIZONA. Flagstaff.....	35 12	111 37	3	1	M. s. Few.	None.....		G. T. Herrington.
2	8 25±	CALIFORNIA. Kennett.....	40 45	122 24	4	1			Awakened some people.....	Jos. F. Beattie.
2	8 30	Anderson.....	40 30	122 22	5	1		Rumbling.....	Awakened many people.....	Assoc. Press. Jos. F. Beattie.
2	8 38	Redding.....	40 35	122 25	5	1				Assoc. Press.
10	7 55	Kennett.....	40 45	122 24	3-4	1				Jos. F. Beattie.
29	20 17	Lone Pine.....	39 37	118 01	4	2	Few.	None.....	Windows rattled.....	G. F. Marsh.
		Calxico.....	32 41	115 30	3	1		Rumbling.....		H. M. Rouse.
25	9 45	ILLINOIS. McLeansboro.....	38 07	88 33	3	1		Rumbling.....		A. E. Wilson.
		Mount Carmel.....	38 25	87 48	4	1		do.....		H. W. Seize.
		Olney.....	38 05	88 07	4	2		do.....		J. T. Ratcliffe.
		Springfield.....	39 48	89 39	3	1			May not be seismic.....	Mrs. M. W. Draper.
28	13 25±	Cairo.....	37 00	89 10	3	3	6	None.....	Windows rattled.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
25	9 45	INDIANA. Boonville.....	38 04	87 16	4	1			Doors banged.....	Wm. B. Bethell.
		Evansville.....	37 58	87 33	3	1		Rumbling.....		U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Mount Vernon.....	37 56	87 54	4-5	2		do.....	Awakened people.....	Guy B. Green.
		New Harmony.....	38 08	85 56	4	1	60	do.....		C. P. Wolfe.
		Petersburg.....	38 31	87 15	3-4	1	50	do.....	Shook buildings.....	David D. Corre.
		Princeton.....	38 23	87 34	4-5	2	60	do.....		R. R. Marshall.
		Vincennes.....	38 42	87 32	4-5	1			Awakened many people.....	Edward Cress.
		Washington.....	38 40	87 11	4	1	5	None.....		Chas. C. Fogans.
27	3 06	KANSAS. Wichita.....	37 41	97 20	4-5	1	4	Rumbling.....	Furniture moved.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
23	12 30	KENTUCKY. Hickman.....	36 34	89 12	3	1	60	Rumbling.....		R. A. Johnson.
24	13 30	do.....	36 34	89 12	3	1		do.....		Do.
25	9 45	Louisville.....	38 15	85 45	2-3	1	Few.	None.....	Noticed by people awake.....	Mrs. J. B. Harris.
		do.....	38 15	85 45	2-3	1	10	do.....	Awakened people.....	Dr. G. C. Smith.
		Taylorville.....	38 02	85 21	2	1	6	Rumbling.....		E. S. Speed.
26	13 25	Bardwell.....	36 52	89 01	2	1	10	do.....		Oscar Bodkin.
28	11 30	Hickman.....	36 34	89 12	3	1	30	do.....		R. A. Johnson.
		do.....	36 34	89 12	2	1		None.....		Do.
26	13 25	MISSOURI. New Madrid.....	36 35	89 32	3	1	Few.	Rumbling.....		Miss Josto Smith.
28	13 45	TENNESSEE. Tiptonville.....	36 24	89 30	3	1		None.....		Lucille Morris.
7	23 30	UTAH. Moroni.....	39 32	111 30	2-3	1		None.....	Windows rattled.....	B. G. Eliason.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, May, 1919.
(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)
[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Alabama. <i>Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station.</i> Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J. Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum. (No earthquake recorded during May, 1919.)								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.</i> F. P. Ulrich. Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17.7 \\ N & 10 & 16.6 \end{matrix}$								
1919.								
May 3	P _N		1 01 08					Very slight motion.
	eS _N		1 08 30					
	eS _E		1 08 35					
	eL _N		1 21 00					
	eL _E		1 24 23					
	M _N		1 25 44	15	20			
	M _E		1 26 45			30		
	F _N		1 40					
	F _E		2 07	9				
6	eP _N		20 04 56					Indefinite.
	eP _E		20 06 25					Just one wave.
	L _N		20 20 00					L _N well defined.
	L _E		20 20 32	27				
	M _N		20 23 17	20	40			
	M _E		20 23 26	14		80		
	C _N		20 24					
	C _E		20 28	20				
	F _N		20 40					
	F _E		20 51	18				
18	P _N		9 26 51					Motion on N-S very slight. Felt by a number of people in Sitka. Shook pictures and furniture.
	P _E		9 37 00		60			
	M _N		9 37 12					
	F _N		9 41 30					
	F _E		9 45 00	5				
18	F _N		10 24 14					Felt in Sitka.
	P _N		10 24 26					
	M _N		10 24 52		540			
	M _E		10 24 57			120		
	F _N		10 27 20					
	F _E		10 44 50	6				
20	eP _N		4 27 00					Nothing on N-S.
	eL _N		4 28 00					
	F _N		4 36					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.</i> Wm. H. Cullum. Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 789.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 14 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{matrix}$								
1919.								
May 3	eS _N		1 14 15					Nothing on E-W.
	F _N		1 42					
6	L _N		20 21 30	37				P and S masked by defective record. Only a faint record on E-W.
	M _N		20 23 20	12	100			
	C _N		20 32					
	F _N		21 05					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
California. <i>Berkeley. University of California.</i> Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
California. <i>Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.</i> Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _N	A _E			
California. <i>Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy.</i> F. J. Dick. Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters. Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.									
1919.									
May 22					H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
							*200	*200	
Tremors during 24 hours preceding 15 ^h on date given.									

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
*Amplitude on instrument.								
California. <i>Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara.</i> J. S. Ricard, S. J. Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters. (See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Colorado. <i>Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.</i> A. W. Forstall, S. J. Lat., 39° 40' 38" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80-kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum. Instrumental constants								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
1919.								
May 3	L _N		1 31					P and S not discernible. Weak and irregular on both components.
	L _E		1 35					
	C _N		1 38					
	C _E		1 42					
	F _N		1 50					
	F _E		2 00					
6	P		20 28					Waves on N-S are very weak and indistinct. S?
	M _N		20 32			*1,000		
	L _N		20 40		15			
	M _E		20 41		15	*1,000		
	C _N		20 47					C _N ?
	F _N		21 03					
	F _E		21 08					
31	L _N		12 20					Distinct wavelets on E-W.
	F _N		14 04					

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
*Trace amplitude.								
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters. Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration. Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 110 & 6.4 \\ N & 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$								

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
1919.								
May 1	Swf		5 59 40					
	L		6 05 30	20				
	L		6 23	16				
	F		6 30					
2	e		2 57 30					
	L		3 02 30	18				
	L		3 12	16				
	F		3 40					
3	P		1 05 10				10, 110	
	PR _N		1 05 52					
	PR _E		1 10 40					
	S		1 16 13					
	L		1 34	40				
	L		1 42	20				
	L		1 48	16				
	F		3 40					
6	eP		20 01 00				10, 720	
	S		20 12 30					
	L		20 33 30	40				
	L		20 39 40	18				
	L		20 49	20				
	L		21 04	16				
	F		22 40					
18	e		9 56 50					Not on E-W.
	F		10 10 10					
18	e		10 42 10					
	S		10 45 07					
	L _T		10 47 10					
	F		11 15 00					
20	P		4 27 10					S not discernible.
	eL		4 40 35					
	F		5 15 00					
22	P		12 03 26				7, 175	
	S		12 12 04					
	eL		12 24 45					
	L		12 30 30	16				
	F		12 50					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, May, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i> F. A. Tondorf, S. J.								
Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.								
Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & e \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$								
1919.								
May 1	L _N		6 06 11	20				Does not show on N-S.
	F		6 40					
2	e _N		2 36 19					Microseisms present.
	eL _N		3 02 12	18				
	eL _N ?		3 02 12	18				
	F		3 53					
	Vertical							
	eL		3 01 54	24				
	F		3 55					
3	eP		1 05 13					Heavy microseisms present.
	P _N R		1 08 57					
	S _N		1 16 13					
	S _E		1 16 16					
	eL _N		1 37 12	27				
	eL _N ?		1 37 12	11				
	M _N		1 43 10	21	*700			F. 4A.
	Vertical							
	iP		1 05 04					
	i		1 04 48					
	S		1 16 17					
	eL		1 35 00					
5	L _N		{ 5 06 11 5 12 .. }	27				{ Does not show on N-S.
6	eP _N		20 00 40					Heavy microseisms present.
	eP _N		20 00 49					
	eS		20 12 33					
	eL _N		20 33 06	27				
	eL _N ?		20 34 00	22				
	M _N		20 43 41	14	*700			F. 23A.
	M _N		20 51 ..	16	*1,800			
18	e		10 41 05					
	S		10 45 15					
	eL _N ?		10 47 12	6				
	F		11 50 ..					
20	e _N		4 27 15					
	e _N		4 32 ..					
	e _N		4 32 43					
	eL		4 41 00	14				
	F		4 47 ..					
22	eP		12 03 18					Heavy microseisms present.
	ePE		12 03 20					
	S		12 12 01					
	eL		12 30 06	13				F. 13A.

* Trace amplitude.

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant. 18.4. Sensitiveness 0.40 arc tilt=1 mm.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
1919.								
May 1	L		5 48 ..	19				
	M		6 51 12		*400			
	C		7 00 ..					
	F		7 16 ..					
1	L		21 38 ..	18				
	M		21 59 00		*400			
	C		22 02 ..					
	F		22 14 ..					
2	P		2 15 12	19				
	S		2 22 00					
	L		2 25 18	19				
	M		2 34 00	20	*2,500			
	C		2 41 ..	20				Tremors for several hours.

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.</i>								
1919.								
May 3	P		H. m. s. 1 01 06	20				
	L		1 06 12	20				
	M		1 23 00	21	*12,000			
	C		1 29 ..					
	F		4 20 ..					
4	L		22 58 ..	20				
	M		23 11 30	20	*100			
	F		23 53 ..					
6	P		4 24 00					
	iP		4 27 48	20				
	L		4 37 00	18	*400			
	C		4 43 ..					
	F		5 20 ..					
6	P		19 50 00	20				Pendulum swung off the paper at 20:08:06 from 20:12:48 to 20:14:36 and from 20:16:30 to 20:18:48. Apparently two shocks.
	L		19 59 30	18				
	L		20 05 30	20				
	M		20 14 00	18	*17,000			
	C		21 21 ..					
	F		24 47 ..	19				
7	P		5 25 06	17				The two phases (I) may be P and S corresponding to L, judging by the time intervals.
	L		5 32 06	20				
	L		5 38 12					
	L		5 43 24					
	M		5 48 18	19	*4,500			
	C		5 58 ..					
	F		10 03 ..	20				
8	L		5 12 ..					
	M		5 15 30	20	*100			
	F		5 19 ..					
8	P		10 21 54	20				
	IS		10 25 42	20				
	eL		10 30 ..					
	M		10 35 ..	18	*400			
	C		10 40 ..	17				
	F		11 30 ..	20				
8	eL		13 38 ..					
	M		18 43 30	20	*200			
	F		18 49 ..					
8	P		19 25 30					
	eL		19 30 ..					
	M		19 31 18	15	*200			
	C		19 40 ..	20				
	F		21 28 ..					A few isolated tremors.
10	eP		1 24 54	18				
	eL		1 38 ..					
	M		1 42 30	19	*100			
	F		1 54 ..					
18	L		10 40 30					
	M		10 41 00	19	*100			
	F		10 43 ..					
19	eP		4 19 12	20				
	L		4 25 ..					
	M		4 28 06		*300			
	C		4 31 ..	20				
	F		4 52 17					
20	P		4 33 36		*200			Local tremors; waves irregular.
	F		4 45 ..	20				
22	eP		12 04 42					
	eL		12 08 24					
	M		12 09 54	19	*500			
	C		12 18 ..					
	F		12 55 ..	19				
23	eP		3 39 48					
	eL		3 47 ..					
	M		3 52 06	18	*200			
	F		4 00 ..	18				
27	eP		17 40 24					Faint. L is obscured by other activity.
	eS		17 45 48	20				
	eL		17 49 30					
	M		17 54 ..	20	*400			
	C		18 04 ..	17				
	F		18 21 ..	20				
28	eP		3 22 ..					
	L		3 25 ..					
	M		3 30 ..	20	*200			
	F		3 54 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, May, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Illinois. Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.								
Lat., 41° 47' N., long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters.								
Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 150 & 12 & 20:1 \\ & 150 & 8 & 20:1 \end{matrix}$ Sensitivity. $\begin{matrix} 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 1	S?		5 59 40					
	L		6 08 53	25				
	L		6 13 00	18				
	F		7 30					
2	P?		2 21 14				9,310	
	S		2 31 40					
	L		2 58 00	25				
	L		3 04	18				
	F		5 20					
2	P?		5 58 06				11,810?	
	S		6 10 20					
	L		6 32 30					
	L		7 06 00	18				F merges with long period disturbance that continues for hours.
2	eL		21 01 00					
	L		21 10 30	18				
	F		21 40					
3	iP		1 04 35				9,290	
	PR		1 07 54					
	S		1 15 00					
	L		1 31 42	40				
	L		1 47 00	18				Continues with same period and small amplitude for over an hour.
	L		2 02 55	18				
	F		5 20					
4	P		22 58 08				8,740	
	S		23 08 05					
	L		23 25 00					
	L		23 33 00	18				
5	F		0 40					
6	S?		4 34 33					
	L?		4 55 30					
	L		5 01	18				
	F		6 30					
6	P		19 59 20				10,725	
	S		20 10 50					
	L		20 31	35				
	L		20 50	18				
	F		23 40					
7	P		5 32 46				9,060	
	S		5 43 00					
	L		6 02 20					
	L		6 08	30				
	L		6 15	18				
	L		6 30	16				Merges into other disturbances at 8.
8	P?		10 19 30				12,810?	
	S		10 32 20					
	L		10 59 00	18				
	L		11 18 00	16				F lost in disturbances after 12h. All phases uncertain.
8	L?		21 21					
11	eL		10 58 20					
	L		11 01	16				
	F		11 30					
14	eL		4 42					
	F		5 10					
18	e		9 53 54					
	F		10 05					
18	P?		10 37 00				1,990?	
	S		10 40 22					
	L?		10 44					
	F		11 30					
18	eL		22 44					
	L		22 46 20	18				
	L		23 00	16				
	F		23 20					
19	eL		4 45 30					
	L		4 47 30	24				
	L		4 55	18				
	F		5 20					
20	P		4 26 23				3,080	
	S		4 31 12					
	L		4 34 30					
	L		4 36 00	16				
	F		5 50					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Illinois. Chicago. University of Chicago—Continued.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 22	P		12 02 47				6,425	N-S component not working.
	S		12 10 46					
	L		12 20 42					
	L		12 25	18				
	L		12 44 30	16				
	F		15 00					
23	eL		6 59 30					
	L		7 06	28				
	L		7 17	15				
	F		8 00					
27	e		17 47 24					
	L		18 05 20	24				Merges with disturbance that continues for some time.
	F		18 40					
28	L		3 40	24				
	F		4 00					
29	L		11 59	24				
	L		12 10	15				
	F		12 30					
Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.								
Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 53" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for May, 1919, not received.)								
Maryland.—Cheltenham.—Magnetic Observatory.—U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.								
Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 20" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 15 \\ & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 3	P		1 05 14					L and succeeding portions of E-W are barely discernible.
	P		1 05 25	4				
	S		1 16 14					
	S		1 16 19	5				
	eL		1 38 50					
	eL		1 42 00					
	M		1 54 00	15	10			
	M		1 54 37	16		80		
	C		2 08	15				
	F		3 10					
6	eP		20 02 45					
	eP		20 03 51					
	eL		20 34					
	eL		20 56					
	M		20 50 00	20		170		
	M		21 01 20	16	40			
	C		21 11	16				
	C		21 18	17				
	F		21 39	16				
	F		22 17					
18	P		10 45 12	4				Faint, near-by shock.
	P		10 45 16	4				
	M		10 45 40		30			
	M		10 48 02			30		
	C		10 54					
20	eP		4 38 45					Very faint; nothing on E-W.
	eL		4 41					
	C		4 55					
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station J. B. Woodworth.								
Lat., 42° 22' 33" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ N & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 1	O?		7 22 54				7,280?	65° 31' of arc. First phase masked by microseisms.
	S?		7 43 32	6				
	eL		7 56 02	40?				
	L		7 56 44	24				
	L		8 02 26	25				
	L		8 03 48	20				
	L		8 04 37	24				
	M		8 07 35	20				
	F		8 38					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, May, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.	
					A _E	A _N			
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station—Continued.									
1919. May 2	O?		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Distance from eL-S 10,700	
	P _N		2 22 19	3					
	S _N		2 24 29	12					
	I _N		2 36 24	7					
	eL _N		2 56 21	32					
	L _N		2 55 54	13					
	M _N		3 08	17					
	F		4 38						
	O?		0 51 55				10,525		Distance from eL- P. S. phases rather vaguely defined. Possibly begins with PR ₁ , making distance 11,790 km. and O?O?46m 11s. Cf. La Paz, distance 14,290 km O:O ^b 51s.
	eP		1 05 01	3					
	I _N		1 08 37	17					
	I _N		1 15 32	16					
	S _N		1 13						
	eL _N		1 37 44	30					
	L _N		1 38 01	32					
	L _N		1 40 15	24					
	M _N		1 54						
	F		5 19						
	L _N		23 42 02	20				No trace on N-S.	
	L _N		23 44 32	18					
	F		0 10					Not trace on N-S.	
	L _N		7 09 16	20					
	L _N		7 10 24	18					
	F		7 28 37						
	O		19 47 19				10,640	95°/45' of arc.	
	eP _N		20 00 57						
	eP _N		20 02 13	6					
	eP _N		20 02 33	6					
	S _N		20 12 12	12					
	eP _N		20 16 46	15					
	I _N		20 20 07	24					
	I _N		20 20 27	20					
	eL _N		20 33 52	73					
	eL _N		20 33 54	60					
	L _N		20 36 17	48					
	L _N		20 37 00	9-15					
	L _N		20 41 02	35					
	eL _N		20 42 54	13					
	M _N		20 44 46	14					
	C _N		21 29 22						
	F		23 10 30						
	L _N		11 05 18	20				Indistinct on N-S. eE, 11 ^b .	
	F		11 31						
	O?		8 53					Distance under 2,000 km.	
	eP		8 57 44	2					
	eP		8 57 59						
	I _N		8 58 29	8					
	L _N		9 01 59	10					
	F		9 05						
	eP		10 42 55					O? 10 ^b . Distance around 2,000 km. Cf. preceding.	
	eP		10 43 19						
	L _N		10 45 40						
	L _N		10 45 43	6					
	L _N		10 46 21	8					
	F		11 35						
	O?		4 51 11				2,805	25° 13' of arc. From the west. From the north. O and distance from L-P.	
	I _P		4 36 49						
	I _P		4 36 59						
	eP		4 40 20	6					
	eP		4 41 15						
	eP		4 41 36						
	eL _N		4 42 29	13					
	eL _N		4 42 31	12					
	M _N		4 45 01						
	M _N		4 45 24						
	C _N		4 45 31						
	F		5 15						
	O		11 52 00				7,790	70° 16' of arc. Changing records from 12 ^b 09 ^m to 12 ^b 26 ^m .	
	I _N		12 03 10	2					
	S _N		12 12 19	8					
	eL _N		12 26 20	20					
	L _N		12 30 06	13					
	L _N		12 33 10	22					
	C _N		12 43 14	10-12					
	F?		13 02						

Date.	Charac- ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		
Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observa- tory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.								
Lat., 38° 28' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 169.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.								
V T ₀ ε								
Instrumental constants... .30 7 5.1								

(Report for May, 1919, not received.)

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two, Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical
registration).

V T₀ ε
E 13 22 4.1
N 14 25 4.1
Instrumental constants...

1919. May		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
1	eP	6 00 15	4				
	eL _N	6 06 25	23				
	F _N	6 34					
2	eL _N	3 01 30	20				
	F _N	4 00					
3	P _N	1 04 53	4				
	P _N	1 04 56	4				
	PR ₁	1 08 12	5				
	S _N	1 14 49	5				
	S _N	1 15 09	6				
	L _N	1 25 25	22				
	L _N	1 31 50	44				
	F _N	3 54					
4	L _N	23 44 20	17				
5	F _N	0 03					
6	eP _N	20 01 49	6				
	L _N	20 32 25	28				
	F _N	23 05					
7	eP	2 49 27	11				
	eP	2 51 58	7				
	L _N	2 54 33	24				
	F _N	3 05					
18	eP _N	10 43 40	3				Phases overlapping N-S not recording.
	F _N	10 54					
20	eP	4 39 17	5				
	L _N	4 40 13	17				
	F _N	5 04					

New York. New York. Fordham University. D. H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

V T₀ ε
E 72 5.0 0
N 72 5.0 0
Instrumental constants...

(Report for May, 1919, not received.)

Panama Canal Zone. Balboa Heights. Isthmian Canal Commission.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg.

V T₀ ε
Instrumental constants... .10 20

1919. May		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
6	L _N	8 35 30					
	L _N	8 40 30					
	M _N	8 50 00					
	M _N	8 56 00		*900	*600		
	F	9 28 00					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismicological reports, May, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.								
Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 2	eL		3 04 28	18	10			Nothing definite on N.
	F _N		3 12 ..	18				
3	eE		1 11 39					Probably P _R . Do.
	eN		1 11 48					
	eN		1 21 27					
	eL		1 43 40					
	eL		1 54 30					
	M _N		1 54 07	18	20			
	M _N		2 00 58	19		30		
	F _N		2 18 ..					
	F _N		3 18 ..	16				
6	eP _N		20 01 58					
	eP _N		20 02 05					
	L _N		20 40 15	40				
	L _N		20 40 46	40				
	M _N		21 00 02	18	120			Well defined.
	M _N		21 00 20	19		60		
	C _N		21 11 ..	19				
	C _N		21 21 ..	10				
	F _N		21 54 ..	19				
	F _N		22 05 ..	16				
23	eP _N		3 18 10	13	10			Nothing on N.
	F _N		3 44 ..					

Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	A _N	A _E	Distance.	Remarks.
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 2	eL		3 07 ..	16				
	F		3 20 ..					
3	P		1 04 57				9,450	
	S		1 15 30					
	eL		1 37 ..					
	L		1 54 ..	18				
	F		2 45 ..					
6	eP		20 01 20				9,700	
	S		20 12 05					
	L		20 35 00	40				
	L		20 41 30	16				
	L		20 56 00	20				
	L		21 03 00	16				
	F		22 05 ..					
18	e		10 43 35					
	F		11 00 ..					
20	e _N		4 26 ..					
	F		4 55 ..					
22	e		12 30 00					
	L		12 33 30					
	F		12 45 ..					

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

(Report for May, 1919, not received.)

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. $\begin{matrix} T_0 \\ .18. \end{matrix}$ Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45'.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
May 1	eL		6 09 00					Gradual thickening.
	M		6 15 54		*300			
	F _T		6 50 18					
	L		2 33 54					
2	L		2 54 42					
	eL		3 02 42					
	M		3 08 42		*2200			
	F		4 26 54					
8	eP		1 05 18				9,520	Phases clearly marked.
	eS		1 15 54					
	L		1 22 00					
	L		1 30 00					
	L		1 40 48					
	L		1 48 30					
	M		1 48 48		*5800			
	F		2 06 42					
4	L		23 41 24					
	eL		23 43 00					
	M		23 44 30		*200			
	F		23 54 12					
6	L		5 05 18					
	eL		5 07 18					
	M		5 10 54		*300			
	F _T		6 01 00					
6	e		20 00 00				9,520	
	eP		20 01 24					
	P		20 02 12					
	IF		20 04 54					
	IF		20 07 24					
	S		20 12 00					
	eS		20 12 48					
	L		20 20 06					
	L		20 24 06					
	L		20 39 20					
	L		20 43 36					
	L		20 47 36					
	L		20 49 36					
	M		20 52 36		*7800			
	M		21 02 54		*8500			
	eL		21 56 00					
	L		22 00 30		*3500			
7	F?		0 47 36					
7	L		5 44 12		*100			
	F		5 48 18					
7	P		5 59 36					
	e		6 08 30					
	S _T		6 10 30					
	eS _T		6 12 54					
	e		6 18 36					
	eL		6 23 00					
	M		6 31 00		*1400			
	eL _{rep}		7 25 54					
	M		7 26 06		*200			
	F		7 45 06					
7	L		10 28 18					
	M		10 33 24		*50			
8	e?		10 50 30					
	L		11 03 00					
	eL		11 04 48					
	M		11 08 42		*400			
8	M		21 11 12		*50			
14	L		4 49 18		*50			
	F		4 55 30					
18	L		12 34 30					
	eL		12 44 00					
	M		12 44 24		*400			
	F		13 08 30					
19	L?		5 01 36		*50			

*Trace amplitude.

Probably off west coast of Vancouver Island.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, May, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service—Continued.								
1919.								
May 20	e		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	L		4 29 12					
	L		4 38 42					
	eL		4 41 42					
	M		4 42 06		*200			
	F		4 48 30					
22	L		12 11 18					
	L		12 24 38					
	eL		12 29 06					
	M		12 35 24		*800			
	F		13 14 12					
23	L		7 08 38					Thickening.
	M		7 12 00		*200			
	F		7 29 38					
27	L		17 51 30					
	M		18 03 42					
	M		18 08 30		*100			
	F		18 18 38					
29	eL		6 29 06					Gradual thickening
	M		6 30 06		*200			
	F		6 37 06					

* Trace amplitude.

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.

Instruments: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.

Instrumental constant. 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
1919.								
May 1	L		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	L		6 25 53					
	M		6 30 18		*100			
	F		7 13 35					
1	L		16 10 42					
	M		16 16 36		*100			
1	L		22 09 14					
	M		22 14 38		*200			
	F		22 24 28					
2	P		2 29 37					
	L		2 41 33					
	M		2 50 28		*2,400			
	F		5 01 52					
2	M		7 06 18		*50			
3	P		1 01 55				7,530	
	S		1 10 51					
	L		1 24 44					
	M		1 30 02		*3,500			
	F		4 11 51					
4	L?		23 14 58					
	M		23 28 15		*100			
	F		23 49 23					
6	L?		4 49 26					
	M		4 54 21		*300			
	F		5 06 10					
6	P		19 50 51				6,860	
	S		20 05 13					
	L		20 18 59					
	M		20 37 40		*21,000			
	F		1 04 44					
7	P		5 37 43				4,690	
	S		5 43 08					
	L		5 52 58					
	M		6 02 49		*1,000			
	L _{resp}		7 40 51					
	M		7 44 09					
	M		7 49 27		*200			
	F		7 52 28					
7	M		10 07 15		*200			Very gradual thickening.
8	L		10 47 38					
	M		10 52 33		*500			
	F		11 00 26					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service—Contd.								
1919.								
May 8	M		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	F		21 06 53		*200			
			21 13 46					
14	M		4 35 06		*100			
18	P		10 28 47				270	Probably off west coast of Vancouver Island.
	L		10 29 17					
	M		10 30 16		*100			
	F		10 39 07					
			Vertical					
	P		10 28 44	2			360	
	L		10 29 24	3				
	M		10 30 24	5		7		
	F		10 34 08	5				
19	L		4 32 49					
	M		4 41 40		*500			
	F		4 52 29					
19	M		23 38 45		*200			
20	P		4 21 35				550	
	L		4 22 34					
	M		4 23 33		1,500			
	F		4 39 46					
			Vertical					
	L		4 22 50	12				
	M		4 23 54	14		6		
22	L		12 04 54					
	M		12 07 21		*300			
	F		13 05 23					
23	P		7 06 23					
	M		7 17 42		*250			
	F		7 29 00					No further record until the 30th. supply of paper exhausted.

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Redding, Calif., May 2, 1919.

An earthquake of 15 seconds duration was felt here early to-day and also at Anderson, Calif. No damage was reported. (Assoc. Press.)

Laspalmas, Canary Islands, May 15, 1919.

Four people were killed in the earthquake which shook the island of Fuertaventura several days ago. The bulk of the population of the island has fled. Relief measures have been undertaken. (Assoc. Press.)

Flagstaff, Ariz., May 23, 1919.

A light earthquake shock at 5:05 o'clock this morning, following a night of rain, thunder, lightning, and snow roused the city from its slumbers but caused no material damage. The home of C. O. Lamp-land, astronomer at Lowell Observatory, was badly shaken. (Assoc. Press.)

Tokyo, Japan, May 24, 1919.

Sixteen thousand persons were killed or injured by a volcanic eruption in central Java on May 20. This information is contained in official advices from Batavia. (Assoc. Press.)

Vincennes, Ind., May 25, 1919.

Earthquake shocks lasting two minutes were felt here and at other places in southern Indiana and Illinois and western Kentucky to-day. Many persons were awakened by the tremors, but late to-night no reports of damage had been received. (Assoc. Press.)

Amsterdam, May 26, 1919.

The volcano of Kalut in Java has burst into eruption, wiping out 20 villages in the district of Brengat and 11 in the vicinity of Blitar, and causing deaths estimated at 15,000, according to a Central News dispatch received here. (Assoc. Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station, Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

TABLE III.—Data furnished by the Canadian Meteorological Service, June, 1919.

Stations.	Altitude above mean sea level, Jan. 1, 1919.		Pressure.				Temperature of the air.						Precipitation.		
			Station reduced to mean of 24 hours.	Sea level reduced to mean of 24 hours.	Departure from normal.	Mean max. + mean min. + 2.	Departure from normal.	Mean maximum.	Mean minimum.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Departure from normal.	Total snowfall.	
															F.
St. John's, N. F.	125	29.91	30.05	+0.14	47.9	-3.7	56.9	39.0	70	28	4.08	+0.48			
Sydney, C. B. I.	48	30.07	30.11	+0.16	55.2	-0.2	66.7	43.6	84	34	2.66	-0.57			
Halifax, N. S.	88	30.00	30.11	+0.16	57.8	+0.1	67.8	47.8	87	34	2.83	-1.08			
Yarmouth, N. S.	68	30.03	30.10	+0.15	56.4	+1.4	65.1	47.7	78	37	1.73	-1.01			
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	38	30.05	30.09	+0.17	57.0	+0.2	66.8	48.4	81	36	2.31	-0.36			
Chatham, N. B.	28	30.07	30.10	+0.21	61.1	+1.1	73.4	48.9	92	38	1.87	-1.59			
Father Point, Que.	20	30.04	30.06	+0.19	54.4	+1.4	63.5	45.3	76	33	2.84	-0.14			
Quebec, Que.	296	29.79	30.11	+0.19	65.8	+4.6	76.8	54.8	92	40	2.81	-0.84			
Montreal, Que.	187	29.80	30.09	+0.15	68.7	+3.8	78.3	59.1	92	43	4.17	+0.64			
Stonecliffe, Ont.	480	29.48	30.08	+0.14	62.7	+1.1	84.5	40.9	98	26	5.08	+1.92			
Ottawa, Ont.	234	29.84	30.10	+0.16	70.9	+5.6	82.6	59.2	96	45	2.98	+0.04			
Kingston, Ont.	285	29.79	30.10	+0.13	70.0	+6.6	78.3	61.7	91	48	3.48	+1.05			
Toronto, Ont.	379	29.68	30.07	+0.10	72.4	+9.0	83.4	61.3	94	47	2.72	-0.08			
Cochrane, Ont.	930				67.6		81.8	53.4	92	31	0.48				
White River, Ont.	1,244	28.79	30.07	+0.13	64.6	+5.9	79.4	49.9	91	26	1.09	-1.13			
Port Stanley, Ont.	592	29.45	30.08	+0.11	70.4	+6.6	80.8	60.0	90	44	1.87	-0.86			
Southampton, Ont.	656	29.39			69.2	+8.8	79.2	59.3	93	42	1.24	-1.11			
Perry Sound, Ont.	688	29.43	30.11	+0.15	72.0	+10.3	85.0	59.0	97	42	1.66	-0.76			
Port Arthur, Ont.	644	29.40	30.12	+0.18	67.0	+3.6	70.8	53.2	87	40	1.18	-1.55			
Winnipeg, Man.	760	29.17	29.99	+0.10	62.9	+3.7	79.6	56.2	89	35	4.95	+1.69			
Minnedosa, Man.	1,690	28.21	29.99	+0.10	64.4	+4.8	77.0	51.8	87	26	3.38	+0.38			
Le Pas, Man.	880				65.0		77.2	52.8	92	35	3.56				
Qu'Appelle, Sask.	2,115	27.72	29.93	+0.06	65.7	+5.8	80.0	51.4	94	33	2.95	-0.47			
Medicine Hat, Alb.	2,144	27.60	29.81	-0.04	69.2	+7.2	84.1	54.3	103	33	0.81	-1.93			
Moose Jaw, Sask.	1,759				68.1		84.3	51.9	101	25	3.24				
Swift Current, Sask.	2,392	27.37	29.94	+0.07	66.5	+6.5	82.7	50.4	95	21	0.59	-2.11			
Calgary, Alb.	3,428	26.41	29.92	+0.08	59.6	+3.6	77.4	41.9	94	27	0.29	-2.10			
Beaufort, Alb.	4,521	25.39	29.90	+0.06	55.4	+1.9	68.9	38.0	89	26	1.62	-2.31	0.5		
Edmonton, Alb.	3,150	27.90	29.85	+0.01	57.8	+0.9	72.2	43.5	89	30	0.87	-1.99			
Prince Albert, Sask.	1,450	28.37	29.92	+0.05	64.7	+7.0	78.7	50.7	93	30	2.10	-0.41			
Battleford, Sask.	1,592	28.17	29.88	+0.02	64.6	+5.1	79.0	49.3	97	24	1.32	-1.99			
Kamloops, B. C.	1,262	28.78	30.04	+0.17	61.6	-2.2	74.8	48.4	96	39	0.67	-0.73			
Victoria, B. C.	220	29.53	30.09	+0.08	54.4	-1.0	61.8	47.0	70	43	0.53	-0.67			
Barkerville, B. C.	4,180	25.72	30.02	+0.15	46.3	-4.4	57.5	35.1	77	30	8.78	+0.30	11.2		
Triangle Island, B. C.	680														
Prince Rupert, B. C.	170														
Hamilton, Ber.	151	29.98	30.14	+0.02	73.1	-1.9	78.4	67.8	83	63	2.82	-3.13			

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Aug. 2, 1919.]

TABLE I.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, June, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rosati-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
June 21	H. m.	Lone Pine	36 37	118 01	3	1	Sec.	None.		G. F. Marsh.
21	19 58	Lone Pine	36 37	118 01	5	1	Several	Loud rumbling.	Furniture moved	G. F. Marsh.
24	21 12	San Diego.	32 43	117 19	4	2	1	None.	Buildings shaken	H. F. Aldisore.
24	23 24	Lone Pine	36 37	118 01	5	1	25	None.	Felt by many.	G. F. Marsh.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1919.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N .	A _E .		

Alabama. *Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.*

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(No earthquake recorded during June, 1919.)

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.*

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 17.7 \\ & 10 & 16.6 \end{cases}$

(No earthquake recorded during June, 1919.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.*

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 709.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 14 \\ & 10 & 18 \end{cases}$

1919.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.	
June 29		P _N	L _W	0 55 41	3				Trace on E.-W.	
				0 57 50						
29		P _N	L _W	0 58 00	8			20	No trace on E.-W. No distinct maximum amplitude about 0.1 mm.	
				0 59 45	6					
				1 02 ..						
				eP	23 20 00					
				S _N	23 30 54					
				S _E	23 34 30					
				eL _W	23 39 ..			10		
				F _N	23 52 ..					

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281. meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

1919.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
June 13				21 11 30		*200	*300		Tremor during 24 hours preceding 15h. 00m.
24						*200	*300		Light shock about 2 sec.
26						*200	*300		Tremors during 24 hours preceding 15h. 00m. on date given.
30						*100	*100		

*Amplitude on instrument.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N .	A _E .		

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*

Lat., 37° 29' 36" N.; long., 124° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See record of the Seismographic Station, University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80-kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants

1919.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
June 10		L _N	F _N	7 00 00					Active on both components. Weaker on E.-W. Visible activity on N.-W. at intervals during the day.
				11 30 00					
14									Visible waves.
19		L _N	F _N	2 30 00					Visible waves.
				4 45 00					

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 \\ 116 & 6.4 \end{cases}$

1919.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
June 15		eE	F	10 23 ..					Very feeble quake.
				10 30 ..					
29		P	S	23 20 06				3,000	
				23 24 48					
30		L	L	23 27 26					
				23 29 30	24				
				0 10 ..					

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University. F. A. Tondorf, S. J.*

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & \mu \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 133 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 5.0 & 0 \end{cases}$

1919.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude. μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.
June 29		e		15 17 29					Heavy microseisms. Doubtful seismic origin.
				iE?	15 21 46				
				iN	15 21 48				
				P	16 ca				
				eP	23 20 08				
				iS	23 24 48				
				eL?	23 26 30	11			
				ME1	23 27 07	11	*1,700		
				ME2	23 30 41	16	*1,400		
				P?	1 +				
29				Vertical.					Heavy microseisms.
				eP	23 29 08				
				eS	23 24 49				
				eL	23 26 24	11			
				M	23 25 15	16	*300		
F	! +								

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z .	A _N .		
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory.</i> U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann. Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association. T_0 Instrumental constant, 13.4. Sensitiveness 0.40 arc tilt=1 mm.								
June 1								
		L	7 10 30					
		M	7 11 48	15	*300			
		C	7 16 ..	19				
		F	7 41 ..	18				
10		eP	20 30 36					
		L	20 37 ..					
		M	20 44 00	19	*300			
		C	20 50 ..	20				
		F	20 59 ..					
15		L	19 43 ..					
		M	19 45 18	18	*100			
		F	19 48 ..					
24		L	19 16 ..					
		M	19 26 ..	18	*100			
		F	19 35 ..					
26		L	2 10 30					
		M	2 11 54		*100			
		F	2 13 ..					
28		eP	5 13 ..					
		L	5 25 48					Paper slipping.
		M	5 29 06	18	*200			
		C	5 43 ..					
		F	5 54 ..					
29		P	23 25 18	18				
		eS	23 34 42					
		L	23 45 21					
		M	23 49 18	17	*600			
		C	23 51 54					
		F	24 02 ..	20				
		eP	25 12 ..	19				
30		eP	8 43 ..					
		L	9 08 30					
		M	9 15 00	20	*200			Difficult to identify because of tremors.
		C	9 19 18					
		F	9 51 ..	18				
* Trace amplitude.								

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z .	A _N .		
Illinois. <i>Chicago. University of Chicago.</i> U. S. Weather Bureau. Lat., 41° 47' N., long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters. Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg. Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 150 & 12 & 20:1 & 1'' & \text{arc tilt}=26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ N & 150 & 8 & 20:1 & 1'' & \text{arc tilt}=13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{cases}$								
1919								
June 1								
		IP	7 15 45					Record difficult to read.
		SP	7 24 37					
		L	7 34 ..					
		F	8 15 ..					
4		eE	9 46 ..					Not discernible on N.-S.
		eL	9 51 30					
		L	9 57 ..	19				
		F	10 30 ..					
9		eL	7 55 ..					May not be seismic.
		F	8 20 ..					
12		eL	11 49 ..					Time correction uncertain.
		L	11 52 ..	18				
		F	12 13 ..					
15		e	10 16 30					Very feeble. Time correction uncertain.
		L	10 31 ..					
		F	10 45 ..					
29		P	0 51 00				3,000	
		S	0 55 43					
		L	1 01 38					
		F	1 30 ..					
29		P	15 26 04				2,020	
		S	15 30 41					
		L	15 38 20	24				
		L	15 46 00					
		F	16 15 ..					
29		P	23 20 15				2,990	
		S	23 24 55					
		L	23 27 20					
		L	23 30 00	30				
		L	23 40 00	16				
		F	1 30 ..					
30		P	7 50 43				2,890	
		S	7 55 18					
		eL	7 59 10					
		L	8 23 00	22				
		L	8 32 00	16				
		F	10 20 ..					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Kansas. <i>Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.</i>								
Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for June, 1919, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
New York. <i>New York. Fordham University. D. H. Sullivan, S. J.</i>								
Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ N & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for June, 1919, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Maryland. <i>Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.</i>								
Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$								
1919								
June 29	P		23 20 14	3			2,970	L difficult to determine.
	IS _N		23 24 55	14				
	IS _S		23 24 54	12				
	eL _N		23 29 20	22				
	eL _S		23 31 20					
	M _N		23 30 47	14	280			
	M _S		23 33 46	15				
	C _N		23 35 ..	13				
	C _S		23 44 ..	10				
30	F _N		0 17 ..	10				
	F _S		0 18 ..	10				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Panama Canal Zone. <i>Balboa Heights. Isthmian Canal Commission.</i>								
Lat., 8° 57' 29" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$								
1919								
June 29	P _N		23 17 14				970	* Trace amplitude.
	P _S		23 17 20					
	S _N		23 18 56					
	S _S		23 19 ..					
	L _N		23 20 12					
	L _S		23 20 20					
	M _N		23 21 53			8,500		
	M _S		23 25 15			8,500		
	F _N		23 45 ..					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Massachusetts. <i>Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.</i>								
Lat., 42° 22' 30" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for June, 1919, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Porto Rico. <i>Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.</i>								
Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Missouri. <i>Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goese, S. J.</i>								
Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 55" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for June, 1919, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.</i>								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$								
1919								
June 28	P _N		1 45 39	2				Local; felt at HUmacao, P. R.
	P _S		1 45 40	2				
	M _N		1 46 10		80			
	M _S		1 46 14			120		
	F _N		1 51 ..	3				
29	eP _N		23 19 12	4				
	eP _S		23 19 27					
	PR _N		23 19 35					
	PR _S		23 19 52					
	S _N		23 23 11	12				
	S _S		23 23 43					
	eL _N		23 25 26					
	eL _S		23 27 07					
	M _N		23 29 40	17	160			
	M _S		23 30 01	19		320		
	C _N		23 31 ..	14				
	C _S		23 34 ..	18				
	F _N		23 44 ..	13				
	F _S		23 50 ..	13				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
New York. <i>Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.</i>								
Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for June, 1919, not received.)								

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m .	A _r .		
Vermont. <i>Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.</i>								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants.. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$								
1919								
June 29	P		23 21 00				3,540	
	S		23 26 20					
	L		23 29 16					
	L		23 34 ..	20				
	F		24 00 ..					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental reports, June, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E .	A _N .		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80k. vertical seismograph.								
Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0}$ 120 26								
1919								
June 29								
			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
			0 57 54					Very small ampli-tudes.
			1 07 18					Small microseisms
			1 20 ..	7.5				prevent the read- ing of P.
			1 40 ..				8,600	Italian quake re- ported in press.
			15 08 05					
			15 16 10					
			15 18 40					
			15 24 18					
			15 34 30	22				
			15 50 ..					
			23 14 14				3,500	Very sharp offsets
			23 21 01					mark P and S.
			23 26 24					eL is difficult to determine.
			23 31 30					Amplitudes small.
			23 35 ..	20				
			23 46 ..	12				
			0 15 ..	12				
			0 35 ..					
			7 49 30					Very small ampli-tudes.
			7 51 18					L waves regular
			8 15 ..	20				and sinusoidal
			9 00 ..	15				throughout.
			9 05 ..					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{T_1}$.18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
June 2							
			6 59 18				Doubtful as to be- ing seismic.
			6 59 48		*200		
			7 03 06				
			20 57 54		*100		
			20 58 36				
			21 03 48				
			16 17 54		*100		Small micros going on.
			18 05 36		*100		Do.
			1 03 18				
			1 12 00		*100		Small micros of uniform charac- ter and intervals going on from 0 ^h 35 ^m 30 ^s to 1 ^h 30 ^m 42 ^s .
			15 39 48				
			15 42 30				
			15 43 36		*100		
			15 50 12				
			23 21 54			2,850 ⁷	Marked distur- bance.
			23 26 24				
			23 29 42				
			23 30 24				
			23 32 12				
			23 33 24		*2,100		
			23 34 54				
			0 30 24				
			8 22 30				
			8 32 48				
			8 45 12		*200		
			9 10 12				

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E .	A _N .		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instruments: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{T_1}$.13. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".								
June 2								
			7 13 13					May not be a quake.
			7 14 02		*100			
			21 03 00					
			21 09 24		*100			
			21 14 29					
			6 55 09		*50			May not be a quake.
			8 01 32		*100			
			16 25 24					
			16 27 23		*200			
			16 30 51					
			17 44 14					
			17 46 13		*300			
			17 50 11					
			1 06 00					
			1 06 59		*500			
			1 12 53					
			15 51 48		*200			
			23 22 19					
			23 28 42					
			23 38 03					
			23 48 12		*1,500			
			00 46 14					
			8 44 00		*200			
			9 19 44					

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Seattle, Wash., June 5, 1919.

What seemingly was an earth disturbance gave buildings in Seattle a slight shaking up to-night. The disturbance was felt as far as 45 miles from here. (Associated Press.)

Florence, Italy, June 29, 1919.

A violent earthquake shock was felt here this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock and reports state that neighboring towns were also shaken. So far as known only slight damage was done. (Associated Press.)

Florence, Italy, June 29, 1919.

Additional advice shows that damage was done by the earthquake of to-day. The tremor was sharp, people rushing from houses in panic. The damage in this city was slight.

Rome, Italy, June 30, 1919.

One hundred and twenty persons are estimated to have been killed in and near Vicchio, the center of the earth movements Sunday, in the Florence district, according to the Tempo. The town of Vicchio was reduced to a heap of ruins and a number of the villages were destroyed. (Associated Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

TABLE 3.—Late reports (instrumental).

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z .	A _N .		

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 21' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $V T_0$ 120 25

1919	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	A _z .	A _N .	km.	Remarks.
Apr. 27		e ² N.		0 52 07					Amplitudes very small. Preliminary waves very irregular.
				eL ₁	1 26	28			
				L ₁	1 32	24			
				L ₂	1 45	15			
				F	2 ca				
28		e _z		6 33 52					
				eL _z	7 02	20			
				L _z	7 12	12			
				L _z	7 30	12			
				L _z	7 40	12			
				L _z	8				
				F	8				
30		O.		7 16 30				(1)	All phases difficult to read with precision, but all are readily determined as to character.
				eF	7 31 30				
				eSR ₁	7 36 18				
				eSR ₂	7 44 12				
				eL	8 01	55			
				L	8 20	25			
				L	8 35	18			
				L	8 50	15			
				L	9 10	14			
				L _R	9 20	18			
				L _R	9 35	20			
				L	10 00	10			
				L	10 20	18			
				L	10 55	15			
				F	11 05	15			
May 1		eL _N		5 59	25				
				L	6 10	20			
				L	6 22	15			
				L	6 40				
				F	6 40				
2		e.		2 32					
				eL _N	2 34				
				eL _N	2 41 48				
				L _N	2 52	25			
				L _N	2 57	21			
				L	3 05	21			
				L	3 12	17			
				L	3 24	16			
				L	3 40	16			
				L	3 51	16			
3		e.		6 15 24					May not be seismic.
				6 22	7				
				O.	0 52 10			9,460	
				L	1 04 46				
				L	1 15 20				
3		L		1 30 30					
				L	1 34	34			
				L	1 45	20			
				L	2 00	18			
				L	2 10	16			
				L	2 25	13			
				L	2 40	11			
				L	3 00	11			
				L	3 19	12			
				L	3 40	9			
				L	4 08	10			
				L	4 15				
				F	4 15				

¹ 12600 ca.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _z .	A _N .		

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Continued.

1919	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	A _z .	A _N .	km.	Remarks.
May 6		O.		19 48 19					9,700
				eP	20 01 06				
				S	20 11 51				
				L	20 31	50			
				L	20 45	22			
				L	20 55	18			
				L	21 05	17			
				L	21 15	17			
				L	21 30	15			
				L	21 44	18			
				L	22 05	18			
				F	23 05	12			
7		O.		5 21 58					9,090
				eP	5 34 12				
				eSR	5 44 24				
				eSR1?	5 51 00				
				eL	6 04	40			
				L	6 22	18			
				F	7 15	15			
8		eL _N		11 05					N-S. lost in micro-seisms.
				11 15	18				
8		L		12 20					Rather irregular. May not be seismic.
				12 32					
20		O.		4 19 54					3,950
				P	4 27 11				
				S	4 32 57				
				L _N	4 37 30				
				L	4 40	15			
22		O.		11 52 48					6,790
				P	12 03 02				
				S	12 11 19				
				eL	12 22				
				L	12 28	20			
23		L		3 16 03					Lost in changing the sheets at 13 ^h 15 ^m .
				3 24 42					
				eL _N	3 32	22			
				L	3 45	22			
				F	4 05				
29		eL		11 55					Very faint; barely discernible.
				12 20					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. T_0 18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.50%.

1919	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period. T.	A _z .	A _N .	km.	Remarks.
May 23		L		3 33 36					
				M	3 40 12				
				F	4 05 00				

*Traces amplitude.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Sept. 2, 1919.]

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, July, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
July 13	12 13½	Corona.....	33 52	117 35	2	1	Sec. 2 or 3	None.....	Felt by several.....	Thomas C. Sias.
	4 15	Oak Grove.....	33 26	116 51	5	1		Loud.....	Felt by many.....	A. J. Berg.
	21 30	Idria.....	36 24	120 42	3	2		None.....	Felt by several.....	O. M. Sherburne.
KANSAS.										
26	12 55	Wichita.....	37 41	97 20	4	2	2	Loud rumbling...	Felt by several.....	Mrs. J. B. Daze.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, July, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see Review for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		

Alabama. *Mobile. Spring Hill College.* Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(Report for July, 1919, not received.)

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 17.7 \\ & 10 & 16.6 \end{cases}$

(No earthquake recorded during July, 1919.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 15 \\ & 10 & 18 \end{cases}$

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & V & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 14 \\ & 10 & 18 \end{cases}$

1919.	Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
						A _N	A _E		
July	1	P _N	eP _N	21 55 16	8	10			
				21 55 22					
				21 57 21					
				21 57 32					
				21 57 45					
				22 00 ..					
	6	P _N	S _N	7 09 22					
				7 13 33					
				7 16 33					
				7 20 33					
				7 21 ..					
				7 28 ..					
0	eP _N	S _N	19 23 14					eP _N faint.	
			19 27 14						
			19 27 20						
			19 28 50						
			19 29 51						
			19 30 14						
	P _N	M _N	19 33 55	5					
			19 35 ..						
			19 41 ..						
			19 35 ..						
			19 41 ..						
			19 41 ..						

Period of pendulum: E. 17 sec., N. 20 sec.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports July, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
California. Berkeley. University of California.								
Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.								
(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								

California. Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.								
Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.								
(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								

California. Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.								
Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.								
Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismo-scope.								

1919.	July	3.	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
		15.			50	50	100	

California. Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.								
Lat., 37° 26' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 63" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.								
(See Record of the Seismographic Station. University of Santa Clara.)								

Colorado. Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.								
A. W. Forstall, S. J.								
Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.								
(No earthquakes reported for July, 1919.)								

District of Columbia. Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.								
Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.								
Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. V T ₀ 110 6.4								

1919.	July		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Time correction
	6	P	7 10 ca.				3540?	uncertain.
		S	7 15 20ca					
		L	7 19 30ca	25				
		F	7 50					
	8	P	21 25 15					
		S	21 34 48					
		L	21 56	28				
		L	22 05	20				
		L	22 10	18				
		F	22 40					
	9	P?	19 26 16				3700?	
		S	19 31 45					
		L	19 38 10	12				
		F	20 30					
	10	e	2 42 40					
		F	2 52					
	11	P	0 36 57					
		S	0 44 00					
		eL	0 50 45					
		F	1 15					
	14	eL	14 26 20	16				
		F	14 45					
	17	P	16 25 57				3280	
		S	16 31 00					
		L	16 35 50	20				
		L	16 40	14				
		F	16 50					
	18	e?	13 43 50					
		L	13 58 00					
		F	14 10					
	22	iP	22 07 10				2920	
		iS	22 11 47					
		iL	22 14 20					
		F	22 30					
	24	e	2 27 56					
		F	2 32					
	25	e	19 05 00					
		S?	19 00 14					
		F	19 30					
	31	e!	22 02 42				6220	
		S	22 12 13					
		F	22 30					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.								
F. A. Tondori, S. J.								
Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.								

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants.	E	V	T ₀	ε
	165	165	5.4	0
	143	143	5.2	0
	80	80	3.0	0

1919.	July		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Remarks.	
	1	e _m	21 36 27						
		eL _m	21 49 30						
		eL _w	21 49 36						
		F	22 46						
	6	eF _N	7 10 05						
		eF _m	7 10 15						
		S	7 15 35						
		eL	7 18 30	10					
		F	7 50						
		Vertical.							
		eP	7 10 04						
		S	7 15 35						
		F	8 00						
	7	e _m	14 48					N-S does not show, microseisms.	
		F	15 20						
	8	e _m	21 25 52					Heavymicroseisms	
		eS _w	21 34 42						
		eL _m	21 47	11					
		eL _w	21 47 06	11					
		F	23 25						
	9	e	16 26					Do.	
		eS _w	18 31 40						
		eL _m	19 38	11					
		eL _w	19 38	15					
		L _m	19 42	11					
		L _w	19 43	9					
		F _m	20 15						
	10	e _m	2 41 26					Microseisms.	
		e _m	2 41 30						
		L _w	2 44 19	10					
		F	3 (ca.)						
	11	e	0 37					Do.	
		S _w	0 42 12						
		S _w	0 42 13						
		eL	0 44 30	5					
		F	1 30						
	14	e _w	14 16 17						
		e _w	14 16 28						
		eL	14 26 36	12					
		F	15 48						
	17	iP	16 25 58						
		eS	16 31 04						
		eL	16 36 00	16					
		L _m	16 41	14					
		L _w	16 41	11					
		F	16 55						
	22	iP _N	22 07 12						
		iL _N	22 07 18						
		S	22 11 48						
		eL	22 13 48	6					
		F	22 55						
		iP	22 07 11						
		S	22 11 55						
		eL	22 15 30						
		F	22 55	6					
	25	e _m	17 13					Does not show on N-S component.	
		F	17 21						
	31	e _w	22 05 43					Heavymicroseisms. Does not show on N-S component.	
		S _w	22 12 16						
		F	22 27						

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant .18. 1. Sensitiveness 0.40 are tilt=1 mm.

(Report for July not received.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _S	A _N		
Illinois. Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau. Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters. Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg. Instrumental constants: $\begin{cases} E & 150 & 12 & 20:1 & 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ N & 150 & 8 & 20:1 & 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{cases}$								
July 1	e		17 21 30					
	L		17 29 15	15				
	F		17 50 ca					
1	P		21 36 26					2,900
	S		21 41 08					
	L?		21 43 50					
	F		22 30 ..					
2	e		8 08 18					
	eL		8 14 ..					
	L		8 16 ..	15				
	F		8 45 ..					
4	e		8 39 07					
	L		8 46 ..	18				
	F		9 10 ..					
6	P		7 09 55					3,300
	IS		7 15 ..					
	L		7 18 10	26				
	F		8 40 ..					
7	eL		14 47 ..					May not be seis- mic.
	L		14 50 ..	24				
	L		14 56 ..	18				
	F		15 30 ..					
8	P		21 26 00					3,800
	S		21 36 ..					
	eL		21 51 ..					
	L		22 03 ..	26				
	M		22 12 ..	*400				
	L		22 14 ..	20				
	L		22 22 ..	15				
	F		0 30 ..					
9	P		19 25 38					3,200
	IS		19 33 30					
	L		19 33 15	10				
	M		19 37 30	*2,500				
	F		20 40 ..					
10	e		2 37 28					
	F		3 15 ..					
11	IP		0 37 50					3,875
	IS		0 43 30					
	SR		0 46 15					
	L		0 48 08	24				
	L		0 54 ..	20				
	M		0 55 ..	*200				
	F		1 50 ..					
11	P		4 16 43					
	S		4 22 30					
	SR		4 25 15					
	L		4 30 30	15				
	F		4 55 ..					
12	P?		22 35 45					
	ST		22 41 38					
	L		22 47 30	15				
	F		23 20a..					
14	L		14 25 ..	15				Beginning not re- corded. Adjust- ing instrument.
	F		15 40 ..					
16	e		18 51 ..					
	L		18 58 ..	15				
	F		19 50 ..					
17	eL		10 48 ..					
	F		11 20 ..					
17	P		16 26 05					3,300
	S		16 31 10					
	L		16 38 ..	16				
	F		17 30 ..					
18	eL		2 53 ..	16				
	F		3 05 ..					
18	P		13 42 44					3,630
	S		13 48 10					
	L		13 53 10					
	F		14 45 ..					
20	P?		8 30 20					
	ST		8 35 13					
	L		8 38 15	16				
	F		8 55 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _S	A _N		
Illinois. Chicago. University of Chicago.—Continued.								
22	IP		22 07 14					2,930
	PR		22 08 44					
	IS		22 11 52					
	L		22 14 30	15				
	F		23 20 ..					
24	P		2 27 41					5,870?
	S?		2 35 10					
	L?		2 46 40	25				
	L		2 59 ..	16				
	F		4 10 ..					
24	P?		4 52 18					
	S?		4 58 04					
	L?		5 02 20					
	F		5 50 ..					
25	P		19 03 10					3,840
	S		19 08 48					
	L?		19 14 43					
	F		20 00 ..					
31	P?		7 29 15					
	ST		7 35 40					
	L		7 48 ..	18				
	L		7 57 56	22				
	L		8 10 ..	15				
	F		9 30 ..					
31	P		22 01 11					5,770
	S		22 08 35					
	eL?		22 18 ..					
	F		22 40 ..					

Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{cases} E & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{cases}$

(Report for July, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. Chellenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{cases} E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{cases}$

1919			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
July 6	eP		7 10 15					First appearance of long waves rather abrupt.
	eP		7 10 30					
	S		7 15 00					
	S		7 15 17					
	L		7 20 49					
	L		7 20 56					
	M		7 21 20	10	40			
	M		7 22 30	9		50		
	C		7 24 ..					
	C		7 26 ..					
	F		7 35 ..					
	F		7 37 ..					
8	eL		21 59 00					L _W is faint until 22-07.
	eL		22 01 50	24				
	L		22 07 00					
	M		22 07 04	20	50			
	M		22 10 40	17				
	M		22 15 50	17				
	C		22 15 ..	18				
	F		22 21 ..	18				
	F		22 26 ..					
9	eP		19 31 41					E-W not in operation.
	L		19 38 17	14				
	M		19 39 00	12		80		
	C		19 39 55	9				
	F		19 58 ..	8				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks
					A _E	A _N		
Maryland. <i>Cheltenham</i> . <i>Magnetic Observatory</i> —Continued.								
1920								
July 17	eP _N		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	eP _N		16 30 42					
	L _N		16 31 11					
	L _N		16 35 55					
	L _N		16 38 42					
18	M _N		16 39 00	15	10			
	C _N		16 42 40	13				
	F _N		16 43					
	F _N		16 47					
	L _N		13 57 50					
22	L _N		13 58 35					
	M _N		14 00 20	11	10			
	C _N		14 02 30	8				
	F _N		14 07					
	F _N		14 09					
31	P _N		22 07 21	3				
	P _N		22 07 25	4				
	S _N		22 11 57	5				
	S _N		22 11 57					
	eL _N		22 14 00					
1914	L _N		22 14 06					
	L _N		22 14 36	8	30			
	C _N		22 16 15	6				
	M _N		22 23 45		10			
	F _N		22 25					
1914	F _N		22 28					
	iP _N		22 12 43	4				
	iP _N		22 12 45	4				
	eL _N		22 16 05					
	M _N		22 17		10			
1914	F _N		22 19					
	F _N		22 19					

Period of pendulum: E. 15 sec., N. 15 sec.

Massachusetts. *Cambridge*. *Harvard University Seismographic Station*. J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for July, 1919, not received.)

Missouri. *Saint Louis*. *St. Louis University*. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 19' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for July, 1919, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca*. *Cornell University*. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 28' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for July, 1919, not received.)

New York. *New York*. *Fordham University*. W. C. Repetti, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.0 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ N & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

(Report for July, 1919, not received.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks
					A _E	A _N		
Panama Canal Zone. <i>Balboa Heights</i> . Governor, Panama Canal.								
Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 35 & 20 \end{matrix}$								
1914.								
July 10	P _N		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	P _N		19 32 44				825	Direction uncertain.
	P _N		19 33 04					
	S _N		19 34 04					
	S _N		19 34 08					
11	L _N		19 34 44	20				
	L _N		19 34 48	20				
	M _N		19 34 59			*5,000		
	M _N		19 35 28			*3,500		
	F _N		19 53					
17	M _N		4 11 35	20				Trace, indistinct.
	M _N		4 13 13	20				
	F _N		4 20					
22	P _N		16 22 04				1,140	Direction uncertain.
	P _N		16 22 14					
	S _N		16 23 52					
	L _N		16 25 32	20				
	L _N		16 25 35	20				
1914	M _N		16 25 44					
	M _N		16 25 50			*1,000		
	F _N		16 33			*1,200		
	F _N		16 33 24					
	P _N		22 02 24				685	
22	P _N		22 02 26					
	L _N		22 02 26	20				
	L _N		22 03 54	20				
	M _N		22 02 37			*2,200		Do.
	M _N		22 04 02			*1,800		
1914	F _N		22 13					
	F _N		22 14					

*Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques*. *Magnetic Observatory*. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks
					A _E	A _N		
1919.								
July 6	eP _N		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	
	eP _N		7 13 05					
	L _N		7 16 18					
	eL _N		7 18 15					
	M _N		7 16 34			10		
8	F _N		7 22					
	F _N		7 25					
	eL _N		21 54 10					Not recognizable on N component.
11	M _N		21 59 10	20	20			
	C _N		22 01 15	20				
	F _N		22 09					
17	eP _N		0 35 57					Both P and L difficult. Only a trace on N component.
	eP _N		0 36 31					
	L _N		0 37 38					
	L _N		0 38 48					
	M _N		0 38 58	19	10			
22	C _N		0 41					
	F _N		0 45					
	F _N		0 50					
1919	P _N		16 27 50					P faint and difficult. No trace on N component.
	L _N		16 35 43					
	M _N		16 36 53	17	10			
	C _N		16 40	14				
	F _N		16 45					
22	iP _N		22 06 06					No long waves on N component.
	iP _N		22 06 08					
	L _N		22 10 48					
	M _N		22 12 43	13	10			
	C _N		22 14					
1919	F _N		22 13					
	F _N		22 21					

Period of pendulum: E. 17 sec., N. 20 sec.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, 1919—Continued.

Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.
 Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorì, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		
1919.								
July 6	e.		7 12 10					
	L.		7 18 30					
	F.		7 30					
9	eL.		19 43					
	F.		20 00					
22	P.		22 08 01				3,540	
	S.		22 13 21					
	eL7.		22 17					
	F.		22 25					
31	e.		22 10 50					
	F.		22 17					

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.
 Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ & 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		
1919.								
July 1	e.		21 37 35					Amplitudes small. Note small periods on the L waves.
	i.		21 43 16					
	eL7.		21 52 40					
	L.		21 54 12		8			
			22 22		7.5			
	F.		22 40					
2	e7N.		7 54					
	e7.		8 09 30					
	eL7.		8 14					
	L.		8 18		17			
	L.		8 30		8			
	F.		8 45					
6	O.		7 04 17				3460	
	P.		7 10 54					
	S.		7 16 08					
	eL7.		7 19 24		22			
	L.		7 25		20			
	L.		7 45		8			
	F.		8 15					
7	eL.		(14 50 to 15 00)					
8	07.		21 13 42				(8080)	
	IP7.		21 25 04					
	e7.		21 31 54					
	eS7.		21 34 30		10			
	e.		21 40 24					
	eL7.		21 55		35			
	L.		22 10		18			
	L.		22 21		14			
	L7.		22 41		17			
	L.		23 03		15			
	F.		23 40					
9			19 28 16					After 23 hours the amplitudes are so small as to be barely readable. End of record very faintly marked, irregular periods.
			19 32 44					
			19 35 34					
	eL7.		19 39 48					
	L.		19 42		9			
	L.		20 00		8			
	F.		20 30					
10	eL7.		2 38 48					
	L.		2 40 30		8			
	L.		2 44		8			
	F.		3 05					
11	iw.		0 38 11					Very irregular. Wind tremors make record difficult to read.
	iw.		0 39 33					
	i.		0 44 20					
	eL7.		0 50 30					
	L.		0 58		15			
	F.		1 20					

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		
1919.								
July 12	c.		22 38 30					Very small amplitudes; barely discernible.
	eL.		22 43 30		18			
	F.		22 55					
14	eL7.		14 16		28			No indication of P. or S. Local blasting interferes on NS during this record.
	L.		14 25		15			
	F.		14 50					
17	L.		(10 52 to 11 10)		16			
17	O.		16 19 46				3,840	
	IP7.		16 26 52					
	PR7.		16 28 04					
	PR7.		16 28 24					
	S.		16 32 40					
	eL.		16 38					
	L.		16 49		23			
	F.		17 00					
22	O.		22 01 25				3,500	
	IP7.		22 08 05					
	i.		22 08 37					
	e.		22 09 10					
	IS7.		22 13 22					
	i.		22 14 20					
	i.		22 16 06					
	eL7.		(22 17 30 to 22 25)		6			
	F.		22 40					
24	07.		2 16 38					
	e7.		2 20 24					
	e7.		2 27 12					
	eL7.		2 45 30					
	L.		2 50					
	L.		2 55		23			
	L.		3 00		18			
	L.		3 05					
31	e.		22 05 12					May not be seismic.
	iw.		22 06 17					
	e.		22 09 24					
	eL7.		22 12 00					
	F.		22 25					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.
 Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.
 Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.
 Instrumental constant: 13. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _a	A _n		
1919.								
July 1	L.		21 49 24					Times doubtful.
	L.		21 58 54			*200		
	F.		22 23					
2	L.		8 01 36			*50		
4								Micros after 10 _h of the 4th to morning of the 3th.
6	P.		7 11 007					Micros before P.
	S.		7 15 36					
	eL.		7 17 36					
	M.		7 23 54			*200		
	F.		7 38 30					
7	L7.		14 57 307					Gradual thickening.
	eL.		15 00 54					
	M.		15 04 54			*200		
	F.		15 12 54					
8	iL.		22 01 00					Earlier phases masked by heavy micros. Lost in microseisms.
	eL.		22 10 42					
	M.		22 18 06			*3,000		
	F.		Micros.					
9								Heavy micros going on when quake was recorded at other stations.

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismicological reports, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					As	An		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion. Meteorological Service—Continued.								
10	L		2 40 30			*200		Micros going on.
11	L		0 46 18					
	L		0 49 00					
	M		0 56 18			*100		
	F		1 29 30					
12	L		22 42 06			*100		Small micros going on.
14	e		14 13 54 ⁷					
	eL		14 23 00					
	eL		14 31 48					
	M		14 38 30			*200		
	F		15 03 30					
17	iP		16 26 30					
	iP		16 30 24					
	eS		16 33 54					
	L		16 39 24					
	F		16 40 36			*300		
18	e(or)L		13 25 00 ⁷					Small quake 13, 4 _h , 3 _h phases interfered with, while inspecting instrument.
22	P		22 08 06 ⁷					
	iP		22 11 30					
	R		22 14 09					
	eL		22 19 48					
	F		22 22 12			*200		Lost in microseisms.
24	o		2 47 42					
	e		2 57 06					
	eL		3 01 00					
	M		3 02 06			*200		
	F		3 15 48					
25	L		19 13 48 ⁷					Marked micros going on.
	L		19 19 36			*200		
31	eL		8 06 36					
	M		8 10 39			*200		Gradual thickening.
	F		8 15 18					
31	L		22 05 54					
	F		22 12 30			*100		Lost in microseisms.

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.

Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian

Instrumental constant .18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.54".

1919.								
July 1	P		21 50 29					
	M		21 51 58			*500		
	F		22 01 19					
1	P		22 05 15					
	L		22 06 14					
	F		22 07 13			*500		
2	L		8 25 12			*50		
	F		8 29 36					
6	P?		7 15 53					1,940?
	S		7 19 11					
	L		7 24 49					
	F		7 28 47			*200		
			7 41 09					

* Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					As	An		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service—Contd.								
7	P?		14 21 47					
	L		14 35 17					
	M		14 43 47			*400		
	F		14 59 47					
8								Quake missed, light of the paper.
9	P		19 35 18					1,410?
	S?		19 37 46					
	L		19 38 44					
	F		19 01 22			*400		
10	P		2 23 03					
	L		2 23 33					
	M		2 24 02			*300		
	F		2 33 23					
11	L?		1 06 56					
	M		1 14 18			*200		
	F		1 30 02					
17	S?		16 49 48					
	L		16 53 14					
	M		16 57 10			*400		
	F		17 15 49					
18	P		13 38 20					
	M		13 40 18			*300		
	F		13 45 03					
			Vertical.					
		P	13 38 18			7		600
		L	13 39 46			6		
		M	13 40 36			6		
		F	13 49 46					
22	L?		22 35 02					
	M		22 38 68			*200		
	F		22 42 51					
24	P		2 45 16 ⁷					
	L		2 50 13					
	M		3 04 07			*400		
	F		3 23 22					
25	L		19 16 37 ⁷					
	M		19 20 35			*400		
	F		19 25 03					
31	M		7 50 57			*200		
	F		8 25 52					
31	L		21 58 25					
	M		22 00 43			*50		
	F		22 06 19					

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Guatemala City, Guatemala, July 24, 1919.

A dispatch sent to La Republica, a local paper, states that in the neighborhood of the city of St. Mark, Haiti, a rising of the earth had occurred, forming a small hill. This took place on July 22.

Guatemala City, Guatemala, July 24, 1919.

A communication received to-day at this city reports that on the afternoon of July 22 a strong shock was felt. Also that the Santa Ana volcano had become active. In the Fonseca Bay a small island has appeared.

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

SEISMOLOGY.

TABLE 1.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, August, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich Civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forl.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1.	H. m. 12 10	Glennville	35 45	118 42	3	2	Sec. Few	Faint	Slight rattle of windows	C. H. Likely.
10.	4 50	Berkeley	37 22	118 24	3	2	1	None	Felt by several	William Barth.
28.	12 15	Ojai	34 25	119 12	3	3	2	Rattling	Felt by many	Wm. H. Duncan.
28.	12 13	San Luis Obispo	35 17	120 40	3	1	1	None	Felt by several	U. S. Weather Bureau.
28.	15 00	Ojai	34 25	119 12	3	1	1	None	Felt by several	Wm. H. Duncan.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, August, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see Review for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _m	A _N								A _m	A _N			
<p>Alabama. <i>Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.</i> Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum. (No earthquake recorded during August, 1919.)</p>																		
<p>Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.</i> Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$ No earthquake recorded during August, 1919.</p>																		
<p>Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.</i> Lat., 32° 14' 43" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.5 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$</p>																		
Aug. 29																		N. — not in operation from 23d to 31st
29																		Slight near-by shock.
31																		
<p>California. <i>Berkeley. University of California.</i> Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)</p>																		
<p>California. <i>Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.</i> Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters. (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)</p>																		
<p>California. <i>Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.</i> Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters. Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.</p>																		
Aug. 21																		Tremors during 24 hours preceding 15h 00m on date given.
<p>Colorado. <i>Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.</i> Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,555 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.</p>																		
Aug. 9	u. e.	L.																Sinusoidal.
10		F.																Activity. Stronger on N-S.
22																		Activity on E-W.
27-28																		Activity on E-W. Sinusoidal; long period; small amplitude.
31																		Waves at intervals during the day.
<p>District of Columbia. <i>Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters. Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration. Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$</p>																		
Aug. 8																		L undiscernible.
18																		
22																		
24																		Amplitudes very small. Phases undeterminable
29																		
30																		
31																		Small amplitude lasting about one hour. Clock not running.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, August, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A ₁	A ₂		

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University.*
F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_1 & \epsilon \\ N & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ Z & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Aug. 24	e		5 31 26				Heavy microseisms.
	eL		5 40 12	8			
	F		6 15				
27	e		5 39				Heavy microseisms.
	L		6 25 25	16			
	F		6 47				

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.* Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant. 18.4. Sensitivity, 0.40".

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

Illinois. *Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters.

Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_1 & \epsilon & \text{Sensitivity} \\ N & 150 & 12 & 20:1 & 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ & 150 & 8 & 20:1 & 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 33.2 \text{ mm.} \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Aug. 2	eP?		22 59 ca				
	S		23 02 50				
	L		23 05 20				
	F		23 20				
3	eL		16 34				
	F		17 30				
3	e?		18 33				
	L		18 50				
	L		19 00	18			
	F		20 10				
8	P		5 11 38			7080	
	S		5 20 11				
	eL?		5 33				
	L		5 36	25			
	L		5 42 30	18			
	F		6 10 ca				
15	eP		4 30 05			9,000	
	S		4 40 15				
	L		4 53 20				
	F		5 20				
18	e		11 31				
	eL		11 36 40				
	F		11 50				
18	P?		17 05 49			13,000?	
	S		17 18 55				
	L?		17 31				
	L		17 50 30	20			
	L		18 10	15			
	F		19 00				
18	eL		21 44				
	L		21 50	18			
	L		21 56	15			
	F		22 30				
22	P		8 56 17			4,170	
	S		9 01 14				
	L?		9 05 22				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A ₁	A ₂		

Illinois. *Chicago. University of Chicago—Continued.*

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Aug. 24	e		5 24 44				Amplitude small. Phases indeterminate.
	F		5 30				
24	e		12 51 15				Amplitude small. Phases indeterminate.
	F		13 15 ca				
24	eL		19 51 ca				
	F		20 00				
27	P		5 45 45			5,830?	
	S?		5 53 12				
	L		6 01 45				
	L		6 12	20			
	L		6 25	18			
	L		6 31	15			
	F		8 00 ca				
29	P		6 05 17			5,190	
	S		6 12 10				
	L?		6 19 10				
	L		6 22 45	18			
	L		6 46	60			
	L		6 52	20			
	L		7 01	16			
	F		8 30				
30	P?		6 09 36				
	S?		6 15 17				
	L?		6 20 20				
	F		7 00				
31	e		0 51 20				
	F		1 10				
31	P		17 39 12			9,010	
	PR		17 46 03				
	S		17 49 05				
	L		18 16 25				
	L		18 20	18			
	L		18 40	16			
	F		20 20 ca				

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy.* F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_1 & \epsilon \\ N & 177 & 3.4 & 4.1 \\ & 205 & 3.4 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.* George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & V & T_1 & \epsilon \\ N & 10 & 14 \\ & 10 & 14 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Aug. 29	eP ₁		6 06 31				L ₁ is doubtful; it may come three minutes or more earlier.
	eP ₂		6 06 38				
	eL ₁		6 55 20	25			
	M ₁		7 06 25	20		10	
	C ₁		7 18	17			
	F ₁		7 05				
	F ₂		7 50				
31	P ₁		17 40 53		5		
	eP ₁		17 41 25				
	S ₁		17 50 33		8		
	eL ₁		18 27 40				
	eL ₂		18 12 30	28			
	M ₁		18 31 55	18			
	M ₂		18 39	18			
	F ₁		18 42				
	F ₂		18 59				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, August, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \text{E} & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ \text{N} & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. astatic, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \text{E} & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \text{E} & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ \text{N} & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

New York. New York. Fordham University. D. H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \text{E} & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ \text{N} & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

Panama Canal Zone. Balboa Heights. Governor, Panama Canal.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \text{E} & 35 & 20 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N	
Aug. 19		P	2 11 14				150
		P _m	2 11 20				
		L	2 11 31	20			
		L _m	2 11 37	20			
		M	2 11 42			*200	
		M _m	2 11 43			*800	
		F	2 13 45				
		F _m	2 13 50				

*Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.

Lat., 19° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \text{E} & 10 & 18 \\ \text{N} & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N	
Aug. 3		P _m	16 38 28	2			Probably from Porto Rico, N, not registering.
		L _m	16 38 48				
		M _m	16 38 58		60		
		C _m	16 40 ..				
		F _m	16 43 ..				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N	
Aug. 9		P	11 49 34				Apparently local.
		F	11 54 ..				
22		iP	8 50 57	2			Probably from Porto Rico.
		L	8 51 20				
		M _m	8 51 34		90		
		M _N	8 51 28			130	
		C	8 55 ..				
		F	8 59 ..				
30		iP	6 04 08	3			Probably from Porto Rico. Felt by a few persons in Vieques.
		eL	6 05 12				
		eLN	6 05 14		110		
		M _m	6 05 35			130	
		M _N	6 05 38				
		C	6 07 ..	5			
		F	6 14 ..				

Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \text{E} & 10 & 15 \\ \text{N} & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquakes recorded for August, 1919.)

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \text{E} & 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N	
Aug. 18		iN	5 16 13				May not be seismic.
		eN	5 16 20				
		i	5 21 32				
		iN	5 33 28				
		iN	5 39 34				
		iN	5 39 38				
		eL	5 42 40	30			
		to					
		eL	5 52 ..				
		L _m	6 00 ..	16			
		to					
		F	6 04 ..				
		F	6 05 ..				
24		e	5 31 ..	6			
		to					
		e	5 56 ..				
		e	5 59 ..	7.5			
		to					
		e	6 25 ..				
27		eN	5 39 44				
		iN	5 39 45				
		i	5 46 10				
		eN	5 48 54				
		eN	5 49 00				
		eL	6 12 10	12.5			
		to					
		eL	6 26 ..				
		eL	6 27 04	17			
		to					
		eL	6 37 ..				
		eL	6 39 30	20			
		F	6 50 ..				

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $\begin{matrix} T_0 \\ \text{E} & 18 \end{matrix}$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".

(Report for August, 1919, not received.)

TABLE 2.—*Instrumental seismological reports, August, 1919—Contd.*

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Canada. <i>Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.</i>								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiochert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								
Instrumental constant...18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".								
(Report for August, 1919, not received.)								

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

On Board U. S. S. New Mexico, Saturday, Aug 2.

The *New Mexico* trembled from bow to stern as if she had struck an uncharted reef, and the navigating officer sounded "collision quarters" on the flagship's siren. Sailors in the foretop said the basketmasts of the war ships swayed like poplar trees in a gale.

Wireless telephone messages were received from the five other dreadnaughts reporting that they felt the shocks. The *Mississippi*, which was farther offshore, reported heavy vibrations.—*Associated Press.*

On Board U. S. S. New Mexico, Saturday, August 2.

Six dreadnaughts of the Pacific Fleet were shaken severely by a double earthquake shock at 4:18 o'clock this afternoon 20 miles off the coast of the State of Colima, Mexico. None of the warships reported any damage.—*Associated Press.*

Beach Haven, N. J., August 5, 1919.

A shock was felt here about midnight.—*Special Observer.*

LATE REPORTS.

TABLE 3.—*Late reports (instrumental).*

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
California. <i>Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.</i>								
Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.								
Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.								
July 3					50	50		Tremors during 24 hours preceding 15 ^h 00 ^m on dates given.
15					100	100		

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington D. C.

TABLE 3.—*Late reports (instrumental)—Continued.*

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.		
					A _N	A _W				
Hawaii. <i>Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.</i>										
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.										
Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.										
Instrumental constant...18.1. Sensitiveness 0.40 are tilt=1 mm.										
July 6	eP				H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	P is faint and difficult to place definitely.
	i				7 15 18	18				
	S				7 23 30					
	L				7 33 24					
	M				7 35 30	20	*200			
	C				7 39 ..	20				
	F				7 49 ..					
7	eP				14 09 12	18				None of the phases sharply defined.
	s				14 15 18	17				
	eL				14 19 ..					
	M				14 27 06	16	*500			
	C				14 31 ..	16				
	F				14 51 ..	20				
8	eP				21 31 00	20				Early portion of record (before L) might be microseisms or caused by minor shocks.
	L				22 38 30					
	M				22 55 00	16				
	C				22 59 ..					
	F				24 12 ..	20				
14	eP				13 50 18					eP quite faint.
	L				13 59 30					
	M				14 05 00	16	*200			
	C				14 07 ..					
	F				14 57 ..	17				
16	eP				18 20 54	20				eP quite faint.
	L				18 29 24					
	M				18 32 30	19	*300			
	C				18 35 30					
	F				19 04 ..					
24	eP				2 29 42	18				eP quite faint.
	L				3 04 ..					
	M				3 09 00	16	*300			
	C				3 15 ..					
	F				3 31 ..	19				
25	eP				19 13 42	18				eP quite faint.
	L				19 21 ..					
	M				19 23 30		*300			
	C				19 28 24					
	F				19 43 ..	18				
31	eP				7 15 00	19				eP quite faint.
	L				7 24 01					
	M				7 31 00	19	*400			
	C				7 34 ..	16				
	F				8 09 ..	16				

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 1919.]

TABLE I.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, September, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
Sept. 4.	H. m.		° ' "	° ' "			Sec.			
	20 16	Berkeley.....	37 51	121 18	3	1	1	None.....	Felt by many.....	E. F. Davis.
	20 16	San Francisco.....	37 48	122 26	3	1	1	do.....	Felt by several.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
	20 17	Oakland.....	37 48	122 15	3	1	3	Rattling.....	Felt by mechanics at work in building.	Chas. Burckhalter.
12	17 07	Eureka.....	40 48	124 10	4	2	(1)	Faint rumbling...	Felt by many.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
15	19 30	do.....	40 48	124 10	5	2	1	do.....	do.....	Do.
	14 07	do.....	40 48	124 10	6	1	2	Building creaked.....	do.....	Do.
	16 08	do.....	40 48	124 10	4	1	5	do.....	do.....	Do.
30	19 16	do.....	40 48	124 10	4	2	2	do.....	do.....	Do.
	4 29	Calexico.....	34 41	115 30	3	1	15	Faint rumbling.....	do.....	H. M. Rouse.
	5 04	do.....	34 41	115 30	2	1	10	None.....	Felt by several.....	Do.
	5 06	do.....	34 41	115 30	3	1	30	Faint rumbling.....	do.....	Do.
	7 40	Amos.....	33 00	115 07	4	2	2	do.....	do.....	G. T. Hartsfield.
	8 38	Calexico.....	34 41	115 30	4	1	45	Loud rumbling...	Felt by many.....	H. M. Rouse.

1 Fraction of second.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, September, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		

Alabama. *Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station. Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J.*

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 40" W. Elevation, 60 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(Report for September, 1919, not received.)

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.*

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 06" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 17 \\ & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

No earthquake recorded during September, 1919.

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.*

Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} E & T_0 \\ N & 10 & 15 \\ & 10 & 18 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Sept. 11	P _B	21 32 05					Not in operation during September.
	M _B	21 32 28		40			
	F _B	21 36 13	4				
15	eP _B	17 36 15					Probably local.
	L _B	17 37 11					
	M _B	17 38 30		20			
	C _B	17 40 ..	4				
19	F _B	17 50 ..					Probably local.
	P _B	3 27 30	5				
	eL _B	3 28 59					
30	M _B	3 30 ..	9	60			Local.
	F _B	3 33 ..	8				
	iP _B	7 38 28	1				
	S _B	7 39 06		280			
30	M _B	7 39 55	12				Local.
	C _B	7 44 ..					
	F _B	7 56 ..	4				

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 52' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 85.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,281.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

Sept. 30	H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
	8 00 ca		400	600		Light shock.

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

15	P	16 33 ..					
15	S.....	(?)					Heavy machinery in motion nearby during first portion of record.
	L.....	16 38 30	4-5	*4,500	*4,500		
	M.....	16 38 ..					
	C.....	16 39 ..		*6,500	*4,500		
	F.....	16 40 ..					
20		16 40 30				Waves at intervals during the day.	

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE II.—Instrumental seismological reports, September, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.	
					A _N	A _V			
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. Georgetown University.</i> F. A. Tondorf, S. J.									
Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed dolomite.									
Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. static horizontal pendulum, 80 kg. vertical.									
					E	V	T ₀	μ	
Instrumental constants..					185	5.4	0		
					N	143	5.2	0	
					Z	80	3.0	0	
Sept. 1		L _N	20 09 ..					Heavy microseism.	
		F	20 10 ..						
6		iP _N	1 45 50						
		eP _N	1 45 56						
		M _N	1 46 12	(†)		500			
		M _N	1 46 14	(†)		300			
		F	1 49 ..						
6		eP _N	9 34 43						
		eP _N	9 34 48						
		iS	9 38 48						
		eL	9 40 42		14				
		L _N	9 41 50		14				
		L	9 42 ..		10				
		F	10 37 ..						
13		e _N	12 28 58					Heavy microseisms difficult to read.	
		i _N	12 36 40						
			to						
		L	12 41 37						
		L	12 54 46		17				
		F	13 20 ..						
15		eP _N	17 37 24					Heavy microseisms.	
		S _N	17 47 57						
		S _N	17 47 59						
		F	18 25 ..						
26		e _N	10 28 41					Very heavy microseisms.	
		e _N	10 27 19					F lost in micros.	
27		eL _N ?	3 48 41	8				Very heavy microseisms.	
		L _N	3 52 ..	27				N-S does not show.	
		F	4 00 ..						
27		e _N	11 33 48					Very heavy microseisms.	
		e _N	11 34 ..						
		F	11 43 ..						
15		iP	17 37 47						
		S	17 48 47						
		F	18 13 ..						

† Less than 1/2 sec.

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants.. V T₀
110 6.4

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _V		
Sept. 1		eL	20 07 ca	20				Clock stopped.
		F	20 15 ca					
5		P	19 07 22				2,600	
		S	19 11 35					
		eL	19 17 30					
		F	19 25 ..					
6		P	1 46 00				*375	Reported near Front Royal, Va.
		S	1 46 08					
		M	1 46 16					
		F	1 47 20					
6		P	9 34 50ca					Clock not registering.
		S	9 38 50ca					
		L	9 42 ca					
		L	9 44 50ca					
		F	10 40 ..					
13		P	12 28 57				6,160	
		S	12 36 42					
		L	12 54 ..	16				
		F	13 10 ..					

¹ Dr. T. L. Watson, of the University of Virginia, is preparing for publication elsewhere a report of this earthquake, which occurred at the same place as that of April 1, 1918.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _V		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau—Contd.</i>								
Sept. 15		P	17 37 26					
		S	17 42 04					
		M _N	17 48 30				*300	
		L	17 51 50	12				
		F	18 10 ca					
15		e	17 49 30					
		F	18 00 ..					
26		e	9 27 10					
		F	9 40 ca					
26		e	20 00 50					
27		e	3 39 55					Very feeble.
		F	4 05 ..					
27		e	11 33 25					
		F	11 42 ..					
30		e	7 54 30					
		L _T	7 55 40					
		F	8 15 ..					

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.* Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 159° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association

To

Instrumental constant 18.4. Sensitivity, 0.40".

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _V		
Sept. 12		eL	14 17 ..					
		M	14 22 30				*200	
		C	14 25 00	17				Proceeded and followed by several hours of tremors.
13		L	12 42 00					Followed about 20 minutes later by several series of waves and about 4 hours of tremors.
		M	12 44 00	19			*200	
		C	12 47 ..	20				
15		i	3 52 ..					Volcanic disturbances on Mauna Loa. Recorded by all three variometers of the magnetograph.
		M	3 53 18				*2,100	
		F	4 04 ..	18				
15		eP	17 50 00					
		L	17 52 48					
		M	17 58 00	19			*300	
		C	17 59 30					
		F	18 28 ..					
18		P	14 11 18					Local shock: recorded by magnetograph. Followed by tremors for about 5 hours.
		M	14 12 00				*300	
		C	14 13 18					
		F	14 14 ..					
26		eP	9 28 48					Several irregular series of waves.
		L	9 38 30					
		M	9 56 ..	17			*300	
		F	10 22 ..	18				
26		P	19 52 00					Secondary maximum at 22:39 and at 23:48.
		eL	20 16 06					
		M	20 31 24	19			*1,900	
		C	20 38 30	18				
		F	23 53 ..	15				
27		L	4 10 00					
		M	4 15 38	18			*100	
		C	4 18 30					
		F	4 42 ..					
29		eP	12 37 00					Tremors continue to next quake.
		L	12 40 00					
		M	12 40 48	18			*400	
		C	12 44 30					
29		L	13 49 12					Eruption of Mauna Loa.
		M	13 49 42	17			*100	
		C	13 52 ..	19				
		F	14 09 ..					
30		L	7 56 30					
		M	7 59 30	17			*100	
		F	8 04 ..					

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, September, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Illinois. Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.								
Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation 180.1 meters.								
Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg.								
Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 150 & 12 \\ N & 150 & 8 \end{matrix}$ Sensitivity. 20:1 1" arc tilt=26.6 mm. 20:1 1" arc tilt=13.2 mm.								
Sept. 1.	e		13 48					
	L		14 00	20				
	L		14 11 40	15				
	F		14 50					
1	P		19 37.7					
	S		19 45 15					
	L		19 55	35				
	L		20 06	18				
	F		21 50					
5	P?		19 07 26				3,770	
	S		19 13 10					
	L?		19 16 15					
	F		20 ca					
6	P		9 35 30				3,540	
	S		9 40 50					
	L		9 44					
	L		10 03	18				
	L		10 20	15				
	F		11 40 ca					
11	P?		14 00 40					Nearly continuous disturbance, may not be seismic.
	S?		14 03 38					
	L		14 05 40					
	L		14 09 05	12				
	F		15 10 ca					
12	P?		14 01 15					
	S?		14 09 32					
	L		14 23					
	L		14 37	18				
	F		15 10 ca					
13	P		12 29 15				7,750	
	S		12 38 22					
	L		12 51 20	22				
	L		12 58 30	15				
	F		15 10 ca					
15	P		17 36 45				3,700	Irregular waves, complicated by strong micro-seisms.
	L		17 41 15					
	L		17 45 18					
	M		17 47 30					
	F		18 50 ca		*3,500	*3,000		
16	P?		12 04 22					
	S		12 08 53					
	L		12 15					
	L		12 22	22				
	L		12 30	18				
	F		12 50					
19	P		3 22 19				3,980	
	S		3 28 05					
	L		3 33 15	15				
	F		4 10 ca					
26	P		9 26 26				8,200	
	S		9 55 56					
	eL?		9 50					
	L		10 12	22				
	F		11 30					
26	P?		20 00 28					
	S		20 10 10					
	L		21 06					
	F		23 30 ca					
27	P		3 41 17				3,590	
	S		3 45 40					
	eL		3 50					
	F		4 30					
27	P?		11 13 20					
	S		11 21 58					
	L		11 22 15					
	F		11 35					
30	P		7 42 35				2,730	
	S		7 46 58					
	L		7 49 50					
	F		8 40					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		
Kansas. Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.								
Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.								
Instrument: Weichert.								
Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ N & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for September, 1919, not received.)								
Maryland. Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.								
Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 14 \\ N & 10 & 14 \end{matrix}$								
Sept. 6	P		9 34 45	5				
	S		9 38 48					
	M		9 39 00			80	60	
	M		9 39 05					
	eL		9 40 40					
	M		9 42 00	13	30			
	M		9 40 05	10		20		
	C		9 49 15	10				
	C		9 50	10				
	C		9 55	10				
	F		10 07	10				
	F		10 14					
15	eP		17 47 31	5				Uncertain on account of micros.
	L		17 49 50					
	L		17 50 50					
	M		17 50 15	11		80		
	M		17 51 10	12	40			
	C		17 52	10				
	F		17 55					
	F		17 59					
27	eP		11 34 03	3				Possibly not seismic.
	eP		11 34 28	3				
	F		11 38			10		
	F		11 39					
30	P		7 53 42	3				
	eL		7 53 46					
	eL		7 54 40					
	eL		7 57 40					
	M		7 54 45	10		30		
	M		7 59 05	9	10			
	F		8 03					
Massachusetts. Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.								
Lat., 42° 22' 35" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ N & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for September, 1919, not received.)								
Missouri. Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.								
Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. static, horizontal pendulum.								
Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$								
(Report for September, 1919, not received.)								

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, September, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 25 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \mu \\ E & 13 & 22 & 41 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 41 \end{matrix}$

(Report for September, 1919, not received.)

New York. *New York. Fordham University.* D. H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \mu \\ E & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ N & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

(Report for September, 1919, not received.)

Panama, Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Governor, Panama Canal.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \mu & 33 & 20 \end{matrix}$

Sept. 27		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.
	P _N	3 35 20				595
	P _E	3 35 24				
	L _N	3 36 37	20			
	L _E	3 36 41	20			
	M _N	3 36 57		500		
	M _E	3 36 58			1,000	
	F _N	3 46 42				
	F _E	3 49 26				

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; 65° 27' W. Elevation, 10.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$

Sept. 5		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
	P	19 03 02					Local.
	eL _N	19 03 15					
	eL _E	19 03 44					
	M	19 04 02	5-10	80	130		
	F	19 11 ..					
6	L	9 30 15					Recorded on magnetogram. Probably local.
	M _N	9 31 18	16		1,890		
	M _E	9 31 23	16	1,590			
	C	9 34 ..	7				
	F	10 05 ..	6				
11	P _N	13 50 10		3			Local.
	P _E	13 50 13					
	L _N	13 50 27					
	L _E	13 50 36					
	M	13 50 52	5	90	80		
	C	13 52 ..	4				
	F _N	13 57 ..	4				
	F _E	14 00 ..	4				
11	P _N	14 13 00					Local.
	P _E	14 12 01					
	eL _N	14 12 06					
	eL _E	14 12 07					
	M	14 12 43	8	120	130		
	C	14 14 ..	5				
	F _N	14 19 ..	4				
	F _E	14 23 ..	4				
13	eP _N	12 32 00					Times uncertain for lack of time marks. Barely a trace on N-S.
	M _N	12 38 40	20	20			
	F _N	12 58 ..					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _E		

Porto Rico. *Vieques Magnetic Observatory—Continued.*

13		eP _N	21 49 51	2				Local.
		F _N	21 49 52					
		S	21 50 00					
		L _N	21 50 22					
		M	21 50 28	7	60	40		
		C	21 51 ..	4				
		F	21 57 ..	4				
25		P	16 21 48					Local.
		M	16 21 48		30	30		
		F	16 25 ..					

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.* Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 16 \end{matrix}$

Sept. 6		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.
	e	9 38 20				
	S	9 39 44				
	eL	9 45 ..				
	F	10 00 ..				
30	e	7 57 ..				
	F	8 05 ..				

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station.* Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \mu & 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

Sept. 1		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
	e _N	19 30 35					
	eL _N	20 00 ..					
	eL _E	20 08 ..					
	eL _N	20 10 ..					
	eL _E	20 25 ..	18				
6	eL _E	9 40 18	11				Early phases lost in microseisms L waves very irregular.
	L	10 00 ..					
	L _E	10 16 ..	13				Very irregular.
	F	10 40 ..					
13	L	12 21 40					Character of L waves not sinusoidal. Very irregular. Do not resemble usual earthquake records.
	L _E	12 29 40	5				
	L _N	12 38 04	9				
	eL _E	12 45 ..					
	L _N	12 50 ..	24				
	L	12 58 ..	18				
	F	13 33 ..					
15	L	17 39 14					Heavy microseisms.
	e _N	17 49 20	6				
	F	18 00 ..					
	F	18 10 ..					
19	e _N	3 29 ..					Small waves resembling large micros.
	e _E	3 40 ..					
	e _N	4 00 ..					
25	L _E	9 28 20					The first impulse may not be due to the earthquake. It appears isolated from the L waves.
	eL _E	10 06 ..					
	eL _N	10 10 ..					
	L	10 16 ..					
	L	10 25 ..	18				
26	eL _N	20 36 ..					Preceded by slight tremblings extending over several hours. No trace of phase. May be micros. L waves are certainly seismic.
	L	20 42 ..	30				
	L	20 47 ..					
	L	20 55 ..	25				
	L	21 00 ..					
	L	21 05 ..	22				

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports; September, 1919—Continued

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.	
					A _B	A _N			
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory—Continued.									
26	L		21 07 .. to 21 16 .. 21 20 ..	17					
	L		21 25 .. to 21 50 ..		17				
27	O?		3 34 32				4,080		
	ePT _M		3 41 56						
	PR		3 43 36						
	eS _M ?		3 47 48						
	eL		3 55 ..	22					
	L _M		4 00 .. to 4 05 .. 4 20 ..	20					
	L		4 25 .. to 4 30 ..	17					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 76° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant: .18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.45".

Sept.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
1	L7		20 10 10			*100		Micros going on.
6	ST		9 36 00					
	L		9 41 06					
	eL		9 43 36					
	M		9 45 00			*1,700		
	F		10 37 54					
13	L		11 37 12					Doubtful as to being seismic.
	eL		11 39 36					
	M		11 40 30					
	F		11 46 30					
13	i		12 19 06					Very difficult to read.
	i		12 20 48					
	ST		12 25 18					
	L		12 34 24					
	L		12 38 30					
	L		12 45 06					
	eL		12 53 54					
	eL		12 55 48			*800		
	M		12 57 24					
13	L		14 21 42					Doubtful, but some strong seismic features.
	eL		14 37 18			*200		
	M		14 37 42					
15	e		17 44 24					Micros going on.
	eL		17 43 48			*300		
	M		17 52 30					
	F		Micros.					
19	L		3 28 42?					
	L		3 31 24?			*50		
22	L		11 40 06			*200		Doubtful as to being seismic.
26	e		9 28 24?					Do.
	L		9 37 06			*100		
	L		9 40 42					
26	L		21 00 12					
	L		21 07 48					
	eL		21 10 00					
	M		21 11 24			*300		
	L		21 25 36					
27	M		4 06 23			*100		
	F		4 14 46					
27	i		3 51 18					
	L		3 52 48					
	eL		3 53 48			*800		
	M		3 57 42					
	F		4 21 42					
30	L		7 53 25			*500		
	F		8 01 18					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.								
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.								

Instrumental constant: .18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.54"

Sept.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _N		
1	L		20 04 46					
	M		20 07 13			*300		
	F		20 13 07					
6	P		9 49 48					
	L		9 58 10					
	M		10 05 04			*500		
	F		10 38 59					
13	P		12 32 30					
	S		12 41 21					
	L		12 53 39					
	M		13 11 22			*500		
	F		13 58 34					
15	P		17 46 20					Off coast of California.
	S		17 47 19					
	L		17 49 08					
	M		17 50 48			*400		
	F		17 59 38					
19	M		3 40 11			*200		
	F		3 49 02					
22	L		11 36 32			*50		Doubtful as to being seismic.
26	L		20 04 50					
	M		20 13 41					
	F		22 07 47			*400		Probably Honolulu.
27	M		4 08 23			*100		
	F		4 14 46					
30	P		7 45 52					
	L		7 47 50					
	M		7 49 17			*300		
	F		7 54 12					

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

Alicante, Spain, September 10, 1919. (2 p. m.)

At 11:40 this morning, and with one second interval, two very intense earthquake shocks, of two seconds duration, were felt here. About fifteen minutes later two similar ones were felt. No damage reported as yet. (Special dispatch.)

Murcia, Spain, September 10, 1919. (6 p. m.)

During the last hours of the morning strong shocks began to be felt. At 1:30 p. m. the oscillations repeated but not as strongly. About 3 p. m. the earthquake was felt again, this time more violently. (Special dispatch.)

Alcony, Spain, September 10, 1919.

At 11:45 an oscillation was felt, which was repeated at 12 o'clock. It was of very short duration. (Special dispatch.)

Cartagena, Spain, September 10, 1919.

During this day several seismic movements were felt. They reached the number of five. The first was of three minutes duration. The last one was more intense than the others. (Special dispatch.)

Rome, Italy, September 12, 1919.

Several villages in the province of Siena were severely shaken last night by an earthquake. Houses collapsed or were badly damaged at Bagni, Asciana, Montorio, Radicofani, Pian Castagnajo, Badia, San Salvatore, and Celle. (Associated Press.)

Copenhagen, September 12, 1919. (Belated.)

A violent earthquake occurred at Edinger, a town in Wurtemberg, Germany, Wednesday night, it was reported here today. (Associated Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

Honolulu, September 27, 1919.

Mauna Loa volcano on Hawaii Island, burst into eruption to-day at nearly the same spot as the eruption in 1916. (Associated Press.)

Fort De France, September 26, 1919.

A strong earthquake shock was felt here at 12:30 this afternoon. No damage reported. (Associated Press.)

TABLE 3.—Late reports. (Instrumental.)

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		

District of Columbia. Washington. Georgetown University.

F. A. Tondorf, S. J.

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed dolomite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulums, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{cases}$

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	A _s	A _N	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Aug. 29	eP		6 08 17					Heavy microseisms.
	eL		6 08 23					
	eS		6 25 00	17				
	eL		6 28 12	17				
	F		8 00 ..					
31	eM		17 39 22					
	eN		17 40 25					
	eS		17 51 03					
	eL		18 05 24	11				
	F		19 10 ..					
29	eP	Vertical.	6 06 28					
	L		6 53 06	13				
	F		8 00 ..					

Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

T₀ "

Instrumental constant..13.1. Sensitiveness 0.40 arc tilt=1 mm.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	A _s	A _N	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
Aug. 3	L		18 48 ..	18	*100			Beginning during daily routine.
	M		18 51 ..					
	C		19 27 ..					
	F		19 27 ..					
18	P		17 03 42					Maximum of all waves at 17h 10m 42s.
	IS		17 09 30	17	*1600			
	eL		17 16 00					
	M		17 32 00					
	C		17 37 ..					
	F		18 10 ..	18				
23	L		16 36 ..					
	M		16 42 ..		*100			
	F		16 45 ..					
24	L		5 23 18					
	M		5 34 00	15	*100			
	F		5 37 ..					
	F		5 37 ..					
27	eP		5 29 42	17				
	S		5 37 30	15				
	L		5 48 00					
	M		5 55 12	18	*1900			
	C		6 01 ..	17				
	F		6 55 ..	19				
28	eL		20 16 ..					
	M		20 27 ..	19	*100			
	F		20 32 ..					
29	eP		6 00 00					F. faint. Record not clear.
	S		6 05 30	17				
	L		6 27 00					
	M		6 31 12	18	*5400			
	C		6 38 ..	16				
	F		8 32 ..	18				
29	eP		14 02 06					
	eS		14 08 00					
	M		14 14 00					
	C		14 19 00	15	*200			
	F		14 21 ..	15				
	F		14 45 ..	19				
31	IP		17 29 24	19				
	eL		17 40 00					
	M		17 43 00	18	*8800			
	C		17 53 ..	18				
	F		20 25 ..	16				
	F		20 25 ..	16				

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 3.—Late reports (Instrumental).—Continued.

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		

New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.

Lat. 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 25 kg., horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)

Instrumental constants. $\begin{cases} V & T_0 & e \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4.1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4.1 \end{cases}$

Date.	Charac-ter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	A _s	A _N	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
June 20	eP		23 20 11					
	eL		23 20 28					
	eS		23 25 14					
	F		24 25 ..					
30	L		8 28 05					
	F		8 36 ..					
Ju	eP		7 11 12					
	eS		7 16 25					
	L		7 20 30					
	F		7 40 ..					
8	L		21 59 30					
	F		22 41 ..					
9	eN		19 27 25					
	eL		19 37 42					
	F		20 02 ..					
11	eN		0 39 10					
	eS		0 42 32					
	eM		0 42 48					
	L		0 45 22					
	F		0 57 ..					
17	P		16 26 20					
	eS		16 31 48					
	eS		16 31 58					
	eL		16 37 04					
	eL		16 58 43					
	F		16 58 ..					
22	P		22 07 58					
	P		22 07 57					
	S		22 12 53					
	S		22 12 53					
	L		22 15 05					
	L		22 15 11					
	F		22 24 ..					
Aug. 18	eP		17 15 36					Microseisms.
	S		17 21 15					
	S		17 21 18					
	L		17 24 11					
	L		17 29 05					
	F		17 43 ..					
24	L		6 02 ..					
	F		6 04 ..					
29	eP		6 03 04					Microseisms.
	eN		6 27 15					
	eS		6 32 58					
	eS		6 37 50					
	L		6 51 07					
	F		6 54 53					
30	eN		13 13 53					May not be seismic.
	L		13 22 56					
	F		13 33 ..					
31	eP		17 41 12					
	eM		17 47 53					
	eS		17 50 47					
	eM		17 57 10					
	eL		17 58 18					
	eL		18 07 15					
	eL		18 12 10					
	F		19 02 ..					

TABLE III.—Late reports (instrumental)—Continued.

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.

Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0}$ 120 26

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Aug. 29	L.	L.	H. M. S.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Record of a distant earthquake. The first phases are lost in small micros.
			6 06 47					
			6 12 33					
			6 15 52					
			6 23 50					
			6 46 ..	23				
			6 52 ..	30				
			7 05 ..	20				
			7 15 ..	18				
			7 25 ..	17				
			7 40 ..	18				
			7 45 ..	24				
31	e?	L.	17 28 47				8,540	N.-S. and E.-W. records very dissimilar. Very difficult to read.
			17 39 20					
			17 40 35					
			17 47 08					
			17 50 23					
			17 48 33					
			17 51 10					
			18 07 ..					
			18 10 30	40				
			18 30 ..	18				
			18 40 ..	16				
			18 48 ..	16				
19 30 ..	16							
20 00 ..								

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat. 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{T}$.18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Aug. 13	L.	L.						Minutemicroseisms from 0h to 7h. Impossible to detect movement recorded at other station from 0h 41m.
18	L.	L.	5 31 24?					Doubtful as to being seismic.
			5 31 45				*200	
			5 35 00					
18	L.	L.	17 25 24					Early phases lost attending instrument.
			17 31 30					
			17 33 42?				*200	
			17 53 54					
24	L.	L.	5 15 12					Last phase gradual thickening.
			5 18 48				*100	
24	L.	L.	5 29 18					
			5 29 33				*200	
			5 35 43					
			6 00 33?					
24	L.	L.	12 45 54					
			12 58 54				*50	

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service—Continued.

Aug. 27	L.	L.	5 45 48					
			5 59 48					
			6 19 12					
			6 23 18					
			6 34 30				*300	
29	e?	L.	5 58 42					Possibly 2 earthquakes, overlapping. Small micros make interpretation difficult.
			6 06 48					
			6 16 18					
			6 34 54					
			6 50 48					
29	L.	L.	6 54 36					Micros while quake was recorded at other station.
			6 55 24					
			6 57 00					
			7 09 30				*2,300	
			14 34 33					
29	L.	L.	14 36 12					Micros going on.
							*100	
31	L.	L.	0 39 24					Do.
							*100	
31	L.	L.	17 51 36					Do.
			18 20 24					
			18 21 30					
			18 25 42					
			18 29 12				*2,400	

* Trace amplitude.

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.

Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North. In the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $\frac{T_0}{T}$.18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".

Date.	Charac- tor.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		
Aug. 13	L.	L.	0 41 00					Minute thickening.
			0 45 12				*50	
18	M.	F.	17 17 08					
			18 07 46				*300	
24	M.	F.	5 16 30					
			5 47 30				*300	
24	M.	F.	12 43 40					
			12 49 00				*100	
27	P.	S.	5 42 19					
			5 46 45					
			?					
			6 08 24				*300	
			6 53 05					
29	P.	S.	6 02 03					Phases well defined.
			6 08 27					
			6 12 00					
			6 12 23				*700	
			6 18 54					
29	L.	L.	6 34 35					Do.
			6 42 22				*1,500	
			8 30 34					
29	P.	M.	14 34 33					
			14 40 27				*50	
			14 46 21					
31	P.	L.	0 29 12					
			0 34 33					
			0 37 32				*50	
			0 45 25					

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Dec. 3, 1919.]

TABLE I.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, October, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1919.	H. m.						Sec.			
Oct. 1	18 42	Calixto.....	32 41	115 30	4	1	5	None.....	Felt by many.....	H. M. Rouse.
	21 46	.....do.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	2	Faint rumbling.....	Rapid vertical motion. Felt by many.....	Do.
	23 50	.....do.....	32 41	115 30	5	1	1	.....do.....	Felt by many.....	Do.
2	7 31	.....do.....	32 41	115 30	5	1	70	.....do.....	.....do.....	Do.
4	8 15	.....do.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	8	Loud rumbling.....	.....do.....	Do.
	15 57	.....do.....	32 41	115 30	3	1	4	Faint rumbling.....	Felt by several.....	Do.
5	2 36	Eureka.....	40 45	124 15	3	1	2	None.....	.....do.....	L. B. Cooper.
13	20 35	Salinas.....	36 36	121 40	3	1	.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	E. D. Eddy.
25	22 40	.....do.....	36 36	121 40	3	1	.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	Do.
31	0 36	Lucerne Valley.....	34 27	116 57	3	1	.....	.....do.....	.....do.....	J. M. Henry.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, October, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
<p>Alabama. <i>Mobile. Spring Hill College. Earthquake Station.</i> Cyril Ruhlmann, S. J. Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 46" W. Elevation, 60 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum. (No earthquake recorded during October, 1919.)</p>								
<p>Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.</i> F. P. Ulrich. Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 133° 30' 03" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$ (No earthquake recorded during October, 1919.)</p>								
<p>Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.</i> Wm. H. Cullum. Lat., 32° 14' 49" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters. Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 15 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{matrix}$</p>								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 1	II	L _w	19 36 30	12	.....	.....	.....	P. not discernible. Distinct wavelets at intervals during day.
		L _s	19 36 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
		M _w	19 37 ..	6	2,000	2,800	.....
		F _w	19 38 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		F _s	19 38 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	Ie	L _w	1 15 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Regular sinusoidal. P. and M. not discernible. Wavelets very clear at intervals during day.
		L _s	1 15 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		F _w	1 35 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		F _s	1 35 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
12-13								Distinct activity at intervals during day.
15-16								Wavelets visible at intervals during day.
20-21								Thickening of penmarks at intervals during day. Doubtful as to being seismic.
<p>Colorado. <i>Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station.</i> A. W. Forstall, S. J. Lat., 39° 40' 39" N.; long., 104° 36' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters. Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.</p>								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 1	II	L _w	19 36 30	12	.....	.....	.....	P. not discernible. Distinct wavelets at intervals during day.
		L _s	19 36 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
		M _w	19 37 ..	6	2,000	2,800	.....
		F _w	19 38 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		F _s	19 38 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	Ie	L _w	1 15 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Regular sinusoidal. P. and M. not discernible. Wavelets very clear at intervals during day.
		L _s	1 15 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		F _w	1 35 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
		F _s	1 35 ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
12-13								Distinct activity at intervals during day.
15-16								Wavelets visible at intervals during day.
20-21								Thickening of penmarks at intervals during day. Doubtful as to being seismic.

*Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismicological reports, October, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
District of Columbia. <i>Washington.</i> U. S. Weather Bureau.								
Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.								
Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = 110 \frac{6.4}{}$								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ .	μ .	<i>Km.</i>	
Oct. 1		e.	19 45 12					Heavy micros.
		L.	19 49 12					
		F.	20 ca					Lost in micros.
3		e.	10 30 00					Heavy micros.
		L.	10 32 30	20				
		F.	10 50 ca					
10								Earthquake between 1 h. and 2 h. ca.; small disturbances lasting nearly an hour. Clock not working.
12		IP.						Earthquake shortly after 22 h. L waves about one hour later. Whole disturbance lasting about 1 h. 20 m. Clock not working.
14								Earthquake between 17 h. and 18 h., lasting a half hour ca. Clock not working.
27		P.	8 52 37 ¹					Time uncertain.
		S.	4 00 07					
		eL.	4 10 ca					
		F.	4 20 ca					
28		P.	7 29 15 ¹					Time uncertain.
		S.	7 38 45 ¹					
		F.	7 50 ca					

District of Columbia. *Washington.* Georgetown University.
 F. A. Tondorf, S. J.
 Lat., 38° 54' 23" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.
 Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulum, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \begin{matrix} E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 90 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ .	μ .	<i>Km.</i>	
Oct. 1 ¹		e _m .	19 48 23					Very heavy micros.
		e _n .	19 48 00					
		F.	20 10 ..					
3		e _m .	10 07 33					Heavy micros.
		eL _m .	10 30 24	11				
		L _m .	19 34 10	21				
		F.	11 ca					
10		eP _m .	1 14 18					Heavy micros.
		eP _n .	1 14 18					
		L _m .	1 28 28	14				
		L _n .	1 28 28	14				
		F.	2 15 ..					
VERTICAL.								
10		eP _v .	1 14 23					
		L _v .	1 30 32	14				
		F.	2 10 ..					
12		eP _v .	22 08 14					Very heavy micros.
		IP _v .	22 08 14					
		S _v ?	22 11 34					F impossible.

¹ Because of repairs going on in cave, seismograms for the month are difficult to evaluate.

Hawaii. *Honolulu.* Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.
 Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
 Instrument: Mine seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

T_0
 Instrumental constant 18.4. Sensitivity, 0.40".
 (Report for October, 1919, not received.)

Illinois. *Chicago.* University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.
 Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation 183.1 meters.
 Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{T_0} = \begin{matrix} E & 150 & 12 & 20:1 & 1'' & \text{arc tilt} & = & 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ N & 160 & 8 & 20:1 & 1'' & \text{arc tilt} & = & 13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{matrix}$

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	μ .	μ .	<i>Km.</i>	
Oct. 1		e.	19 44 7					Heavy micros.
		M.	19 45 00					
		F.	19 45 ca					Lost in micros.
3		P.	10 02 8					
		PR ₁ .	10 04 38					
		S.	10 10 6					
		L.	10 25 00					
		L.	10 30 00	15				Heavy micros.
		F.	12 20 ca					
5		e.	2 54 00					
		L.	2 53 30	15				Micros.
		F.	3 07 ca					
8		P†	5 09 48					
		L.	5 37 00	30				
		L.	5 42 00	22				
		L.	5 53 00	18				Micros.
		F.	7 10 ca					
8		PT.	22 49 55					
		ST.	22 53 25					
		L.	22 56 10	22				Heavy micros.
		F.	23 15 ca					
10		P.	1 12 40				3,070	
		S.	1 17 38					
		L.	1 23 45	15				Heavy micros.
		F.	3 30 ca					
12		IP.	22 11 5					
		ST.	22 20 25					
		L.	22 54 00	40				
		L.	23 00 00	25				
		L.	23 15 00	22				
		L.	23 36 00	18				
		L.	23 52 00	15				
		F.	0 30 ca					
13								
14		P.	12 03 23					
		L.	12 10 00	18				
		L.	12 20 00	15				
		F.	12 50 ca					
14		P.	17 02 8					
		ST.	17 05 12					
		L.	17 07 00					
		F.	18 ca					
21		eL.	22 21 00					
		L.	22 27 00	18				
		F.	23 ca					
27		P.	3 50 37				5,200	
		S.	3 58 22					
		L.	4 07 02					
		F.	5 ca					
28			7 35 to 8 10					Disturbances mixed with extremely heavy micros.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, October, 1919.—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas.* Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.

Lat., 38° 57' 39" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.

Instrument: Weichert.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 177 \\ 205 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 3.4 & 4:1 \\ 3.4 & 4:1 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(Report for October, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.

Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 10 & 14 \\ 10 & 14 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. M. S.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	Phases indefinite.
Oct. 10	eP ₁	1 16 00					P very faint.
	eP ₂	1 19 45					
	L ₁	1 23 50					
	L ₂	1 28 10					
	M ₁	1 33 50	8	20			
	M ₂	1 29 10	14		20		
	C ₁	1 35	8				
	C ₂	1 32	10				
	F ₁	2 04	8				
	F ₂	2 13	9				
14	P ₁	17 01 58					
	P ₂	17 02 01					
	L ₁	17 07 03					
	L ₂	17 07 10					
	M ₁	17 17 25	8	10			
	M ₂	17 09 10	12		10		
	F ₁	17 22	8				
	F ₂	17 22	8				

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station.* J. B. Woodworth.

Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 5.4 meters. Foundation: Glacis sand over clay.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 80 & 23 & 0 \\ 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(Report for October, 1919, not received.)

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University.* Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.

Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.

Instrument: Weichert 80 kg. static, horizontal pendulum.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(Report for October, 1919, not received.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _E	A _N		

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University.* Heinrich Ries.

Lat., 42° 28' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 25 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration.)

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(Report for October, 1919, not received.)

New York. *New York. Fordham University.* D. H. Sullivan, S. J.

Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.

Instrument: Weichert, 80 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(Report for October, 1919, not received.)

Panama, Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights.* Governor, Panama Canal.

Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 100 kg.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} .35 & 20 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. M. S.	Sec.	μ	μ	183	Probably S. W.
Oct. 9	P ₁	9 00 34					
	P ₂	9 00 28					
	L ₁	9 00 54					
	L ₂	9 00 48					
	M ₁	9 00 59		*3,500			
	M ₂	9 00 54			*3,000		
27	F ₁	9 03 44					Record not clearly defined on the E. W. component.
	F ₂	9 03 32					
27	P ₁	3 45 48				2,776 cm	
	S ₁	3 50 25					
	L ₁	3 54 48					
	M ₁	3 50 40			600		
	F ₁	4 17 00					

*Trace amplitude.

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory.* U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.

Lat., 18° 09' N.; long. 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 10 & 17 \\ 10 & 19 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(Report for October, 1919, not received.)

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau.* Wm. A. Shaw.

Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.

Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \begin{matrix} E \\ N \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 10 & 15 \\ 10 & 16 \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during October, 1919.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, October, 1919—Continued

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.								
Instrumental constants. $T_0 = 120$ 28								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 1			19 49 11					Irregular waves mixed with heavy micros.
			19 54					
3			10 06 30					Heavy micros.
			10 12 40					
			10 30 23	11				
			10 31	24				
			10 35	21				
			10 40	15				
			10 49	13				
			11 00	18				
			11 11	12				
			11 15					
8			5 40					Very faint traces of sinusoidal L waves. Heavy micros.
			5 55					
10			1 10 07				2,560	Heavy micros.
			1 15 20					
			1 19 30					
			1 24 48					
			1 29	12				
			1 30					
			2 15					
			2 20					
12			22 10 55					Heavy micros obscure all earlier phases.
			22 11 46					
			22 55	35				
			23 05	20				
			23 40					
14			17 13					Irregular small waves.
			17 25					
21			22 25					Very faint sinusoidal L waves. Barely discernible.
			22 50					
27			3 40 47				6,560	Heavy micros prevent very accurate readings of initial impulses.
			3 50 50					
			3 58 50					
			4 08					
			4 10					
			4 25					
28			7 36 24					Very faint record. Barely discernible.
			7 40 17					
			7 50					

Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.

Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $T_0 = 18$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45".

1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 1								Micros on sheet when other station records quake.
3			10 02 00					Times doubtful, watch under repairs.
			10 06 24					
			10 12 36					
			10 19 36					
			10 23 06					
			10 32 12					
			10 33 36					
			10 39 42		*1,300			

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service—Continued.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 3			11 51 48					Marked thickening.
			11 59 18					
			12 05 54		*300			
8			5 30 42					Times very doubtful, no cut-off.
			5 43 48					
			5 52 00					
			5 58 36		*300			
			6 27 36					
			6 55 06					
			6 58 00					
10			1 25 54					Times very doubtful.
			1 27 54					
			1 28 00		*1,300			
			2 12 00					
12			23 10 18					Times doubtful,
			23 14 36		*200?			
21			22 25 48					Isolated micros. render initial phases doubtful.
			22 32 54					
			22 35 30		*100			
27			3 47 30					Isolated micros. render initial phases doubtful.
			3 51 06					
			3 59 18					
			4 10 30					
			4 12 30		*300		67080	
			4 36 30					
28			7 41 42					Isolated micros. render initial phases doubtful.
			7 48 18					
			7 49 12		*200			
			7 54 42					

* Trace amplitude.

Canada. Victoria B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.

Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. $T_0 = 18$. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".

1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 1			19 40 25					Micros on sheet when other station records quake.
			19 42 33					
			19 47 28		*200			
3			10 00 29					Times doubtful, watch under repairs.
			10 13 51					
			10 18 41					
			10 27 32		*400			
			11 11 18					
8			5 04 53					Times doubtful, watch under repairs.
			5 23 34					
			5 55 22		*300			
			7 14 43					
10			1 08 01					Times doubtful, watch under repairs.
			1 09 00					
			1 09 30		*1,000		450	
			2 54 14					
12			23 09 48					Times doubtful, watch under repairs.
			23 11 16		*200			
13			23 51 06					Times doubtful, watch under repairs.
			00 14 43		*200			
14			12 04 32					May not be seismic.
			22 09 15		*50			
			22 15 09		*400			
21			22 32 51					Small but marked.
			4 22 17					
			4 23 35		*100			
			4 28 17					

* Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Jan. 3, 1920.]

TABLE I.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, November, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forel.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.	
Nov. 3	H. m. 20 40	ARKANSAS.									
		Pocahontas.....	36 15	90 55	5	1	.....	Loud rumbling....	Felt by many.....	Benedictine Sisters.
25	H. m. 0 15 0 15 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 03 11 15	CALIFORNIA.									
		Redlands.....	34 04	117 12	4	1	.....	None.....	Felt by several.....	P. W. Moore.
		Riverside.....	33 58	117 21	4	1	.....	None.....	.....do.....	J. H. D. Cox.
		Centerville.....	37 30	122 00	5	2	.....	Loud rumbling....	Felt by many.....	M. L. Mowry.
		Livermore.....	37 40	121 45	4	1	.....	None.....	Felt by several.....	F. J. Still.
		Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 58	4	1	.....	None.....	Felt by many.....	F. H. McCullagh.
		Petaluma.....	38 15	122 38	5	1	.....	None.....	.....do.....	Santa Rosa Press Dem'd.
		San Francisco.....	37 45	122 30	4	1	.....	5 None.....	Many people awakened.	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		San Jose.....	37 15	121 53	3	1	.....	10 None.....	Felt by many.....	Maurice Connell.
		San Jose.....	37 15	121 53	3	1	.....	None.....	.....do.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
		Spresles.....	36 55	121 38	3	2	.....	None.....	.....do.....	M. A. Klein.
		Stanford University.....	37 27	122 09	3	1	Few 27	None.....do.....	S. D. Townley.
		Salinas.....	36 36	121 40	4	1	.....	20 None.....	.....do.....	E. D. Eddy.

CORRIGENDUM.

Review, September, 1919:

Page 688. The first quake on the 27th of September in the Toronto report should be deleted; it belongs to the Victoria report.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, November, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

(For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

Alabama. *Mobila. Spring Hill College. Seismic Observatory. Cyril Ruhlman, S. J.*

Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 48" W. Elevation, 60 meters.
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(No earthquake recorded during November, 1919.)

Alaska. *Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. F. P. Ulrich.*

Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 03" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_1 & \mu \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 15 \end{matrix}$

(No earthquake recorded during November, 1919.)

Arizona. *Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Wm. H. Cullum.*

Lat., 32° 14' 43" N.; long., 110° 50' 06" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_1 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 18 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov 14.	P ₁	8 48 36	3	20			N not in operation.
	M ₁	8 49 20					
	F ₁	6 53 —					

California. *Berkeley. University of California.*

Lat., 37° 53' 16" N.; long., 122° 15' 37" W. Elevation, 35.4 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.*

Lat., 37° 20' 24" N.; long., 121° 38' 34" W. Elevation, 1,261.7 meters.

(See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)

California. *Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.*

Lat., 32° 43' 03" N.; long., 117° 15' 10" W. Elevation, 91.4 meters.

Instrument: Two-component, C. D. West seismoscope.

(Report for November, 1919, not received.)

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*

Lat., 37° 28' 36" N.; long., 121° 57' 03" W. Elevation, 27.43 meters.

(See Record of the Seismographic Station. University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 58' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.

Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

(No earthquake recorded during November, 1919.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _N	A _W		

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University. F. A. Tondorf, S. J.*

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulum, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_1 & \mu \\ E & 165 & 5.4 & 0 \\ N & 143 & 5.2 & 0 \\ Z & 80 & 3.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov. 6	P ₁	7 19 29					Very heavy micros.
	P ₂	7 19 34					
	S ₁	7 25 36					
	S ₂	7 25 25					
	F.....	7 50 —					
18	e.....	4 21 44					
	F.....	5 00 —					
18	L ₁	22 37 38	22				Very heavy micros.
	L ₂	22 33 26	24				
	F.....	23 ca.					
18	eL ₁	22 40 36					Micros.
	L ₁	22 44 04	18				
	F.....	23 ca.					
20	e ₁	14 41 00					Very heavy micros.
	S ₁	14 41 31					
	eL ₁	15 14 36					
	L ₁	15 17 00	20				
	F.....	15 30 —					
20	e ₂	14 41 18					Very heavy micros.
	L ₁	15 14 49	18				
	F.....	15 50 ..					
28	e ₁	14 20 00					Very heavy micros; difficult.
	S ₁	14 23 00					
	L.....	14 27 50	15				
	F.....	14 38 ..					

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} V & T_1 \\ L & 110 & 6.4 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov. 6	e.....	7 24 00					Heavy micros; phases indeter-minable.
	F.....	7 40 ca.					
18	e.....	4 21 00					Phases indetermi-nable.
	F.....	4 35 00					
18	S ₁	22 16 16					
	L.....	22 28 45	28				
	L.....	22 33 30	20				
	L.....	22 49 ..	16				
	F.....	23 ca.					
20	eL.....	14 40 ..					
	L.....	15 15 ..	20				
	L.....	15 15 ..	16				
	F.....	15 45 ..					
28	e.....	14 22 00					
	L.....	14 27 50	16				
	F.....	14 35 ca.					

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.*

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant: $\begin{matrix} T_1 \\ 18.4. \end{matrix}$ Sensitivity, 0.40'.

(Report for November, 1919, not received.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, November, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n		
Illinois. <i>Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.</i> Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 150.1 meters. Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg. Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 150 & 12 & 20:1 & 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 26.6 \text{ mm.} \\ \sqrt{N} & 150 & 8 & 20:1 & 1'' \text{ arc tilt} = 13.2 \text{ mm.} \end{matrix}$								
1919.								
Nov. 8	Pt.		7 21 25					
	S.		7 28 04					
	L.		7 34 ..	20				
	F.		8 10 ca.					
14	P.		6 49 41					
	Sf.		6 56 38					Lost in micros.
	F.		7 20 ca.					
18	P.		4 21 07					
	L.		4 40 ..	18				
	L.		4 58 ..	15				
	L.		5 14 ..	15				Lost in micros.
	F.		5 40 ca.					
18	Sf.		22 16 06					
	L.		22 34 ..	22				
	L.		22 40 ..	18				
	L.		22 45 ..	15				Lost in micros.
	F.		23 50 ca.					
20	P.		14 30 30					
	S.		14 40 05					
	L.		14 45 50					
	L.		15 07 ..	25				
	L.		15 11 ..	18				
	L.		15 20 ..	16				Lost in heavy micros.
	F.		17 ca.					
23	L.		6 56 ..	22				Heavy micros; P. and S. not discernible.
	L.		7 ..	20				
	L.		8 05 ..	15				
	F.		8 30 ..					
28	P.		14 21 00					Micros.
	S.		14 27 08					
	L.		14 29 45	17				
	F.		16 ca.					

Kansas. *Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. E. Kester.*
 Lat., 38° 57' 30" N.; long., 95° 14' 58" W. Elevation, 301.1 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 177 & 3.4 & 4:1 \\ \sqrt{N} & 205 & 3.4 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

Maryland. *Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.*
 Lat., 38° 44' 00" N.; long., 76° 50' 30" W. Elevation, 71.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 10 and 12 kg.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 10 & 14 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 14 \end{matrix}$
 (No earthquake recorded during November, 1919.)

Massachusetts. *Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.*
 Lat., 42° 22' 36" N.; long., 71° 06' 59" W. Elevation, 6.4 meters. Foundation: Glacial sand over clay.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl 100 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration)
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 80 & 23 & 0 \\ \sqrt{N} & 50 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

Missouri. *Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observatory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.*
 Lat., 38° 38' 15" N.; long., 90° 13' 58" W. Elevation, 160.4 meters. Foundation: 12 feet of tough clay over limestone of Mississippi system, about 300 feet thick.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. static, horizontal pendulum.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

New York. *Buffalo. Canisius College. John A. Curtin, S. J.*
 Lat., 42° 53' 02" N.; long., 78° 52' 40" W. Elevation, 190.5 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg. horizontal.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 80 & 7 & 5:1 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.*
 Lat., 42° 29' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl 25 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration.)
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 13 & 22 & 4:1 \\ \sqrt{N} & 14 & 25 & 4:1 \end{matrix}$

1919.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.	Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _n	
Nov. 18	Ca.		22 13 50		10		
	L.		22 23 50		25		
	F.		23 10 ..				
20	L.		15 15 50	20			Earlier phases lost in micros.
	F.		15 33 ..				

New York. *New York. Fordham University. D. H. Sullivan, S. J.*
 Lat., 40° 51' 47" N.; long., 73° 53' 08" W. Elevation, 23.9 meters.
 Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \sqrt{E} & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \\ \sqrt{N} & 72 & 5.0 & 0 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

Panama, Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights. Governor, Panama Canal.*
 Lat., 8° 57' 39" N.; long., 79° 33' 29" W. Elevation, 27.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl, 100 kg. and 25 kg.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 35 & 20 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 20 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.*
 Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.3 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl.
 Instrumental constants... $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \sqrt{E} & 10 & 17 \\ \sqrt{N} & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$
 (Report for November, 1919, not received.)

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, November, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Vermont. Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.								
Lat., 44° 10' N.; long., 72° 41' W. Elevation, 256 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, mechanical registration.								
Instrumental constants. { E V T ₀ N 10 15 10 16								
(No earthquake recorded during November, 1919.)								

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.								
Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulums, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.								
Instrumental constants. { V T ₀ 120 26								

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov. 6	L _m	7 27					N.-S. masked by micros.
	L _m	7 29	15				
	L _m	7 33	15				
	F	7 40	15				
18	L	4 21 27					L wavessinusoidal, but so small in amplitude as to be barely visible.
	L _m	4 33 to					
	F	5 15					
18	IS?	22 15 23					Micros interfere with any preceding phases. Sinusoidal L-waves which are remarkable for the similarity on both components.
	eL	22 26 24	40				
	L	22 30	25				
	L _m	22 39	16				
	L _m	22 58	9				
	F	23 10					
20	eL _m	14 41 09					
	eL7	15 05					
	L	15 14					
	L _m	15 18 to					
	F	15 30	18				
23	L _m	6 58 to					
	L _m	7 11	24				
	L _m	7 13 to					
	F	7 28					
28	IS _m ?	14 19 18					This quake, though smaller, bears a striking resemblance to the second quake on Nov. 18, above.
	IS _m	14 19 24	15				
	L _m	14 28 to					
	F	14 35	13				

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.								
Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.								
Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.								
Instrumental constant...18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.45'.								

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov. 1	eL	5 58 06					Gradual thickening.
	M	5 59 42		*200			
	F	6 07 18					
6	L	7 27 48					
	eL	7 39 06		*100			
	F	7 45 06					
18	L	4 31 18					
	L _m	4 45 00		*50			
	L	4 46 18					

*Trace amplitude.

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		
Canada. Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service—Continued.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov. 18	e		22 06 18					P. waves not defined.
	e		22 12 30					
	S		22 14 48					
	L		22 24 30					
	L		22 35 00					
	L		22 39 38					
	eL		22 40 48					
	M		22 41 38		*1,300			
	F		23 42 54					
20	e		14 37 12					Small micros interfered with initial phases.
	L		14 41 18		*100			
	L		14 58 12					
	L		15 15 00					
	eL		15 19 00					
	M		15 24 12		*800			
	F		16 03 00					
20	L		16 28 54		*50			
	F		17 09 48					
23	e		7 03 30					Gradual thickening.
	M		7 11 42		*200			
	F		7 31 54					
28	e		14 12 30					Asia Minor. Micros interfered with definition of waves.
	L		14 22 30					
	L		14 25 42					
	F		14 29 42		*100			

*Trace amplitude.

Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.

Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical; Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.
Instrumental constant...18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54'.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Nov. 6	P?	7 47 51					
	M	7 51 47		*300			
	F	8 03 36					
14	P	6 57 06					
	L	6 58 35					
	M	7 02 32		*300		6,567	
	F	7 16 18					
18	P	4 23 04					
	S	4 31 28					
	L	4 45 41					
	M	4 54 47		*500		6,860	
	F	5 17 10					
18	P?	22 29 32					
	S?	22 34 27					
	L	22 40 51					
	M	22 48 13		*500		5,170?	
	F	23 25 06					
20	P	14 24 15					
	S	14 27 52					
	L?	14 34 05					
	M	14 37 32		*400		2,160	
	eL	14 56 52					
	F	15 25 14					
20	M	16 43 56			*200		
	F	17 00 40					
23	P	6 23 31					
	S	6 30 24					
	L	6 38 18					
	F	7 09 45		*400		5,200?	
28	P?	14 04 28					Asia Minor?
	M	14 35 27		*200			

*Trace amplitude.

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.

Guatemala City, Guatemala, October 14, 1919.

A severe earthquake was felt this day at Amatitlan, a town situated about 25 kilometers from this place. At Puerto Barrios its intensity was such as to cause general alarm. (Georgetown Cooperative Station.)

Florence, Italy, October 26, 1919.

Homes and schools were abandoned in a panic here when an earthquake rocked the city yesterday afternoon. The quake was a strong undulating movement of the ground, especially heavy in Avezzo and Valdarno, where heavy damage was reported. The tremor was also felt at San Repolero and throughout the valley of Arno and Chiana. (Associated Press.)

Quebec, Canada, October 27, 1919.

An earthquake shock was recorded on the north shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence early Sunday morning. It started at 5.28 and the tremor was felt for two minutes. No damage reported. (Associated Press.)

Fort de France, Martinique, November 7, 1919.

Quite a strong earthquake shock was felt here at 3.15 this morning. No serious damage resulted. (Associated Press.)

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

Salta, Argentina, November 10, 1919.

A strong earthquake shock, lasting several seconds, was felt here shortly after last midnight. The tremors were repeated at 5 o'clock this morning with less intensity. No damage has been reported.

San Francisco, November 25, 1919.

Portions of San Francisco were shaken for half a minute early this morning by an earthquake. No damage was reported, though sleepers were jarred from their beds. The quake occurred at 3.04 o'clock. (United Press.)

Detroit, Mich., November 27, 1919.

That a meteor of tremendous size plunged into Lake Michigan last night, causing earth tremors felt in a dozen southern Michigan cities and sending a pillar of flame hundreds of feet into the air which was visible for a radius of more than 50 miles, was the theory generally accepted early to-day in explanation of the earth shock which at first was believed to have been caused by a terrific explosion at some industrial plant. (Associated Press.)

Paris, November 29, 1919.

A slight earthquake shock, lasting seven seconds, was felt at 20 minutes to 10 o'clock last night at Cannes, in the Riviera, it was announced in messages received here this morning. A heavier shock was experienced a half hour after midnight at Foix, 45 miles south of Toulouse, at the foot of the Pyrenees. Only slight damage was done at either place. (Associated Press.)

TABLE 3.—LATE REPORTS. (INSTRUMENTAL.)

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _M		
New York. Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.								
Lat., 42° 26' 58" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 26 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).								
Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} Y & T_0 & \epsilon \\ E & 13 & 22 & 4.1 \\ N & 14 & 25 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Sept. 6	P _M		9 35 44	4				Clock out of order. Clock error uncertain throughout month.
	S _M		9 40 03	7				
	S _M		9 40 07	6				
	L _M		9 41 13	11				
	F _M		10 27 ..					
13	ew		12 30 15	4				Phases lost in micros.
	ew		12 38 17	5				
	ew		12 38 18	5				
	F _M		13 09 ..	20				
15	L		17 49 15	5				Phases lost in micros.
	F		18 05 ..					
27	ew		11 33 10	3				ew may be micros. Phases overlapping. Origin not far away.
	ew		11 33 39	3				
	F _M		11 39 ..					
30	ew		7 55 15	4				
	ew		7 55 52	11				
	F		8 12 ..					
Oct. 3	L _M		10 37 ..	18				
	F _M		10 58 ..					
10	L		1 27 06	18				
	F		2 01 ..					
12	ew		22 11 12	4				
	eL _M		23 13 15	24				
	F		23 27 ..					
27	P _M		3 50 30	4				
	ew		3 52 59	5				
	eB		3 58 24	5				
	L _M		4 08 18	16				
	F _M		4 17 ..					
Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.								
Lat., 19° 09' N.; 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.								
Instrumental constants: $\begin{matrix} Y & T_0 \\ E & 10 & 17 \\ N & 10 & 19 \end{matrix}$								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 14	L _M		17 03 17					Nothing on N. Times obtained by interpolation over an interval of 12 hours.
	M _M		17 05 35	17	10			
	F _M		17 15 ..					

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _M		
Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.								
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instrument: Mine seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.								
Instrumental constant: $T_0 = 18.4$. Sensitiveness 0.40 arc ttt-1 mm.								
1919.			H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Oct. 3	IP		9 31 19	17	*3,300			The actual maximum, 3,300, occurs at 9.56, and probably obscures the beginning of L.
	IP		9 34 30					
	eL		10 00 12		*1,100			
	M		10 06 30					
	F		11 36 ..					
6	L		2 04 36					
	M		2 08 12		*100			
	F		2 19 ..					
8	eP		4 50 18	18				
	S		4 53 30	17				
	eL		5 05 24					
	M		5 22 00	17	*500			
	F		5 29 ..	17				
10	L		1 18 19					
	M		1 27 00	16	*2,000			
	C		1 30 00	17				
	F		2 40 ..	16				
21	P		21 39 18	21				
	L		21 49 24	22				
	M		21 59 30	16	*400			
	C		22 05 30	16				
	F		22 50 ..	19				
23	P		0 43 24					
	M		0 44 24		*400			
	C		0 46 ..					
	F		0 49 ..					
23	eP		16 23 30					Hourly time breaks missing. Times obtained by interpolation over a period of 17 hours.
	eL		16 41 ..					
	M		16 49 00	15	*100			
	O		16 54 30					
	F		20 34 ..					
26	L		19 29 ..					
	M		19 36 30	18	*100			
	C		19 42 ..					
	F		21 19 ..					
27	P		4 04 54					
	M		4 07 12	20	*100			
	C		4 10 30					
	F		4 38 ..					
31	eP		19 35 18					
	L		19 43 00					
	M		19 45 15	15	*100			
	C		20 02 ..	17				
	F		20 10 ..	19				

* Trace amplitude.

THE VIRGINIA EARTHQUAKE OF SEPTEMBER 5, 1919.

By EDGAR W. WOOLARD, Assist. Observer.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Dec., 1919.]

Distinct earthquake shocks were felt over the Blue Ridge region of Warren and Rappahannock counties, Virginia, about 10 p. m. local standard "summer" time, September 5, 1919, or 2 h. Greenwich civil time, September 6. The shocks were apparently of greatest intensity in Harmony Hollow, a valley to the east of Dickeys Hill, between the latter and the crest of the main Blue Ridge and a few miles south of Front Royal, or near Arco. This same area was the one of highest intensity in the earthquake of April 9, 1918. A report, by Dr. T. L. Watson, of the Virginia Geological Survey, on the geology of this region as related to the two disturbances will appear in the *Bulletin* of the Seismological Society of America.

The quake appears to have been entirely local. It was distinctly registered at Washington, D. C., on the seismographs of the U. S. Weather Bureau and Georgetown University, as a very small brief disturbance; it was not noticeable to the senses, however, more than 40 miles from Front Royal. Inquiries directed to Winchester, Strasburg, Woodstock, Mount Weather, Rector-town, and Waterlick failed to locate anyone who had felt the shocks.

There was a gradual onset of trembling shocks, intensity 4 (adapted Rossi-Forel), one mile north of Front Royal, there being two shocks, each lasting about three minutes, accompanied by a rumbling sound; many people

felt these. The disturbance was felt, intensity 4, at Riverton, and by many people at Limeton; also, one-half mile southeast of Reager. Trembling shocks, intensity 3, lasting three minutes, were felt by many people in and near Cedarville, but no damage was done. At Arco, rocking shocks, intensity 8, with loud rumbling sound were reported by J. A. Silman, who states that "this earthquake caused a good bit of excitement; some never-failing springs are dry since, and the rocks fell from chimneys, this occurring about one-half mile north of Arco; springs around in the neighborhood of 2 miles were muddy next day; there have been slight quakes since, but I haven't the exact date." Chas. McClure was writing in his office in Front Royal "when there was a sudden heavy jar, and a sound as if something had fallen in some part of the building." Near Arco he found that "considerable excitement ensued from repeated severe shocks accompanied on the first shock by an explosive sound as if of a heavy blast, and on the second shock about an hour later, a still heavier explosion of the same character. Several subsequent shocks are reported." Plaster fell from walls, and glassware from shelves. Children were panic-stricken, and one was thrown into convulsions. A widespread phenomenon was that of many clear streams suddenly becoming, and remaining, turbid, although there had been no rain.

SEISMOLOGY.

W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge.

[Dated: Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., Feb. 3, 1920.]

TABLE I.—Noninstrumental earthquake reports, December, 1919.

Day.	Approximate time, Greenwich civil.	Station.	Approximate latitude.	Approximate longitude.	Intensity Rossi-Forst.	Number of shocks.	Duration.	Sounds.	Remarks.	Observer.
CALIFORNIA.										
1919.	<i>H. m.</i>		<i>° ' "</i>	<i>° ' "</i>			<i>Sec.</i>			
Dec. 5	10 34	San Francisco.....	37 48	122 26	4	1	.....	None.....	Felt by many.....	U. S. Weather Bureau.
11	23 29	Santa Cruz.....	36 55	123 00	5	1	.....	do.....	Felt by several.....	W. R. Springer.
		Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 53	4	1	.....	do.....	do.....	F. H. McCullagh.
12	5 38	Aguanga.....	33 30	117 09	2	1	2.....	do.....	Short and sharp.....	A. J. Berg.
18	7 15	Paso Robles.....	35 40	120 45	3	1	.....	do.....	Felt by several.....	Mrs. A. Z. Campbell.
20	9 30	Santa Rosa.....	38 30	122 45	4	1	.....	do.....	do.....	Press report.
OREGON.										
26	6 00	Bullrun.....	45 30	122 12	4	.....	.....	None.....	Men awakened; shocks throughout night.	

CORRIGENDUM.

REVIEW, August, 1919, page 601:

In the record of the quake on August 18, it should have been reported from 17 to 18 hours ca. instead of from 5 to 6 hours.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, December, 1919.

(Time used: Mean Greenwich, midnight to midnight. Nomenclature: International.)

[For significance of symbols see REVIEW for January, 1919, p. 59.]

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
Alabama. <i>Mobile. Spring Hill College. Seismic Observatory.</i> Cyril Ruhiman, S. J.								
Lat., 30° 41' 44" N.; long., 88° 08' 48" W. Elevation, 90 meters.								
Instrument: Wiechert 80 kg.; astatic, horizontal pendulum.								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>Km.</i>	
Dec. 5.			0 19 22	12	.....	.....	.....	N component un-damped.
			9 20 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	E only a trace.
			L?..... 0 22 46	6	.....	.....	.....
			F..... 0 46 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
* Trace amplitude.								
Alaska. <i>Sitka. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.</i> F. P. Ulrich.								
Lat., 57° 03' 00" N.; long., 135° 30' 03" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\sqrt{\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10}}$								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>Km.</i>	
Dec. 15.			eP _s 1 10 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	Felt at Juneau.
			eP _N 1 10 23	.....	.....	.....	.....
			M _s 1 11 02	5	10	10	.....
			F _s 1 12 23	.....	.....	.....	.....
			F _N 1 11 31	.....	.....	.....	.....

Date.	Char-acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis-tance.	Remarks.
					A _s	A _N		
Arizona. <i>Tucson. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.</i> Wm. H. Cullum.								
Lat., 32° 14' 48" N.; long., 110° 50' 08" W. Elevation, 769.6 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori, 10 and 12 kg.								
Instrumental constants. $\sqrt{\frac{V}{N} \frac{T_0}{10}}$								
1919.			<i>H. m. s.</i>	<i>Sec.</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>μ</i>	<i>Km.</i>	
Dec. 18.			eP _s 1 24 43	.....	.....	.....	.....
			eP _N 1 24 40	3	.....	.....	.....
			L _s 1 26 13	.....	.....	.....	.....
			L _N 1 29 09	.....	.....	.....	.....
			M _s 1 29 44	.....	20	.....	.....
			M _N 1 29 40	4	.....	30	.....
			C _s 1 33	5	.....	.....	.....
			C _N 1 31	.....	.....	.....	.....
			F _s 1 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
			F _N 1 33	.....	.....	.....	.....
California. <i>Berkeley. University of California.</i> (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								
California. <i>Mount Hamilton. Lick Observatory.</i> (See Bulletin of the Seismographic Stations, University of California.)								
California. <i>Point Loma. Raja Yoga Academy. F. J. Dick.</i> (Report for December, 1919, not received.)								

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, December, 1919.—Continued.

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

California. *Santa Clara. University of Santa Clara. J. S. Ricard, S. J.*
(See Record of the Seismographic Station. University of Santa Clara.)

Colorado. *Denver. Sacred Heart College. Earthquake Station. A. W. Forstall, S. J.*

Lat., 39° 40' 36" N.; long., 104° 56' 54" W. Elevation, 1,655 meters.
Instrument: Wiechert, 80 kg., astatic, horizontal pendulum.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Dec. 2.	L _m	14 44					Very distinct sinusoidal on E-W. Recurs during day.
	F _m	17 30					
12.	L _m	14 20					Distinct but irregular wavelets at intervals.
	F _m	16 50					
18.	P _m	1 29		4	*2,500		Second P. not discernible.
	M _m	1 31					
	C _m	1 35					
	F _m	1 38					
22.	L _m	2 08					Very small but distinct sinusoidal recurring at intervals.
	F _m	3 50					
23.							Activity at intervals during day.
24.							

* Trace amplitude.

District of Columbia. *Washington. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 38° 54' 12" N.; long., 77° 03' 03" W. Elevation, 21 meters.

Instrument: Marvin (vertical pendulum), undamped. Mechanical registration.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{110} \frac{T_0}{6.4}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.
Dec. 5.	P	0 21 25				3,030
	S	0 26 05				
	F	0 45 ca.				
20.	eL	21 35	30			
	L	21 45	20			
	L	21 50	10			
	F	22 20 ca.				

District of Columbia. *Washington. Georgetown University. F. A. Tondorf, S. J.*

Lat., 38° 54' 25" N.; long., 77° 04' 24" W. Elevation, 42.4 meters. Subsoil: Decayed diorite.

Instruments: Wiechert 200 kg. astatic horizontal pendulum, 80 kg. vertical.

Instrumental constants. $\frac{V}{12} \frac{T_0}{80} \frac{\epsilon}{3.0^0 0}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Dec. 5.	eP	0 21 23					
	eS	0 25 00					
	F	0 49					
14.	L	2 15 to 2 24	9				Very heavy micros.
	F	2 42					
18.	C	1 26 37					Do.
	S _m	1 32 00					
	F	1 50					
20.	eL	21 35 00					
	L	21 41 16	16				
	F	22 14					

Date.	Character.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Distance.	Remarks.
					A _m	A _N		

Hawaii. *Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.*

Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.

Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Association.

Instrumental constant... $\frac{T_0}{18.4}$ Sensitivity, 0.40".

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Dec. 11.	P	23 29 54					
	eL	23 31 30					
	M	23 33 06	18	*700			
	C	23 36 36					
	F	24 15					
12.	P	4 00 48	14				Phases not consistent.
	E?	4 04 24	20				
	eL	4 09 54					
	M	4 16 06	18	*100			
	C	4 18					
	F	4 23					
14.	P	1 26 18	17				
	E	1 33 48	17				
	eL	1 38 30					
	M	1 51 06	15	*300			
	C	1 54					
	F	2 31					
17.	P	23 55 54					
	L	24 00 00					
18.	M	24 04 24	10	*300			
	C	24 08	20				
	F	24 34					
20.	eP	20 01 12	19				P confused by air tremors.
	L	20 16 54					
	M	20 23 30	15	*300			
	C	20 34	20				
20.	eP	20 58 48	17				P confused by end of previous quake.
	L	21 22 39					
	M	21 27 30	15	*1,000			
	C	21 36	18				
	F	23 26					

* Trace amplitude.

Illinois. *Chicago. University of Chicago. U. S. Weather Bureau.*

Lat., 41° 47' N.; long., 87° 37' W. Elevation, 180.1 meters.

Instruments: Two Milne-Shaw horizontal pendulums, 0.45 kg.

Instrumental constants... $\frac{V}{150} \frac{T_0}{8} \frac{\epsilon}{20:1}$ Sensitivity. $\frac{1''}{1''}$ arc tilt=26.6 mm. $\frac{1''}{1''}$ arc tilt=13.2 mm.

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	Km.	
Dec. 5.	P	0 25 10				2,440	
	S	0 25 09					
	L	0 30	30				
	F	1 ca.					
14.	eL	2					
	L	2	18				
	L	2 16	15				
	F	2 50 ca.					
18.	P	1 26 06					
	S	1 30 30					
	L?	1 33 00					
	F	2 ca.					
20.	eL	20 29					
	L	20 35	26				
	L	20 44	15				
	F						
20.	eL	21 17		ca 26			Lost in micros.
	L	21 20 30	ca 30				
	L	21 35	28				
	L	21 40	24				
	L	21 47	15				
	F	23 10 ca.					
26.	eL?	17					
	L	17 03 30	22				
	L	17 14	10				
	F	17 40 ca.					
27.	eL	21 13	18				
	L	21 21	16				
	F	22 ca.					

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, December, 1919—Continued.

Date.	Char. acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _A	A _B		
Kansas. <i>Lawrence. University of Kansas. Department of Physics and Astronomy. F. B. Kester.</i> (Report for December, 1919, not received.)								
Maryland. <i>Cheltenham. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. George Hartnell.</i> (No earthquake recorded during December, 1919.)								
Massachusetts. <i>Cambridge. Harvard University Seismographic Station. J. B. Woodworth.</i> (Report for December, 1919, not received.)								
Missouri. <i>Saint Louis. St. Louis University. Geophysical Observa- tory. J. B. Goesse, S. J.</i> (Report for December, 1919, not received.)								
New York. <i>Buffalo. Canisius College. John A. Curtin, S. J.</i> (Report for December, 1919, not received.)								

New York. *Ithaca. Cornell University. Heinrich Ries.*
 Lat., 42° 28' 38" N.; long., 76° 29' 09" W. Elevation, 242.6 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori 25 kg. horizontal pendulums (mechanical registration).

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 & \epsilon \\ \{E & 13 & 22 & 4.1 \\ & N & 14 & 25 & 4.1 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Dec. 5	ca.	0 23 45	4			
	ca.	0 27 56	4			
	ca.	0 27 58	5			
	F.	0 50				
14	eL	2 18 30	18			
	F.	2 30				
20	L	21 34 30	38			
	L	21 43 27	22			
	F.	22 03				

New York. *New York. Fordham University. D. H. Sullivan, S. J.*
 (Report for December, 1919, not received.)

Panama, Canal Zone. *Balboa Heights. Governor, Panama Canal.*
 (Report for December, 1919, not received.)

Porto Rico. *Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.*
 Lat., 18° 09' N.; long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 13.8 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch-Omori.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ \{E & 10 & 17 \\ & N & 19 & 19 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.
Dec. 5	P ₀	0 20 59	5			
	eS ₀	0 24 39				
	eN	0 25 35				
	eL	0 25 53				
	eL	0 33 00				
	M	0 25 59	13	*25		
	M	0 23 30	15		*20	
	F	0 36				
	F	0 35				

* Trace amplitude.

Vermont. *Northfield. U. S. Weather Bureau. Wm. A. Shaw.*
 (No earthquake recorded during December, 1919.)

Canada. *Ottawa. Dominion Astronomical Observatory. Earthquake Station. Otto Klotz.*
 Lat., 45° 23' 38" N.; long., 75° 42' 57" W. Elevation, 83 meters.
 Instruments: Two Bosch photographic horizontal pendulum, one Spindler & Hoyer 80 kg. vertical seismograph.

Instrumental constants. $\begin{matrix} V & T_0 \\ 120 & 26 \end{matrix}$

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.
Dec. 5	O?	0 14 33				4,400?	
	P?	0 22 20					
	P	0 23 38					
	S	0 23 30					
	F	0 34 12					
14	L	2 17 to 2 30	16				S and L from the Deformation Instrument with a scale of 18 mm/hr.
	F	2 40					N-S masked by micros.
20	eL	21 28 to 21 40	40				N-S masked by very heavy micros. The record appears to be that of a severe quake at a distant epicentre.
	L	21 42	17				
	L	21 50	15				
	L	21 59	12				
	F	22 25					

Canada. *Toronto. Dominion Meteorological Service.*
 Lat., 43° 40' 01" N.; long., 79° 23' 54" W. Elevation, 113.7 meters. Subsoil: Sand and clay.
 Instrument: Milne horizontal pendulum, North; in the meridian.

Instrumental constant. 13. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom = 0.45".

1919.		H. m. s.	Sec.	μ	μ	km.	Remarks.	
Dec. 3							Marked micros when other station records quake.	
5	L	0 47 42					Phases masked by micros.	
12	L	4 32 18			*100		Small micros going on.	
	L	4 34 00						
14	eL	0 58 54			*200			
	F	1 04 18						
14	L	1 37 36			*100			
14	L	2 13 30					Earthquakes reported from Alaska on the 14th.	
	eL	2 15 42						
	M	2 17 24			*300			
	eL	2 19 30						
	F	2 35 48						
14	L	3 23 00						
	L	3 26 30			*100			
	L	3 45 54						
13	L	20 18 30						
	F	20 22 30			*50			
17	L	0 21 42			*50		Micros.	
	F							
20	eL	21 03 30					Marked micros render measurements doubtful.	
	P?	21 05 42						
	S?	21 19 06						
	L	21 29 48						
	eL	21 41 00			*500	9,280		
	M	21 44 06						
	eL	21 51 06						
	eL	22 06 42						
	F							
	F							
21	L	18 43 54			*200		Micros going on.	
23	eL	0 22 36					Small micros going on.	
	L	0 26 43			*100			
28	L	17 16 12					Thickening.	
	eL	17 19 36						
	M	17 22 18			*200			
28	F						Light turned down at 17 h 37 m.	
	F							

* Trace amplitude.

TABLE 2.—Instrumental seismological reports, December, 1919—Con.

Date.	Char. actor.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
				A _A	A _B		
Canada. Victoria, B. C. Dominion Meteorological Service.							
Lat., 48° 24' N.; long., 123° 19' W. Elevation, 67.7 meters. Subsoil: Rock.							
Instrument: Wiechert, vertical: Milne horizontal pendulum, North: in the meridian.							
Instrumental constant. .18. Pillar deviation, 1 mm. swing of boom=0.54".							
1919.							
Dec. 3.	P	2 26 55				215	Off Pt. Estevan.
	L	2 26 55					Felt there and at
	M	2 27 25		*100			Alert Bay Wire-
	F	2 30 21					less Station.
VERTICAL.							
	P	2 21 55	2.5				
	L	2 25 55	3				
	M	2 26 45					
	F	2 31 39					
5.	P	0 32 28					
	S	0 37 03					
	L	0 41 29					
	M	0 43 56		*200		2,760	
	F	0 55 44					
12.	P	4 22 16					
	M	4 26 42		*200			
	F	4 35 03					
14.	P	1 32 02					
	S	1 39 24					
	M	2 00 04		*200			
	F	2 29 05					
14.	M	3 34 29		*50			
15.	P?	20 16 59					
	M	20 18 57		*200			
	F	20 25 50					
18.	P?	0 12 21					
	M	0 20 13		*50			
	F	0 25 08					
18.	P	1 34 58					
	L	1 38 54					
	M	1 41 21		*300			
	F	1 49 43					
20.	P	21 00 50					Marked micros
	S	21 06 18					from 20h 29m to
	L	21 15 43					20h 44m.
	M	21 29 36		*500		3,670	
	L	21 38 50					
	L	22 14 20					
	F	22 43 28					
21.	M	18 55 28		*50			May not be seismic.
23.	P	0 23 38					
	M	0 32 59		*100			
	F	0 41 20					
25.	P	16 55 38					
	M	17 01 24		*100			
	F	17 09 51					

SEISMOLOGICAL DISPATCHES.¹

London, December 3, 1919.

A serious earthquake occurred in western Asia Minor on Thursday, seven villages in the district of Soma and Balikeari being destroyed, according to advices received here from Constantinople. Many persons were killed and injured, it is stated.—Associated Press.

Juneau, Alaska, December 14, 1919.

Juneau and vicinity were rocked at 4:10 p. m. to-day by one of the heaviest earthquakes experienced here in years. Buildings were badly shaken, but no material

¹ Reported by the organization indicated and collected by the seismological station at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.

damage has been reported. It is believed the shocks centered about the Katmai Volcano, near Kodiak, and that the volcano may be in eruption again.—Associated Press.

TABLE 3.—Late reports. (Instrumental.)

Date.	Char- acter.	Phase.	Time.	Period T.	Amplitude.		Dis- tance.	Remarks.
					A _B	A _M		
Hawaii. Honolulu. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. Frank Neumann.								
Lat., 21° 19' 12" N.; long., 158° 03' 48" W. Elevation, 15.2 meters.								
Instrument: Milne seismograph of the Seismological Committee of the British Associa- tion.								
Instrumental constant. .18.4. Sensitiveness 0.40 arc tilt-1 mm.								
1919.								
Nov. 5	P							
	eL			16				
	M			15	*100			
	C							
	F							
6	L			17 32 00				
	M				*100			
	F			17 44				
18	eP			4 22 54				Hourly time breaks
	L			4 32 24				missing; time in-
	M			4 30 18		*300		terpolated for an
	C			4 55				interval of 25
	F			5 16		19		hours.
18	P			23 00 24		15		
	L			23 05 00				
	M			23 11 00		*200		
	C			23 19		18		
	F			23 26				
20	iP			14 19 48		19		
	S			14 27 18				
	SR			14 32 00		14		Very sharply de-
	L			14 38 42				ined.
	M			14 42 42		16	*1,000	
	C			14 48		16		
	F			15 36		20		
23	eP			6 17 42		18		Phases indefinite.
	eS			6 23 48				
	L			6 30 30				
	M			6 35 00		17	*700	
	C			6 42		19		
	F			7 25		17		
26	e			8 30 30				
	M			8 31 00		*50		
	F			8 34				
* Trace amplitude.								
Porto Rico. Vieques. Magnetic Observatory. U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey. W. M. Hill.								
Lat., 19° 09' N.; Long., 65° 27' W. Elevation, 19.8 meters.								
Instruments: Two Bosch-Omorl.								
Instrumental constants. (E 10, N 10, V 10, T ₂ 19)								
1919.								
Nov. 6	P							
	S			7 15 00				Beginning of a
	L			7 16 23				series of waves
	L			7 17 27				of small ampli-
	L			7 17 19				tude and period
	M			7 18 05		14	*50	about 1s.
	M			7 18 02				
	C			7 20				
	F			7 24				
8	eP			3 44 39				Felt in several
	eP			3 45 18		*10		in Porto Rico.
	F			3 47				
22	P			1 09 02				
	P			1 08 42				
	M			1 09 43		5	*20	
	M			1 10 00				
	F			1 14				

* Trace amplitude.

EARTHQUAKES FELT IN THE UNITED STATES DURING 1919.

(Consult also Chart XVII in this issue.)

By W. J. HUMPHREYS, Professor in Charge of Seismological Investigations.

[Dated, Weather Bureau, Washington, Feb. 3, 1920.]

During the year 1919, 86 separate earthquakes strong enough to be noticeable to the senses were reported from different parts of the continental United States, as listed in the accompanying table, and graphically represented (a dot for each report) on Chart XVII at the end of this issue of the REVIEW.

Earthquakes of moderate intensities, V-VI (adapted Rossi-Forel scale), accompanied by slight damage or none at all, occurred in Arkansas on November 3; in California on January 25, February 10, 16, 19, 25, March 27, May 2, June 21, 24, July 20, September 12, 15, October 1, 2, and November 25; in Indiana on May 25; in Kansas on May 27; in New Mexico on February 1; and in Virginia on September 5.

The Virginia earthquake, of greatest intensity in the vicinity of Front Royal, Va., is fully treated in the MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW for November, 1919, page 839.

Places in the United States reporting earthquakes during 1919.

(Consult also Chart XVII in this issue.)

Place.	Approximate latitude N.	Approximate longitude W.	Number of quakes reported.
ARIZONA.			
Flagstaff.....	35 12	111 37	1
ARKANSAS.			
Ravenden.....	36 30	91 11	1
CALIFORNIA.			
Aguanga.....	33 30	117 00	1
Amos.....	33 05	115 16	3
Anderson.....	40 30	122 22	1
Bakersfield.....	35 22	119 00	2
Barrett.....	32 43	118 40	2
Berkeley.....	37 52	122 16	3
Bishop.....	32 22	118 24	1
Brawley.....	32 59	115 40	2
Calexico.....	32 41	115 30	23
Centerville.....	37 30	122 00	1
Corona.....	33 52	117 35	1
Eureka.....	40 45	124 10	6
Fairmont.....	34 15	118 25	1
Glennville.....	35 45	118 42	2
Hemet.....	33 45	118 45	2
Idria.....	36 24	120 42	1
Imperial.....	32 50	115 35	1
Kennett.....	40 45	122 24	3
Lindsay.....	36 13	119 06	1
Livermore.....	37 40	121 45	1
Lone Pine.....	36 37	118 01	5
Lonoak.....	36 20	120 55	1
Los Angeles.....	34 03	118 15	1
Los Gatos.....	37 12	121 58	2
Lucerne Valley.....	34 27	116 57	1

Places in the United States reporting earthquakes during 1919—Con.

Place.	Approximate latitude N.	Approximate longitude W.	Number of quakes reported.
CALIFORNIA—continued.			
Maricopa.....	35 05	119 23	3
Napa.....	38 18	122 20	2
Ojai.....	34 25	119 12	4
Oak Grove.....	33 26	116 51	1
Oakland.....	37 48	122 15	2
Paso Robles.....	35 40	120 45	1
Pasadena.....	38 23	122 48	1
Petaluma.....	38 15	122 38	2
Point Reyes.....	38 02	122 59	1
Redding.....	40 35	122 25	1
Redlands.....	34 04	117 12	1
Riverside.....	33 58	117 21	1
Salinas.....	36 36	121 40	3
St. Helena.....	38 41	122 30	1
San Diego.....	32 43	117 10	1
San Francisco.....	37 48	122 26	4
San Jose.....	37 15	121 53	1
San Luis Obispo.....	35 18	120 39	3
San Pedro.....	32 45	118 14	2
Santa Barbara.....	34 23	119 40	1
Santa Cruz.....	36 55	122 00	1
Santa Rosa.....	38 30	122 45	1
Spockles.....	36 35	121 36	1
Springville.....	39 07	118 50	1
Squirrel Inn.....	34 07	117 19	1
Stanford Univ.....	37 26	122 12	2
Vallejo.....	38 07	122 18	1
ILLINOIS.			
McLeansboro.....	38 07	88 33	1
Cairo.....	37 00	89 10	1
Mount Carmel.....	38 25	87 48	1
Olney.....	38 05	88 07	1
Springfield.....	39 48	89 39	1
INDIANA.			
Bonneville.....	38 04	87 16	1
Evansville.....	37 58	87 33	1
Mount Vernon.....	37 59	87 54	1
New Harmony.....	38 08	85 56	1
Petersburg.....	38 31	87 15	1
Princeton.....	38 23	87 34	1
Vincennes.....	38 42	87 32	1
Washington.....	38 40	87 11	1
KANSAS.			
Wichita.....	37 41	97 20	2
KENTUCKY.			
Hickman.....	36 34	89 12	4
Bardwell.....	36 52	89 01	1
Louisville.....	38 15	85 45	1
Taylorville.....	38 02	85 21	1
MISSOURI.			
New Madrid.....	36 35	89 32	1
NEW MEXICO.			
Socorro.....	34 08	106 48	1
OREGON.			
Bullrun.....	45 30	122 12	1
TENNESSEE.			
Tiptonville.....	36 24	89 30	1
UTAH.			
Moroni.....	39 32	111 30	1
VIRGINIA.			
Front Royal.....	38 55	78 10	1